

ALICE IN ADAMS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 28111 • **Number of Households:** 10,885

Median Household Income: 34,709 (state average: \$52,334)

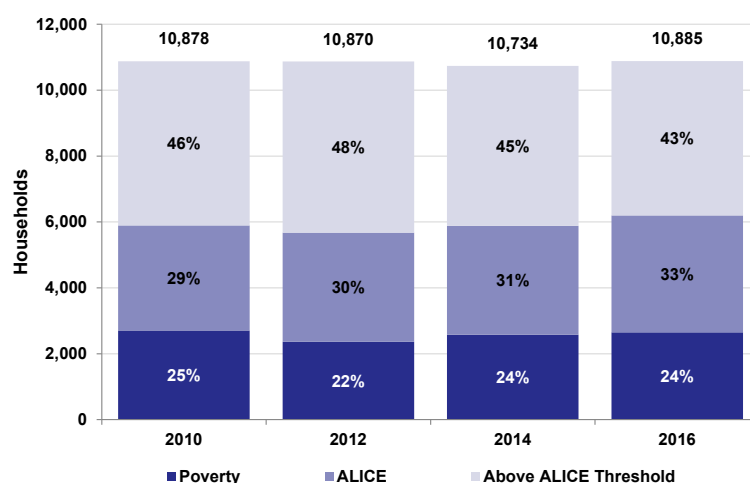
Unemployment Rate: 9.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 33% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 24% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

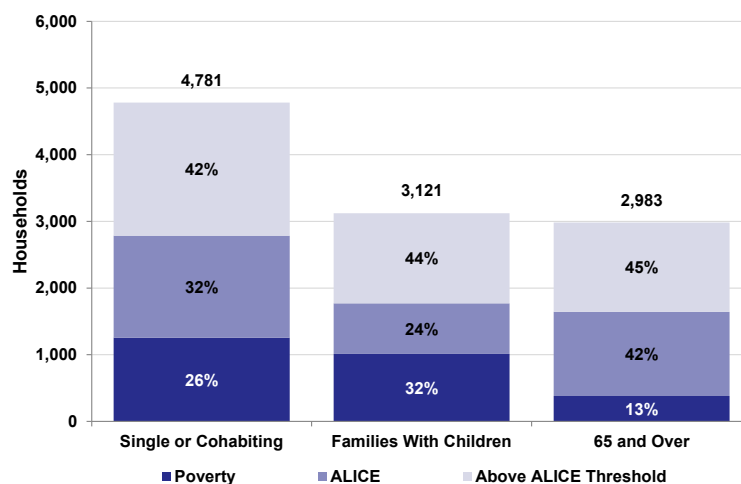
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Adams County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Adams County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bratton	570	52%
Brush Creek	419	65%
Franklin	464	56%
Green	306	62%
Jefferson	448	71%
Liberty	702	45%
Manchester	843	66%
Meigs	1,510	61%
Monroe	363	73%
Oliver	379	67%
Scott	722	50%
Sprigg	786	37%
Tiffin	2,202	62%
Wayne	498	48%
Winchester	673	48%

Note: Municipal-level data on this page is for County Subdivisions. Municipal-level data relies on 5-year averages and is not available for the smallest towns. Since there are missing geographies, totals will not match county-level numbers.

ALICE IN ALLEN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 103,742 • **Number of Households:** 39,982

Median Household Income: 47,592 (state average: \$52,334)

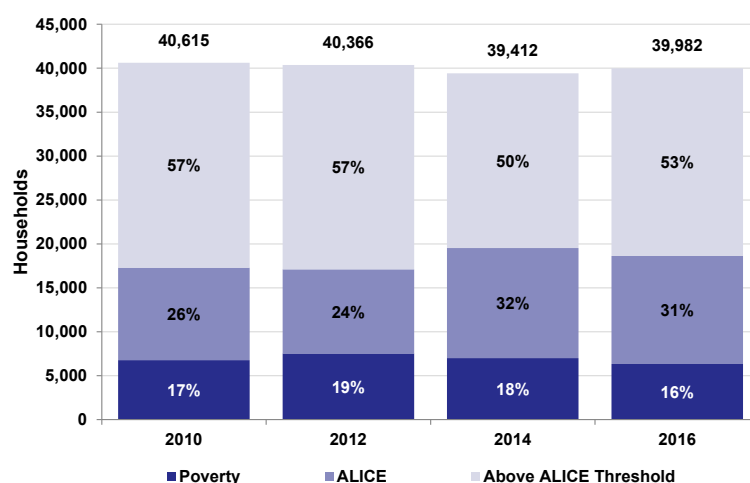
Unemployment Rate: 6.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

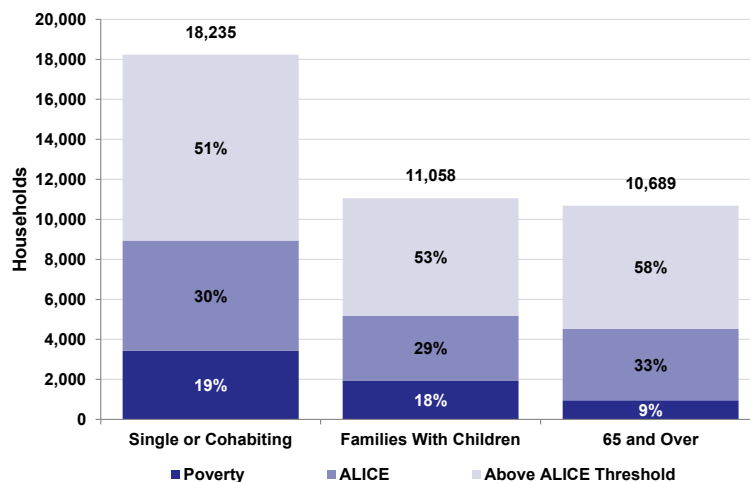
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

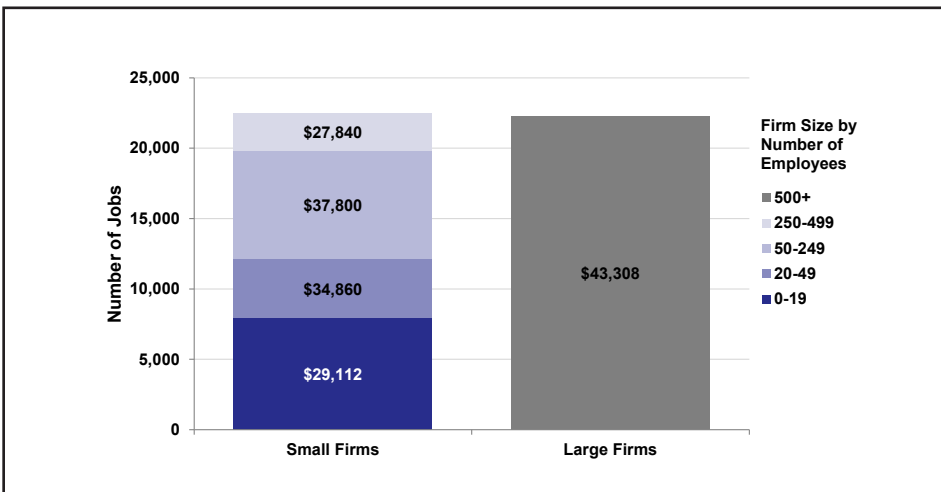
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Allen County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$505	\$678
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$476
Taxes	\$230	\$533
Monthly Total	\$1,689	\$5,237
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,268	\$62,844
Hourly Wage	\$10.13	\$31.42

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Allen County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Amanda	716	29%
American	5,878	40%
Auglaize	924	46%
Bath	3,630	49%
Jackson	1,113	29%
Lima city	14,051	66%
Marion	2,696	41%
Monroe	864	37%
Perry	1,377	53%
Richland	2,390	31%
Shawnee	4,760	30%
Spencer	1,160	51%
Sugar Creek	480	30%

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ALICE IN ASHLAND COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 53,343 • **Number of Households:** 20,391

Median Household Income: 48,509 (state average: \$52,334)

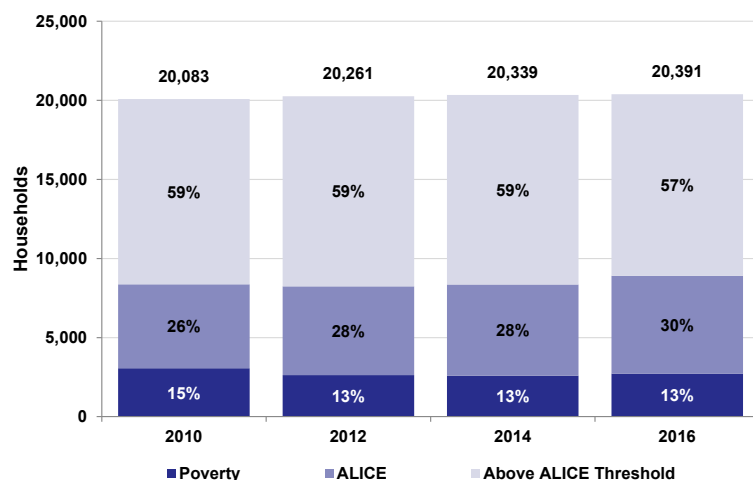
Unemployment Rate: 5.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

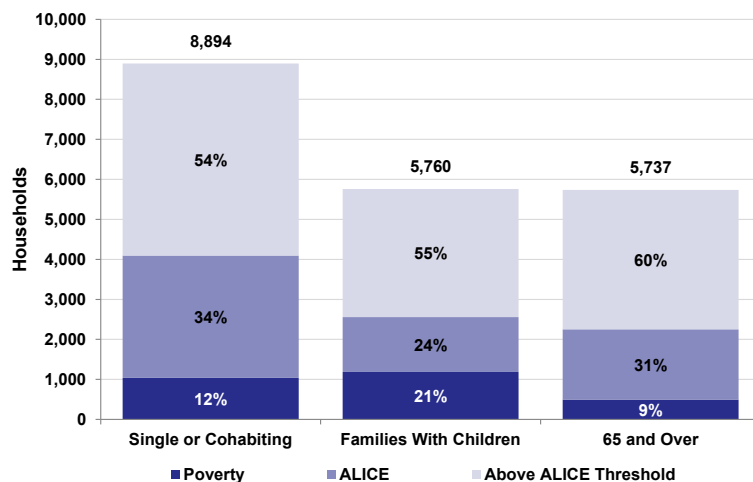
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Ashland County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$453	\$664
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$147	\$474
Taxes	\$217	\$529
Monthly Total	\$1,617	\$5,217
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,404	\$62,604
Hourly Wage	\$9.70	\$31.30

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Ashland County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Ashland city	8,201	53%
Clear Creek	630	36%
Green	1,484	51%
Hanover	1,088	47%
Jackson	1,277	38%
Lake	201	22%
Mifflin	475	28%
Milton	776	46%
Mohican	778	32%
Montgomery	1,024	24%
Orange	896	44%
Perry	872	35%
Ruggles	293	10%
Sullivan	877	36%
Troy	420	29%
Vermillion	1,099	36%

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ALICE IN ASHTABULA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 98,231 • **Number of Households:** 38,728

Median Household Income: 42,965 (state average: \$52,334)

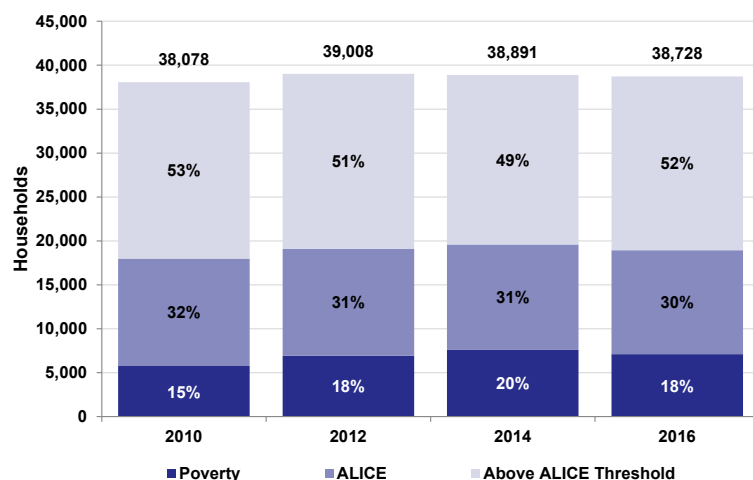
Unemployment Rate: 6.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 18% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

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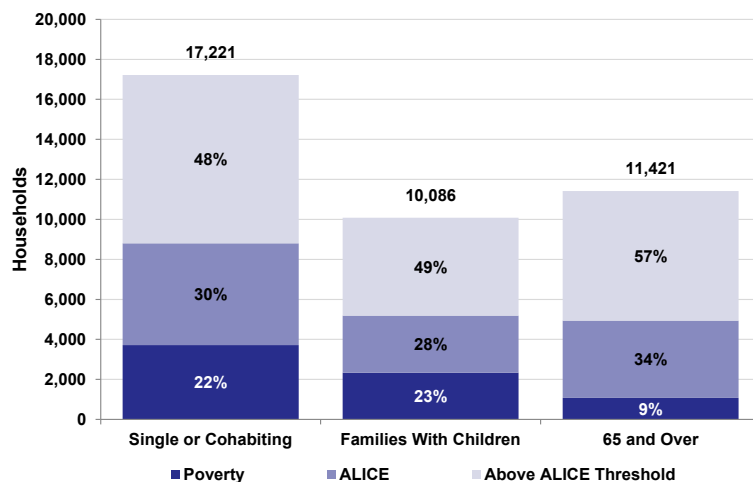
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

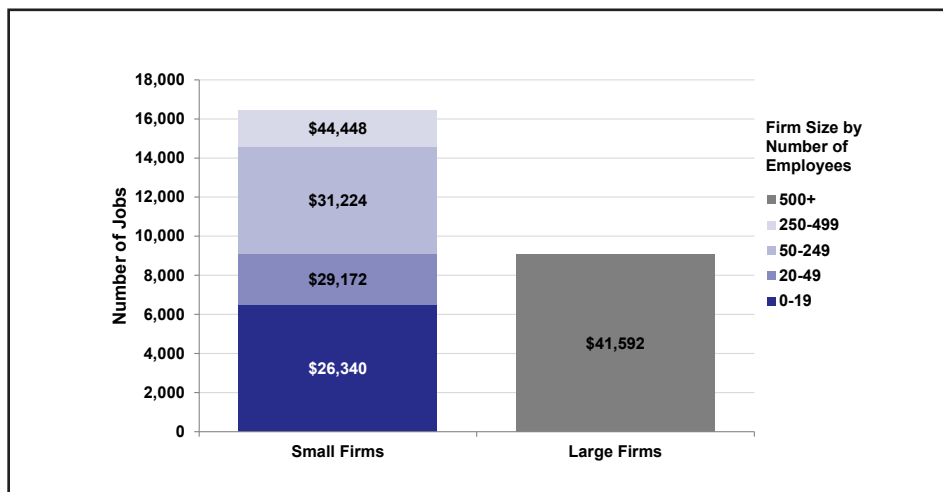
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Household Survival Budget, Ashtabula County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$474	\$712
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$150	\$481
Taxes	\$222	\$545
Monthly Total	\$1,646	\$5,288
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,752	\$63,456
Hourly Wage	\$9.88	\$31.73

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Ashtabula County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Andover	1,111	52%
Ashtabula	8,286	68%
Austinburg	834	42%
Cherry Valley	509	53%
Colebrook	337	55%
Conneaut city	4,799	58%
Denmark	333	34%
Dorset	309	65%
Geneva	4,493	52%
Harpersfield	986	35%
Hartsgrove	410	27%
Jefferson	1,895	43%
Kingsville	671	46%
Lenox	509	40%
Monroe	794	55%
Morgan	680	30%
New Lyme	358	40%
North Kingsville village	1,167	33%
Orwell	1,171	54%
Pierpont	370	46%
Plymouth	777	31%
Richmond	377	62%
Rome	889	40%
Saybrook	4,433	47%
Sheffield	489	24%
Trumbull	442	41%
Wayne	217	28%
Williamsfield	557	45%
Windsor	597	42%

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ALICE IN ATHENS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 66,186 • **Number of Households:** 21,732

Median Household Income: 36,193 (state average: \$52,334)

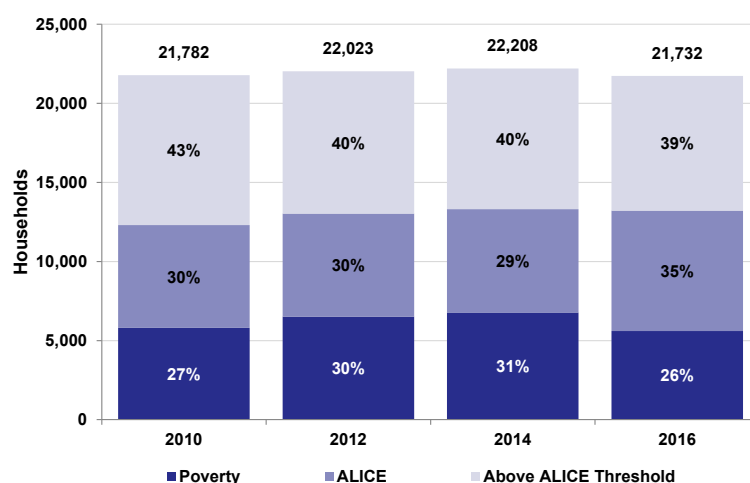
Unemployment Rate: 5.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 35% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 26% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

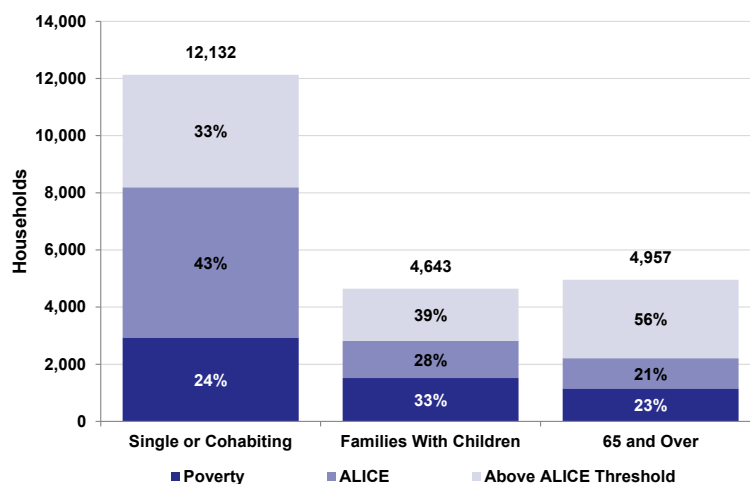
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

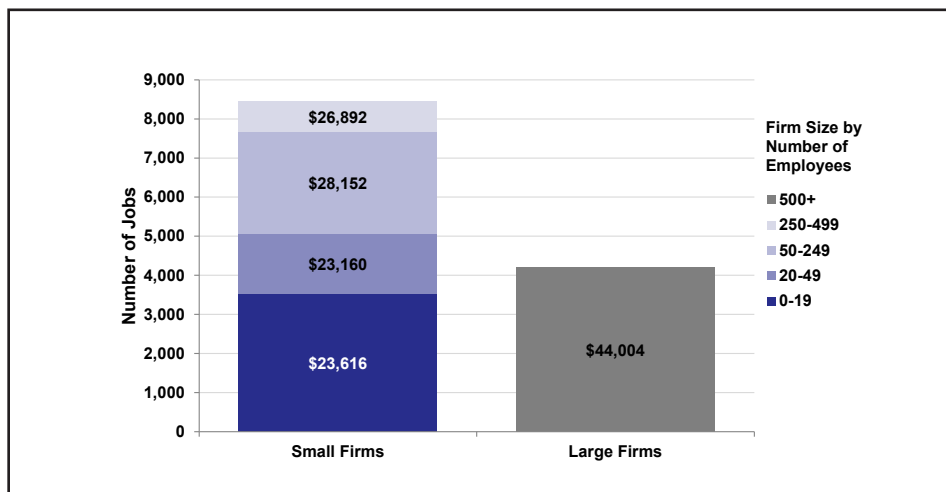
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Household Survival Budget, Athens County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$550	\$727
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$159	\$483
Taxes	\$244	\$550
Monthly Total	\$1,753	\$5,310
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$21,036	\$63,720
Hourly Wage	\$10.52	\$31.86

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



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Athens County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Alexander	1,142	56%
Ames	539	44%
Athens	9,252	68%
Bern	198	47%
Canaan	750	61%
Carthage	546	62%
Dover	1,520	70%
Lee	1,044	50%
Lodi	491	58%
Rome	485	51%
Trimble	1,605	70%
Troy	970	50%
Waterloo	1,072	65%
York	2,714	70%

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ALICE IN AUGLAIZE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 45,871 • **Number of Households:** 18,231

Median Household Income: \$55,914 (state average: \$52,334)

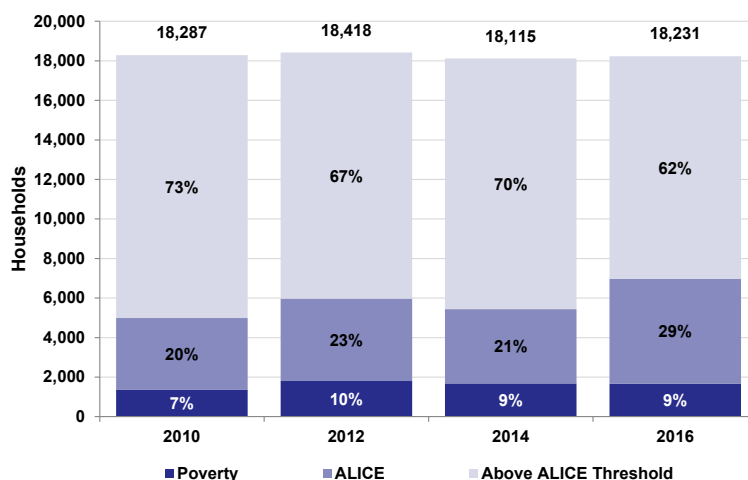
Unemployment Rate: 4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

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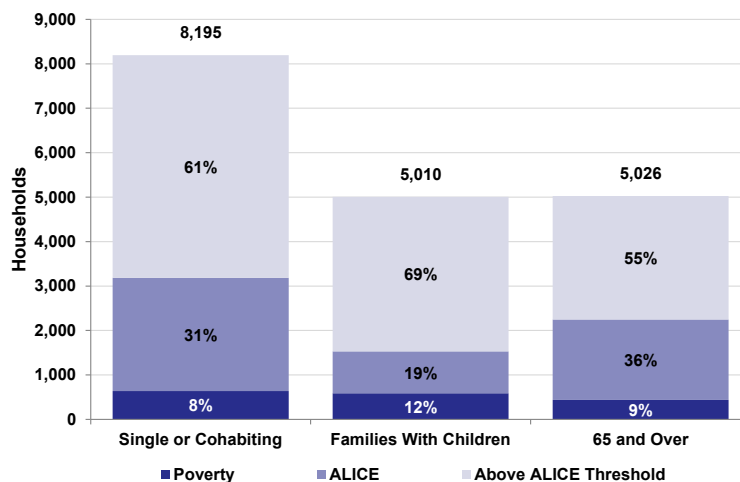
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

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Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

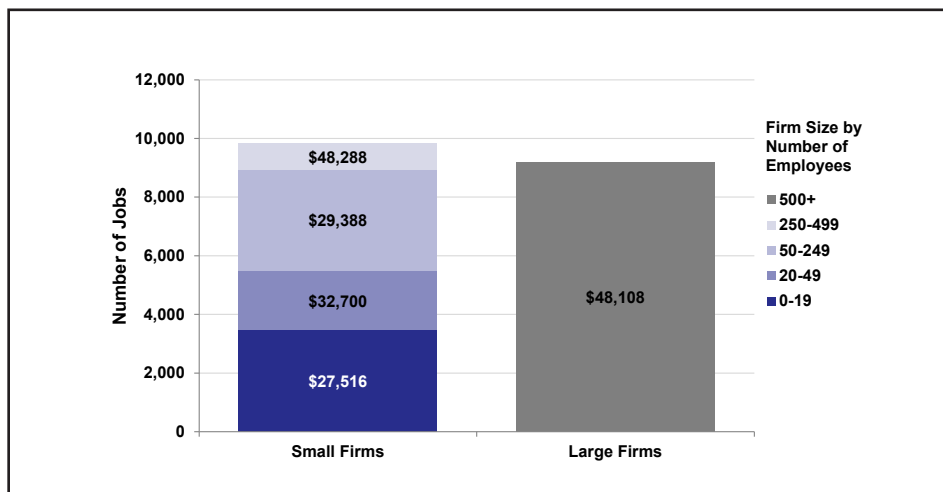
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Household Survival Budget, Auglaize County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$482	\$679
Child Care	\$-	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$151	\$531
Taxes	\$224	\$673
Monthly Total	\$1,657	\$5,845
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,884	\$70,140
Hourly Wage	\$9.94	\$35.07

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

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Auglaize County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Clay	288	20%
Duchouquet	5,867	43%
German	1,552	32%
Goshen	218	24%
Jackson	1,363	26%
Logan	476	29%
Moulton	569	33%
Noble	717	24%
Pusheta	491	29%
Salem	216	31%
St. Marys	4,449	48%
Union	724	34%
Washington	735	26%
Wayne	566	38%

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ALICE IN BELMONT COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 68673 • **Number of Households:** 27,240

Median Household Income: 48,220 (state average: \$52,334)

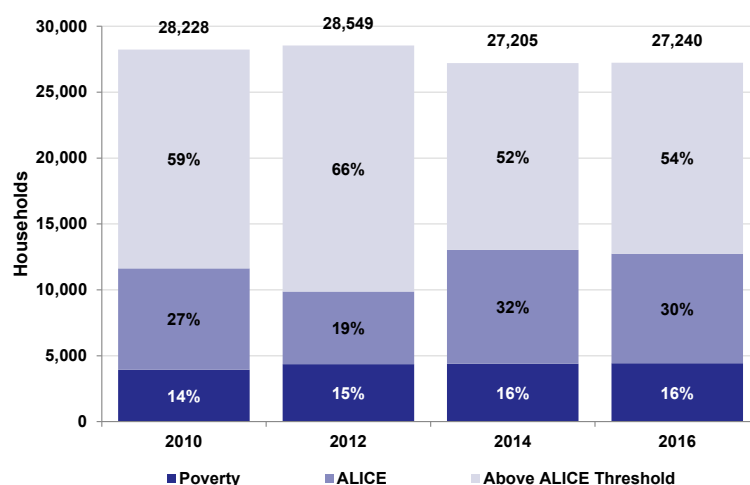
Unemployment Rate: 6.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

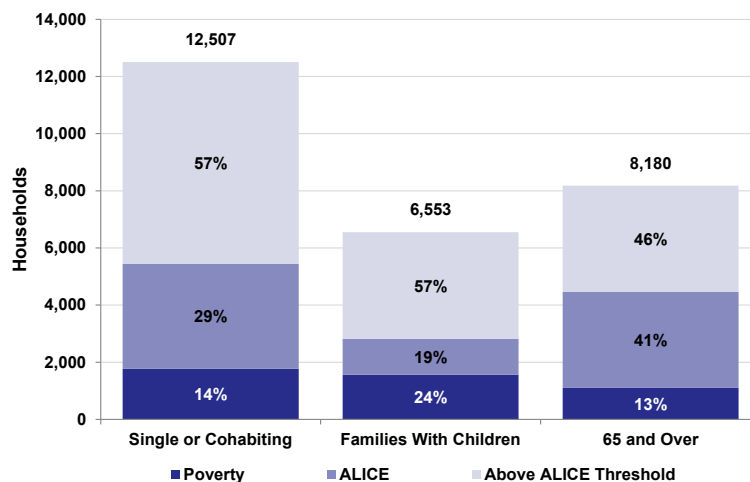
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

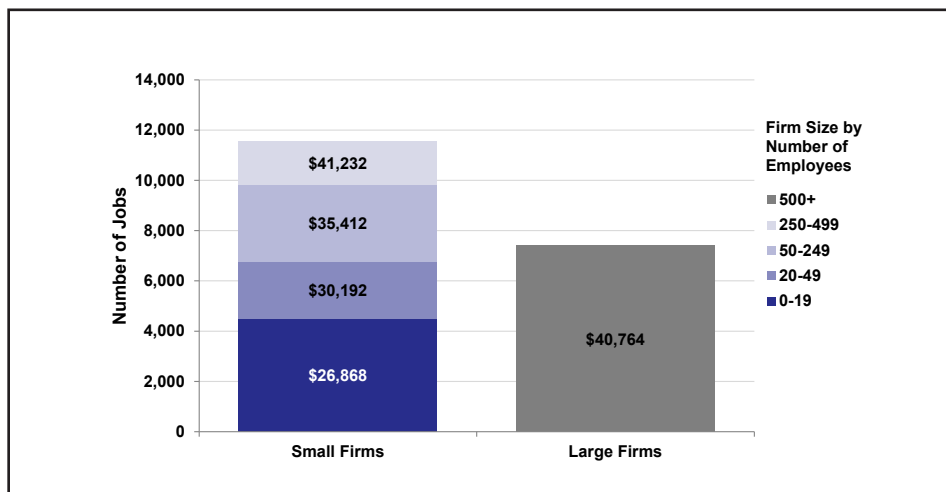
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Belmont County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$518	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$155	\$529
Taxes	\$234	\$666
Monthly Total	\$1,707	\$5,815
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,484	\$69,780
Hourly Wage	\$10.24	\$34.89

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Belmont County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Colerain	1,805	44%
Flushing	776	46%
Goshen	1,283	57%
Kirkwood	114	59%
Mead	2,540	44%
Pease	6,172	62%
Pultney	3,625	56%
Richland	4,908	35%
Smith	613	46%
Somerset	536	53%
Union	843	39%
Warren	2,295	55%
Washington	207	63%
Wayne	166	34%
Wheeling	673	40%
York	1,176	53%

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ALICE IN BROWN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 44059 • **Number of Households:** 17,047

Median Household Income: 47,999 (state average: \$52,334)

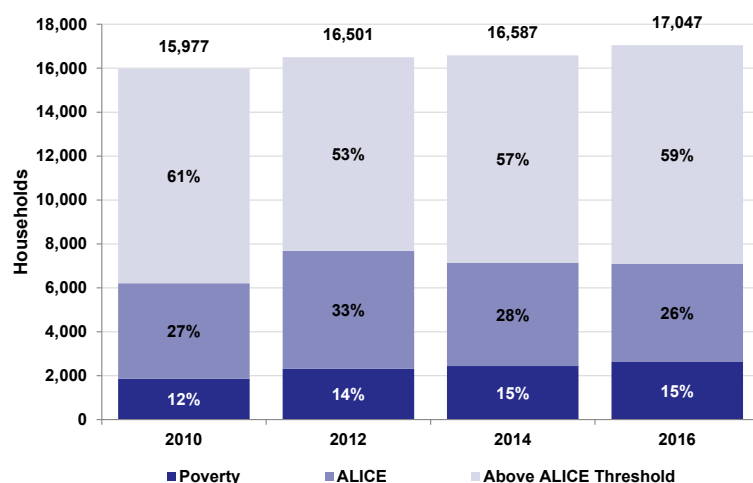
Unemployment Rate: 8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 26% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

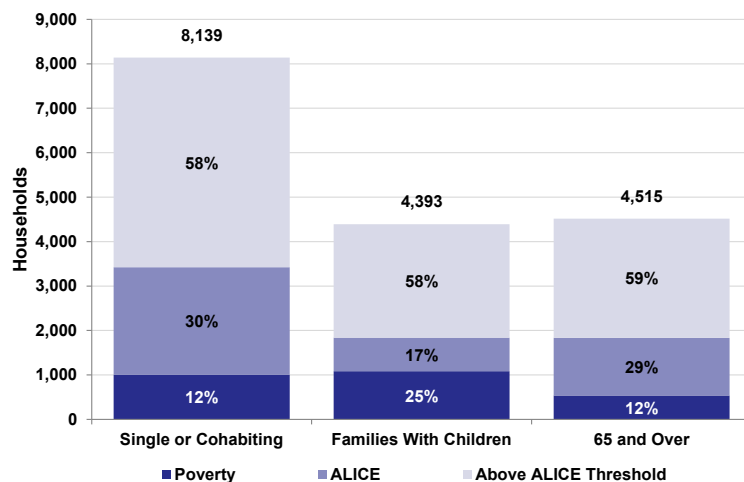
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

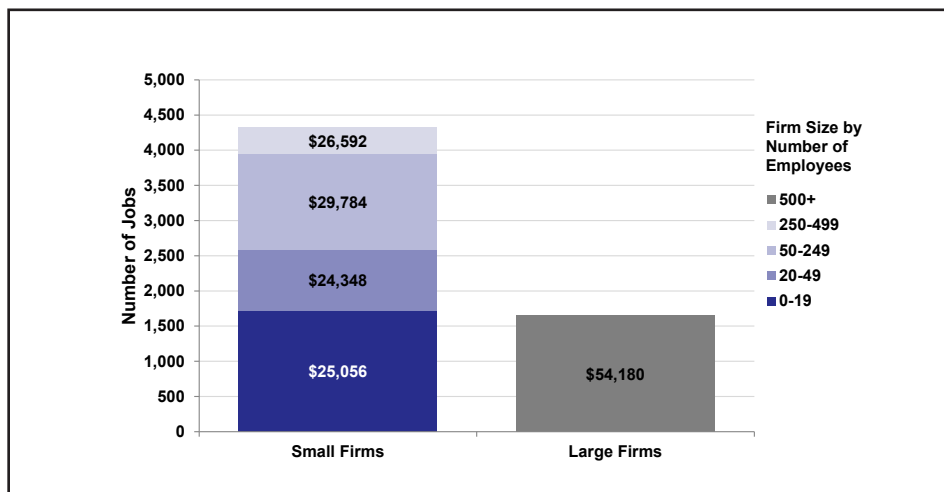
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Brown County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$439	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$145	\$448
Taxes	\$213	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,597	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,164	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.58	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Brown County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Byrd	360	22%
Clark	1,386	36%
Eagle	637	46%
Franklin	694	34%
Green	1,239	50%
Huntington	1,174	55%
Jackson	541	23%
Jefferson	446	36%
Lewis	999	38%
Perry	1,785	27%
Pike	1,536	37%
Pleasant	2,231	54%
Scott	372	31%
Sterling	1,571	37%
Union	1,199	56%
Washington	877	55%

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ALICE IN BUTLER COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 377,537 • **Number of Households:** 137,314

Median Household Income: 63,273 (state average: \$52,334)

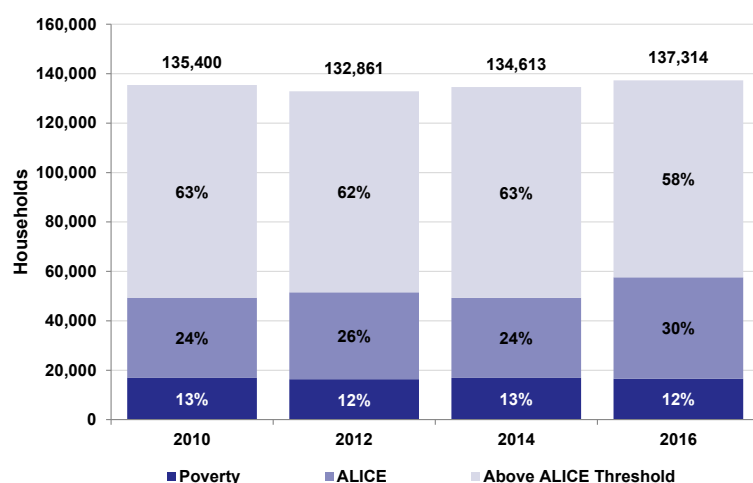
Unemployment Rate: 5.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

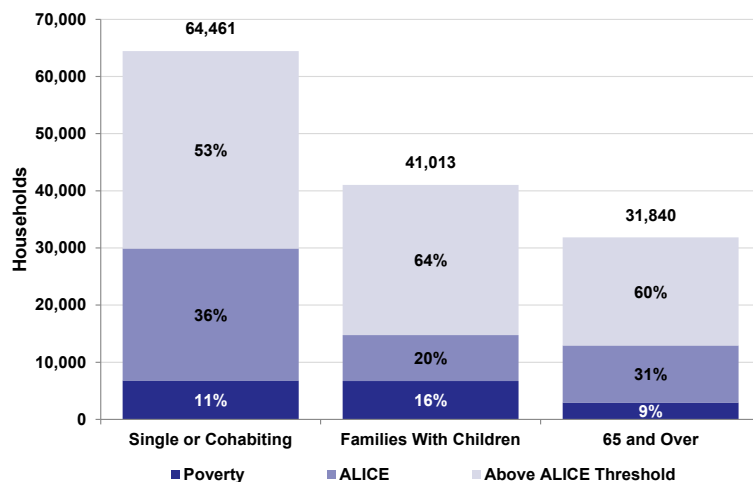
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

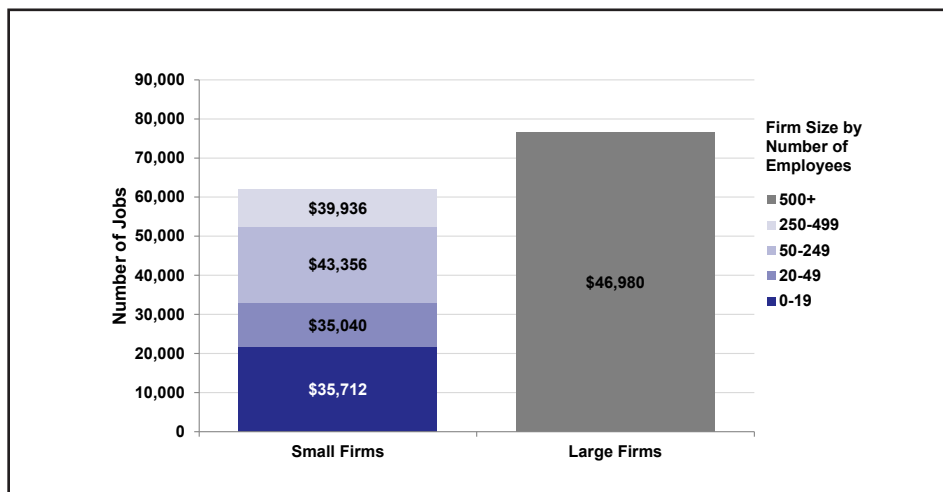
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Butler County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$509	\$787
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$546
Taxes	\$231	\$709
Monthly Total	\$1,694	\$6,004
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,328	\$72,048
Hourly Wage	\$10.16	\$36.02

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Butler County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Fairfield	7,514	26%
Fairfield city	16,824	43%
Hamilton city	24,325	61%
Hanover	2,882	31%
Lemon	5,134	36%
Liberty	11,531	19%
Madison	3,179	42%
Middletown city	18,539	67%
Milford	1,251	36%
Morgan	1,957	32%
Oxford	6,767	60%
Reily	1,086	38%
Ross	2,983	29%
St. Clair	2,577	50%
Trenton city	4,209	42%
Wayne	1,712	43%
West Chester	22,630	30%

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ALICE IN CARROLL COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 28,108 • **Number of Households:** 10,871

Median Household Income: 48,545 (state average: \$52,334)

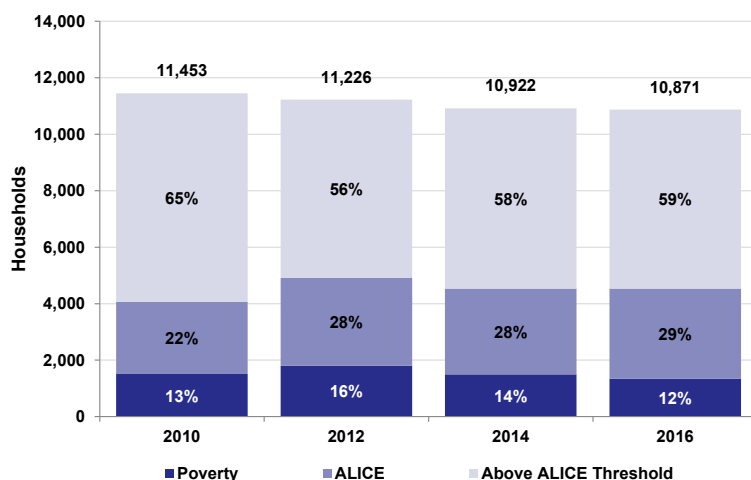
Unemployment Rate: 6.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

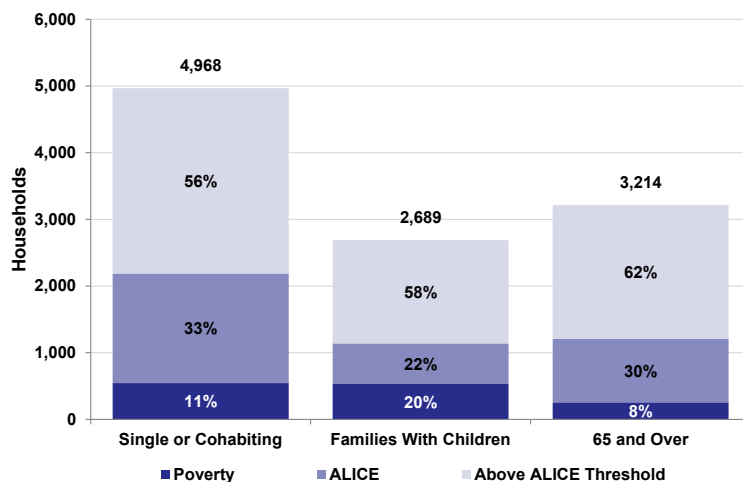
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

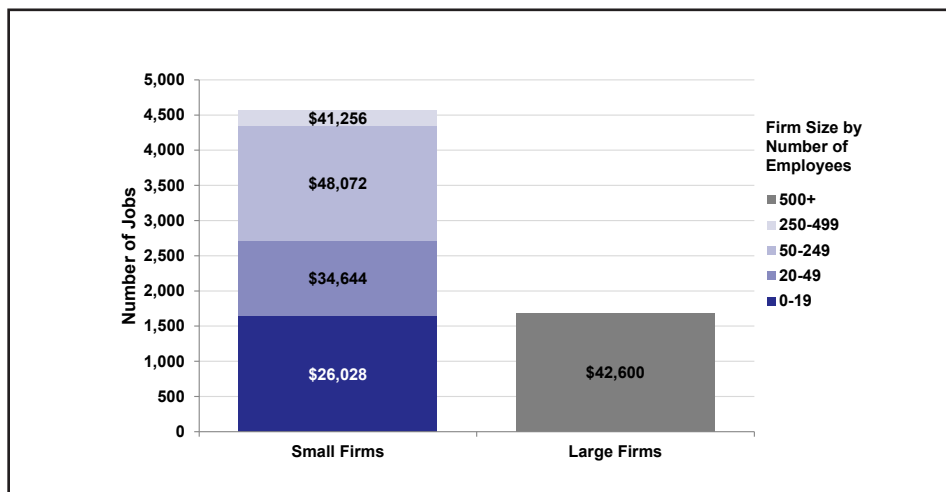
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Carroll County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$422	\$684
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$143	\$477
Taxes	\$208	\$535
Monthly Total	\$1,573	\$5,246
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,876	\$62,952
Hourly Wage	\$9.44	\$31.48

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Carroll County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Augusta	621	46%
Brown	2,980	44%
Center	1,873	44%
East	295	36%
Fox	341	48%
Harrison	894	37%
Lee	413	36%
Loudon	323	42%
Monroe	908	43%
Orange	524	34%
Perry	446	53%
Rose	543	28%
Union	321	39%
Washington	389	47%

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ALICE IN CHAMPAIGN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 39,175 • **Number of Households:** 15,162

Median Household Income: 53,673 (state average: \$52,334)

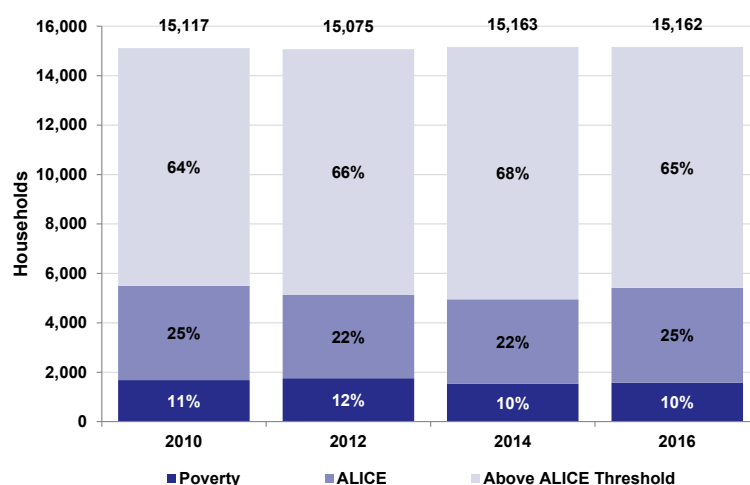
Unemployment Rate: 7.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 10% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

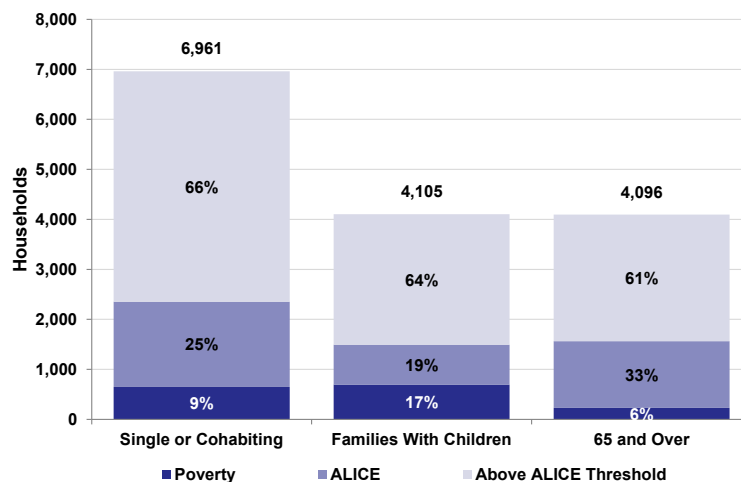
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

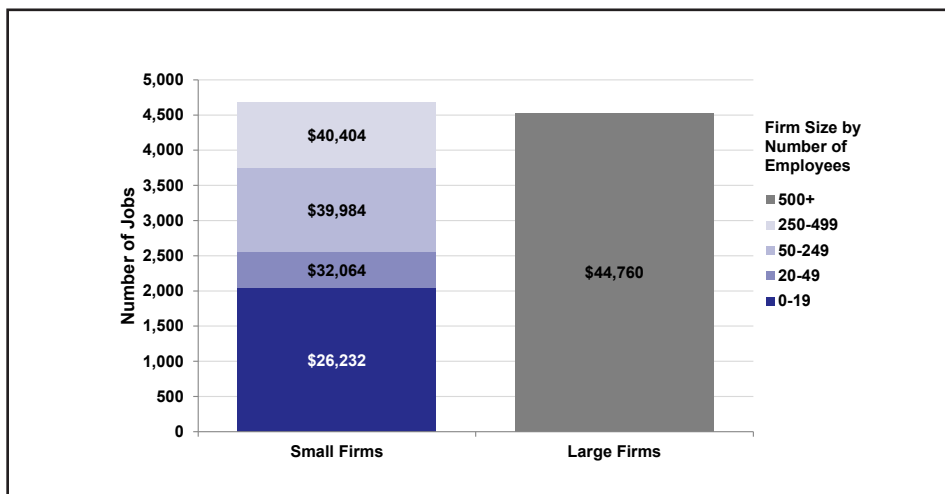
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Champaign County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$406	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$141	\$448
Taxes	\$204	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,551	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,612	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.31	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Champaign County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	332	23%
Concord	528	30%
Goshen	1,325	23%
Harrison	327	15%
Jackson	958	28%
Johnson	1,278	32%
Mad River	1,008	25%
Rush	954	34%
Salem	881	27%
Union	762	8%
Urbana	6,158	50%
Wayne	651	26%

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ALICE IN CLARK COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 134,786 • **Number of Households:** 54,548

Median Household Income: 46,811 (state average: \$52,334)

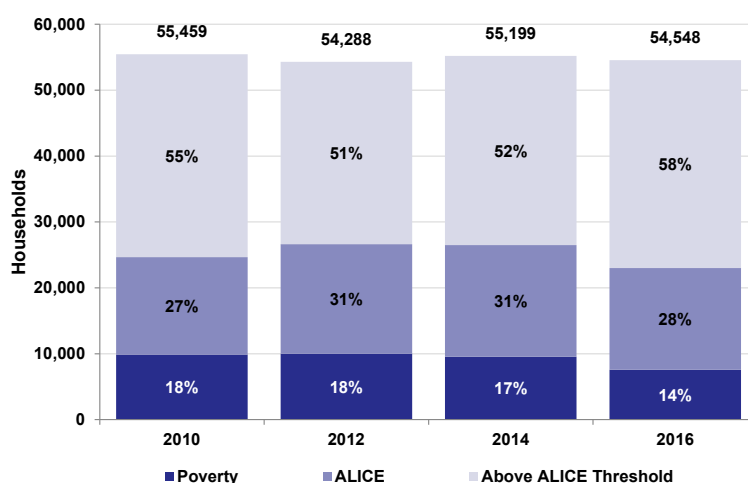
Unemployment Rate: 6.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 28% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 14% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

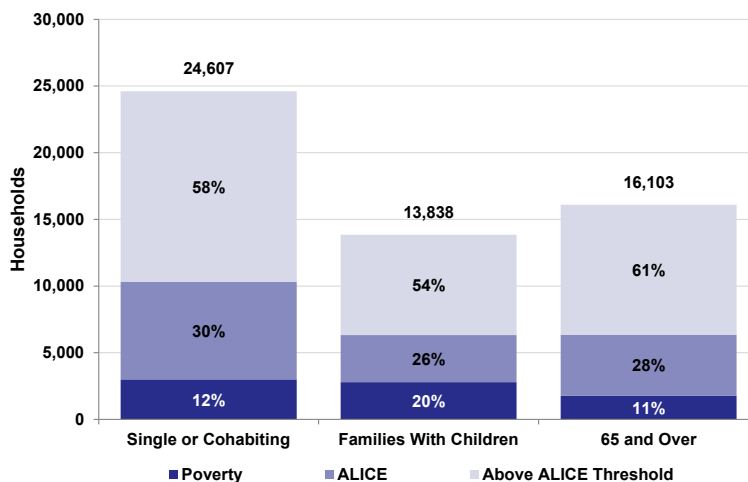
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

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Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

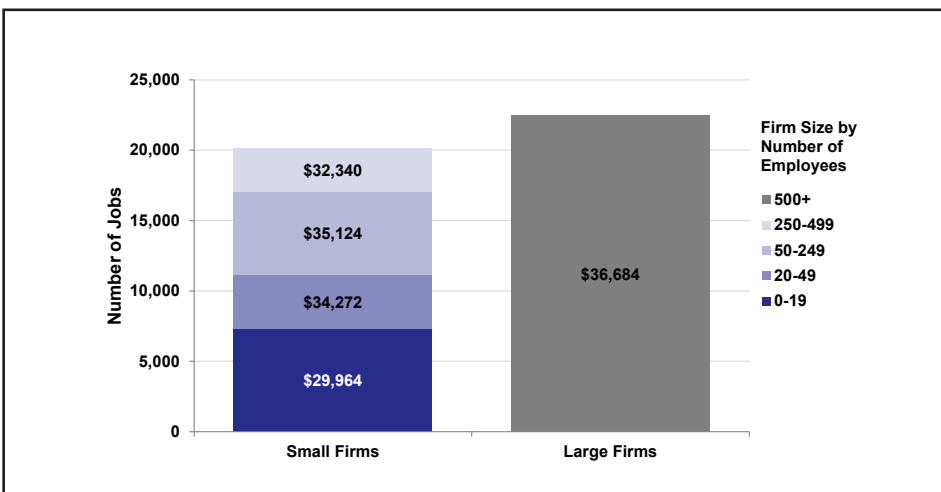
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Clark County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$495	\$681
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$152	\$477
Taxes	\$227	\$534
Monthly Total	\$1,674	\$5,242
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,088	\$62,904
Hourly Wage	\$10.04	\$31.45

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Clark County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bethel	6,693	43%
German	2,970	33%
Green	1,045	28%
Harmony	1,304	33%
Mad River	4,595	32%
Madison	1,116	50%
Moorefield	5,283	30%
Pike	1,442	28%
Pleasant	1,167	34%
Springfield	4,592	30%
Springfield city	24,474	59%

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ALICE IN CLERMONT COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 203,022 • **Number of Households:** 77,925

Median Household Income: 60,661 (state average: \$52,334)

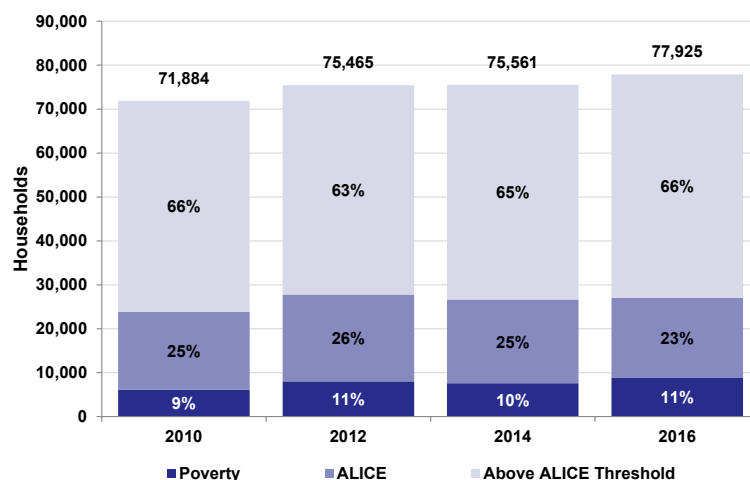
Unemployment Rate: 3.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 23% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 11% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

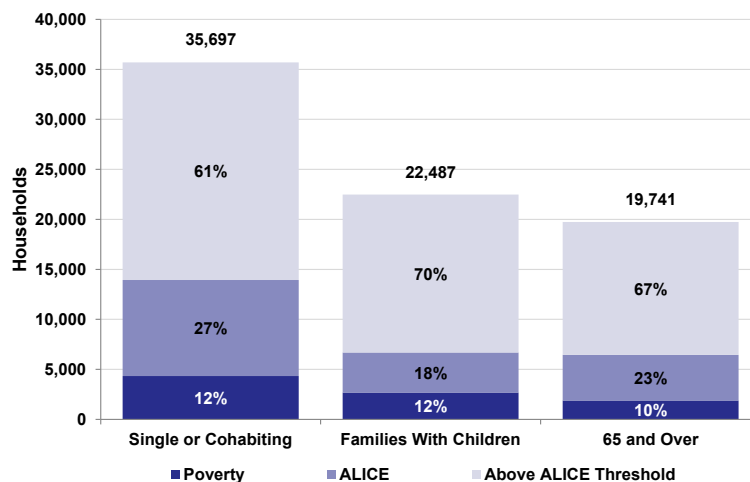
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

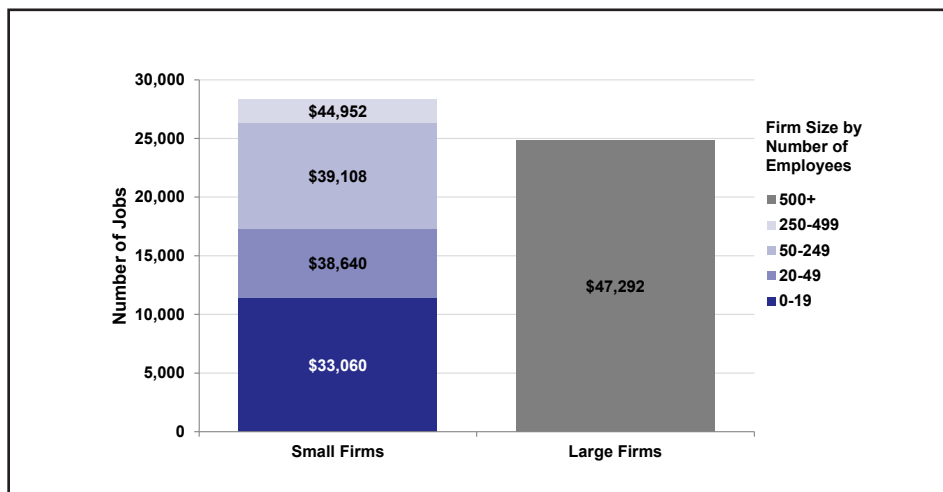
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Clermont County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$509	\$787
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$546
Taxes	\$231	\$709
Monthly Total	\$1,694	\$6,004
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,328	\$72,048
Hourly Wage	\$10.16	\$36.02

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Clermont County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Batavia	8,682	38%
Franklin	1,519	40%
Goshen	5,713	45%
Jackson	1,052	45%
Loveland city	702	32%
Miami	14,807	23%
Milford city	3,009	52%
Monroe	2,924	42%
Ohio	1,983	39%
Pierce	5,644	25%
Stonelick	2,375	38%
Tate	3,427	37%
Union	18,857	36%
Washington	761	47%
Wayne	1,824	46%
Williamsburg	1,957	39%

Note: Municipal-level data on this page is for County Subdivisions. Municipal-level data relies on 5-year averages and is not available for the smallest towns. Since there are missing geographies, totals will not match county-level numbers.

ALICE IN CLINTON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 41854 • **Number of Households:** 16,077

Median Household Income: 48,675 (state average: \$52,334)

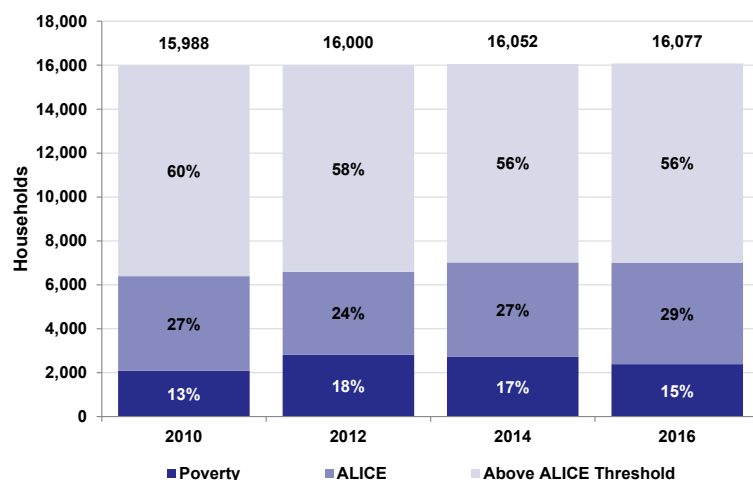
Unemployment Rate: 6.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

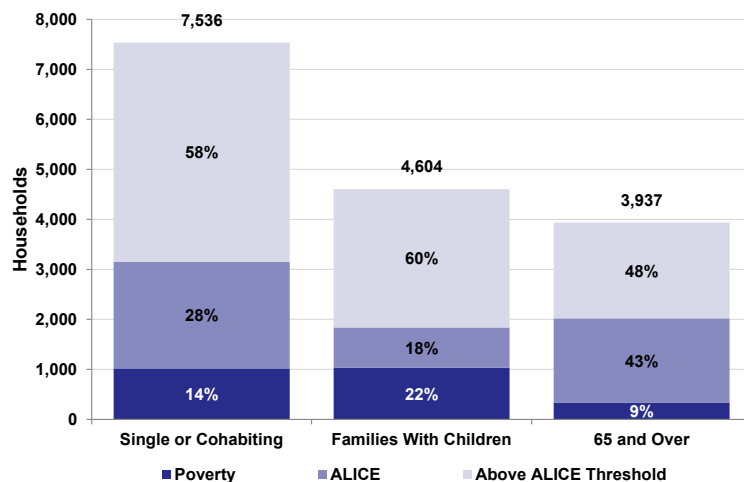
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

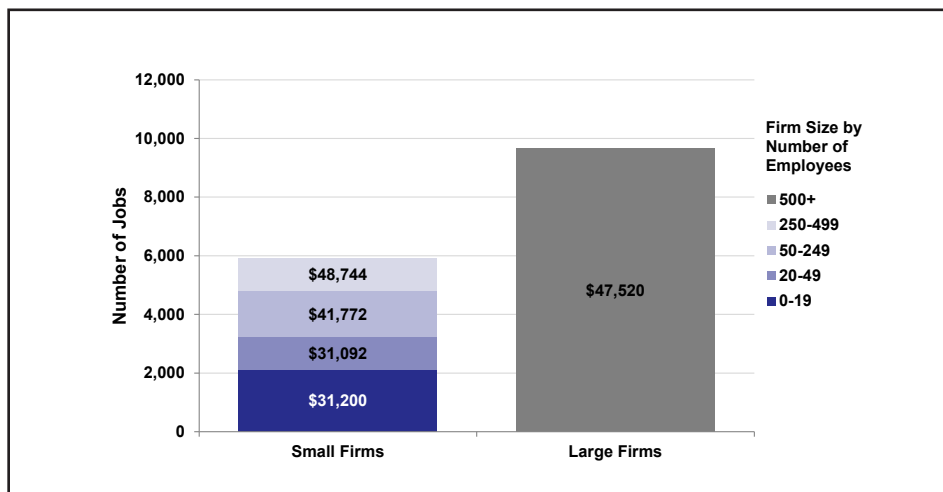
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Clinton County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$493	\$714
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$152	\$456
Taxes	\$227	\$482
Monthly Total	\$1,672	\$5,014
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,064	\$60,168
Hourly Wage	\$10.03	\$30.08

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Clinton County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	855	16%
Chester	674	29%
Clark	759	34%
Green	901	46%
Jefferson	439	43%
Liberty	383	33%
Marion	2,049	44%
Richland	1,331	50%
Union	1,279	23%
Vernon	1,051	32%
Washington	764	39%
Wayne	175	25%
Wilmington city	5,176	59%
Wilson	241	39%

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ALICE IN COLUMBIANA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 103,685 • **Number of Households:** 41,469

Median Household Income: 47,864 (state average: \$52,334)

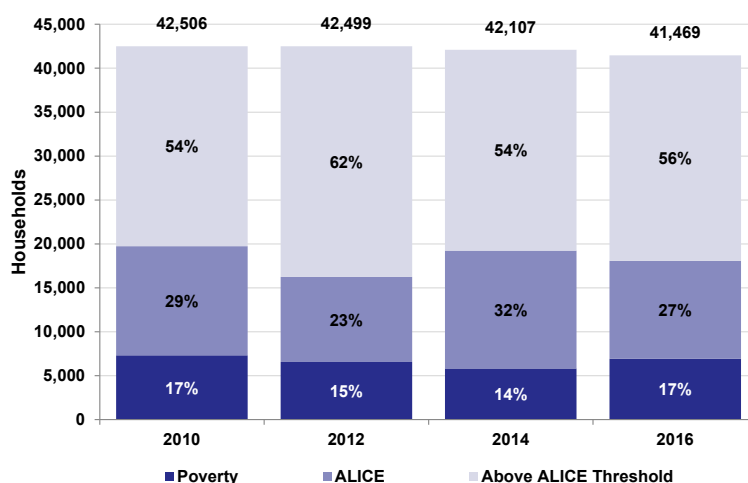
Unemployment Rate: 8.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 17% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

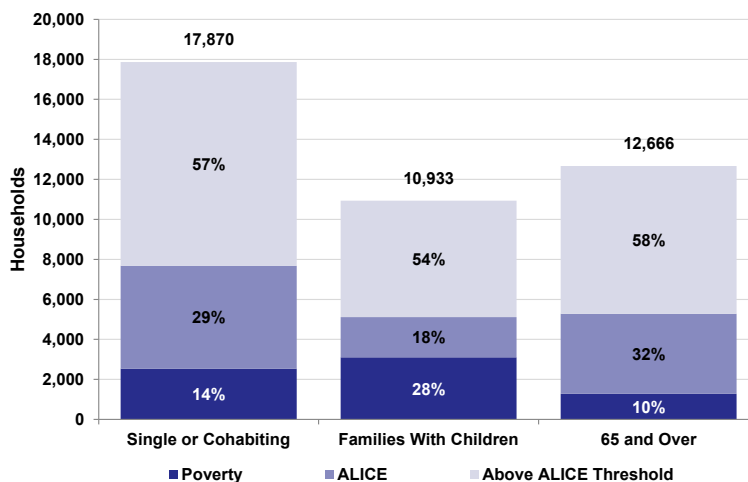
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

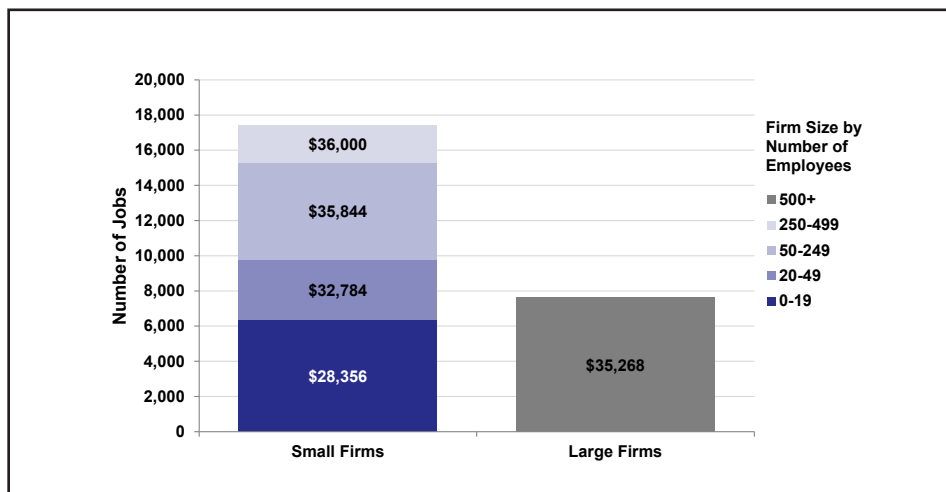
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Columbiana County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$433	\$659
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$144	\$474
Taxes	\$211	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,588	\$5,210
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,056	\$62,520
Hourly Wage	\$9.53	\$31.26

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Columbiana County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Butler	1,354	40%
Center	2,411	54%
East Liverpool city	4,440	63%
Elkrun	1,013	39%
Fairfield	4,134	40%
Franklin	302	33%
Hanover	1,435	43%
Knox	1,733	29%
Liverpool	1,722	40%
Madison	1,236	40%
Middleton	1,380	41%
Perry	7,020	52%
Salem	2,137	46%
St. Clair	2,955	43%
Unity	3,879	48%
Washington	904	58%
Wayne	247	33%
Wellsville village	1,507	68%
West	1,165	34%
Yellow Creek	808	39%

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ALICE IN COSHOCTON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 36665 • **Number of Households:** 14,397

Median Household Income: 43,380 (state average: \$52,334)

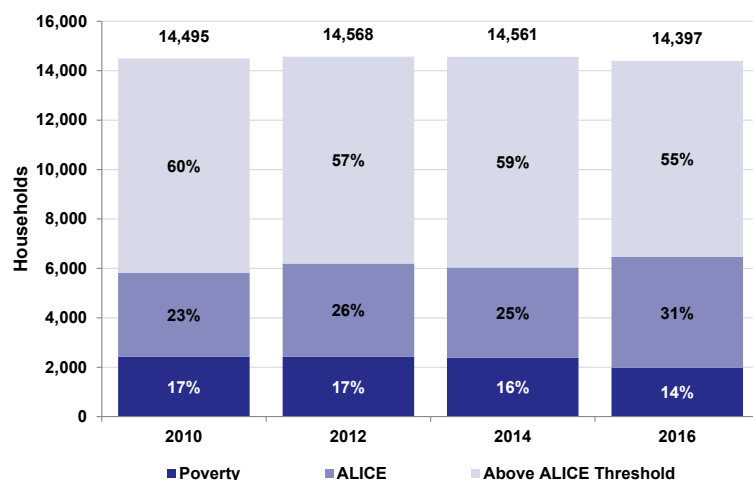
Unemployment Rate: 6.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 14% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

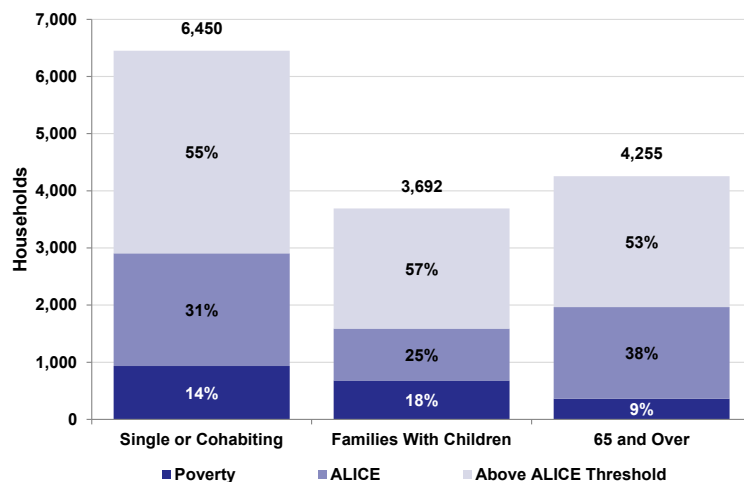
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

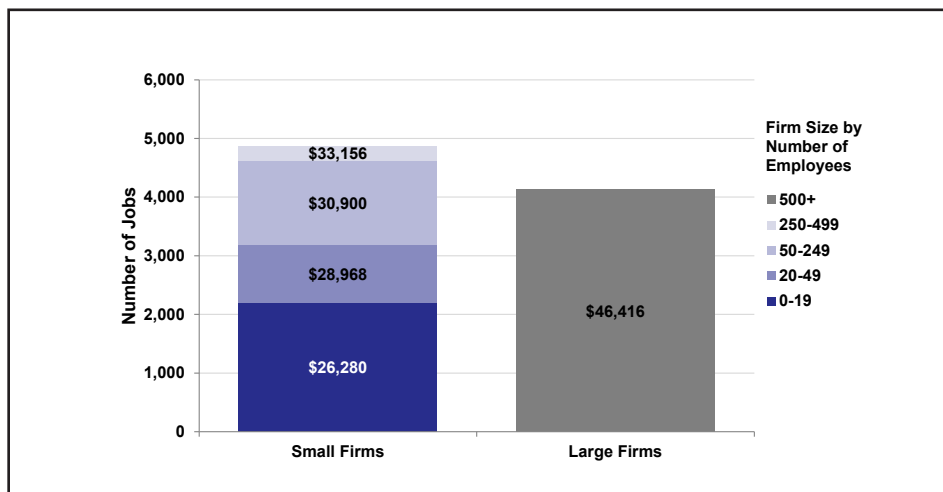
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Coshocton County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Coshocton County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	258	34%
Bedford	192	35%
Bethlehem	424	27%
Clark	248	48%
Coshocton city	4,768	52%
Crawford	412	44%
Franklin	455	35%
Jackson	859	56%
Jefferson	632	45%
Keene	761	36%
Lafayette	1,595	39%
Linton	270	44%
Mill Creek	224	49%
Monroe	222	39%
Newcastle	152	48%
Oxford	613	26%
Perry	282	43%
Pike	248	23%
Tiverton	166	15%
Tuscarawas	707	74%
Virginia	211	38%
Washington	221	29%
White Eyes	477	32%

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ALICE IN CRAWFORD COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 42485 • **Number of Households:** 17,657

Median Household Income: 40,563 (state average: \$52,334)

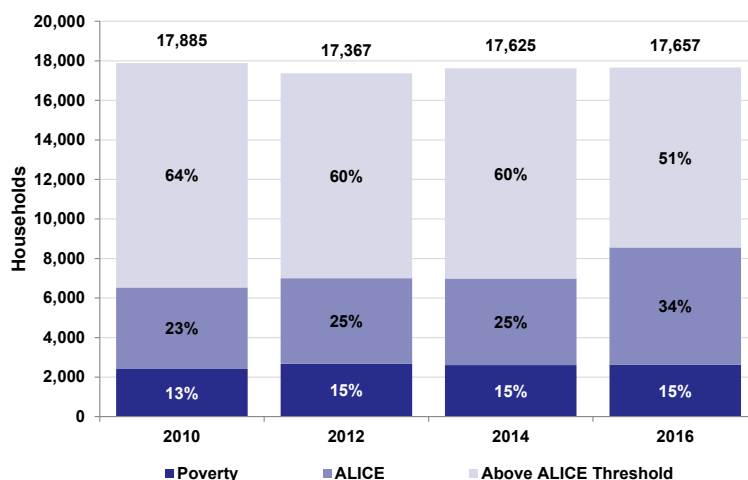
Unemployment Rate: 7.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 34% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

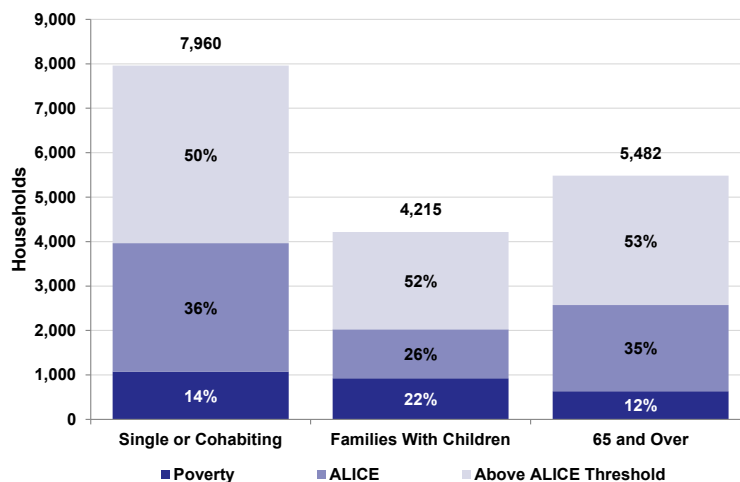
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

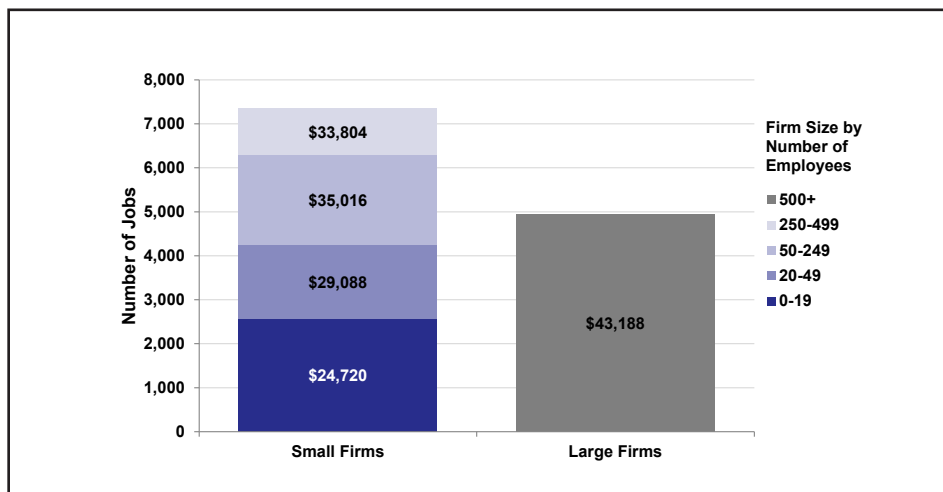
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Household Survival Budget, Crawford County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$484	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$151	\$448
Taxes	\$225	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,660	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,920	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.96	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



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Crawford County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Auburn	261	31%
Bucyrus	300	32%
Bucyrus city	5,360	56%
Chatfield	245	33%
Cranberry	558	37%
Crestline village	1,876	54%
Dallas	159	11%
Galion City	4,356	59%
Holmes	462	43%
Jackson	154	60%
Jefferson	693	23%
Liberty	475	24%
Lykens	188	18%
Polk	786	38%
Sandusky	203	18%
Texas	195	43%
Tod	231	37%
Vernon	355	25%
Whetstone	800	44%

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ALICE IN CUYAHOGA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 1249352 • **Number of Households:** 534,355

Median Household Income: 46,601 (state average: \$52,334)

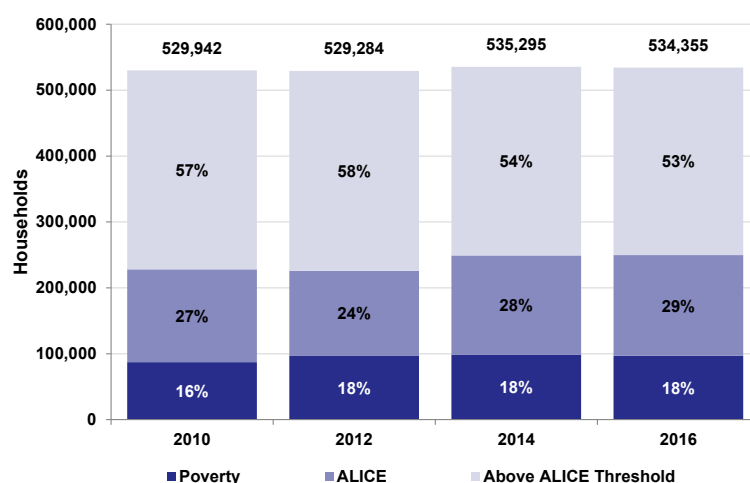
Unemployment Rate: 7.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 18% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

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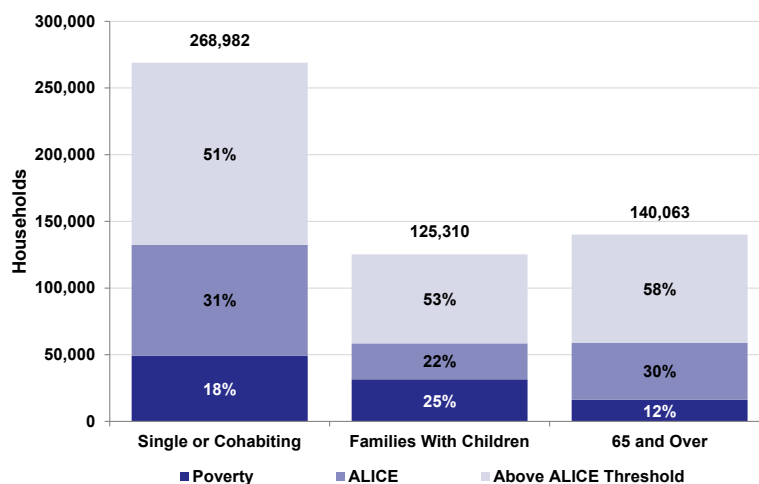
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

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Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

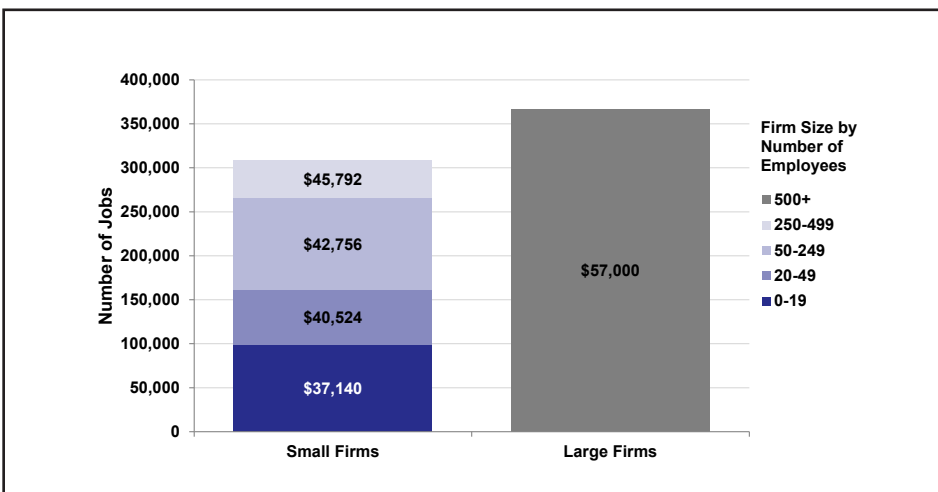
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Household Survival Budget, Cuyahoga County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$499	\$773
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$544
Taxes	\$228	\$705
Monthly Total	\$1,680	\$5,984
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,160	\$71,808
Hourly Wage	\$10.08	\$35.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Cuyahoga County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bay Village city	6,045	18%
Beachwood city	4,623	21%
Bedford city	5,712	55%
Bedford Heights city	5,176	53%
Bentleyville village	307	9%
Berea city	7,198	37%
Bratenahl village	668	21%
Brecksville city	5,332	23%
Broadview Heights city	7,568	21%
Brook Park city	7,611	42%
Brooklyn city	4,949	48%
Brooklyn Heights village	582	26%
Chagrin Falls	1,879	26%
Cleveland city	167,067	69%
Cleveland Heights city	19,057	43%
Cuyahoga Heights village	244	41%
East Cleveland city	8,213	77%
Euclid city	22,303	60%
Fairview Park city	7,325	37%
Garfield Heights city	11,678	53%
Gates Mills village	900	16%
Glenwillow village	347	25%
Highland Heights city	3,159	21%
Highland Hills village	273	70%
Hunting Valley village	246	10%
Independence city	2,690	18%
Lakewood city	24,465	49%
Lyndhurst city	6,164	28%
Maple Heights city	9,368	58%
Mayfield Heights city	9,417	43%
Mayfield village	1,489	22%
Middleburg Heights city	6,829	34%
Moreland Hills village	1,277	10%
Newburgh Heights village	892	66%
North Olmsted city	13,095	30%
North Randall village	460	67%
North Royalton city	12,771	31%
Oakwood village	1,468	44%
Olmsted	5,188	28%
Olmsted Falls city	3,679	30%
Orange village	1,295	18%
Parma city	33,489	41%
Parma Heights city	9,037	48%
Pepper Pike city	2,129	9%
Richmond Heights city	4,795	39%
Rocky River city	8,892	29%
Seven Hills city	4,888	22%
Shaker Heights city	11,132	28%
Solon city	8,335	20%
South Euclid city	8,803	37%
Strongsville city	17,598	22%
University Heights city	4,481	35%
Valley View village	718	24%
Walton Hills village	922	23%
Warrensville Heights city	6,114	58%
Westlake city	13,775	25%
Woodmere village	386	50%

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ALICE IN DARKE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 52,185 • **Number of Households:** 20,831

Median Household Income: 47,043 (state average: \$52,334)

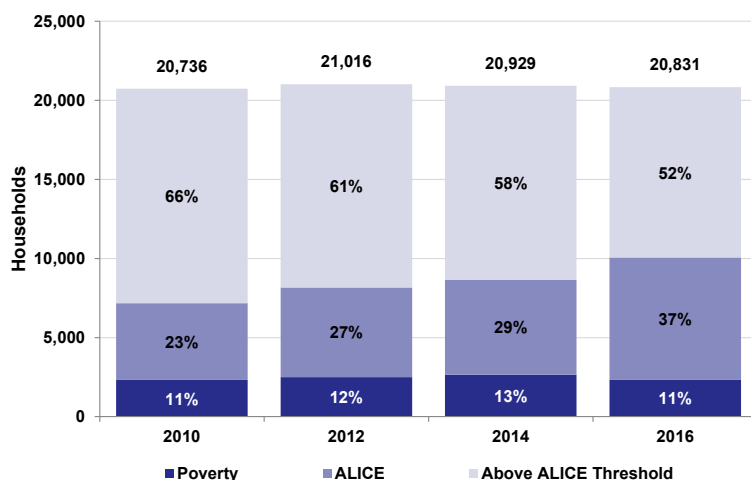
Unemployment Rate: 6.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 37% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 11% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

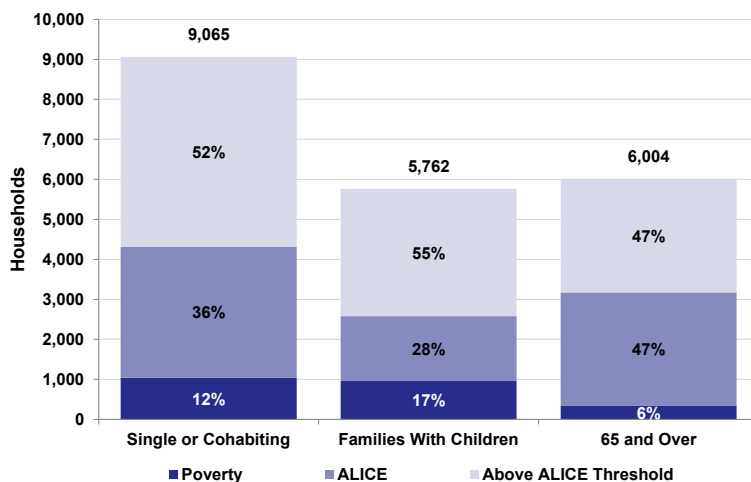
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

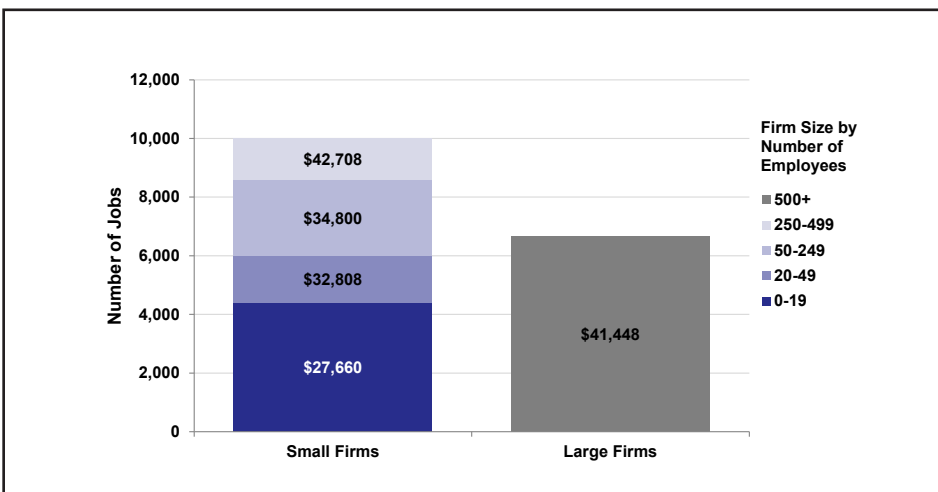
Household Survival Budget, Darke County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$537	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$158	\$474
Taxes	\$240	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,735	\$5,209
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,820	\$62,508
Hourly Wage	\$10.41	\$31.25

Darke County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	1,329	40%
Allen	462	38%
Brown	807	53%
Butler	586	44%
Franklin	413	28%
Greenville	7,852	58%
Harrison	930	41%
Jackson	1,102	66%
Liberty	399	43%
Mississinawa	184	38%
Monroe	557	33%
Neave	828	53%
Patterson	408	26%
Richland	260	31%
Twin	1,537	46%
Van Buren	587	32%
Wabash	328	31%
Washington	501	38%
Wayne	1,590	39%
York	171	42%

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

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ALICE IN DEFIANCE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 38488 • **Number of Households:** 15,378

Median Household Income: 50,822 (state average: \$52,334)

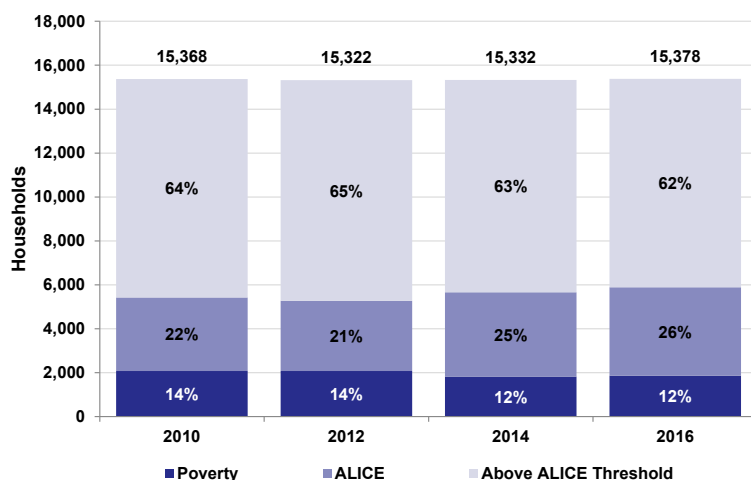
Unemployment Rate: 6.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 26% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

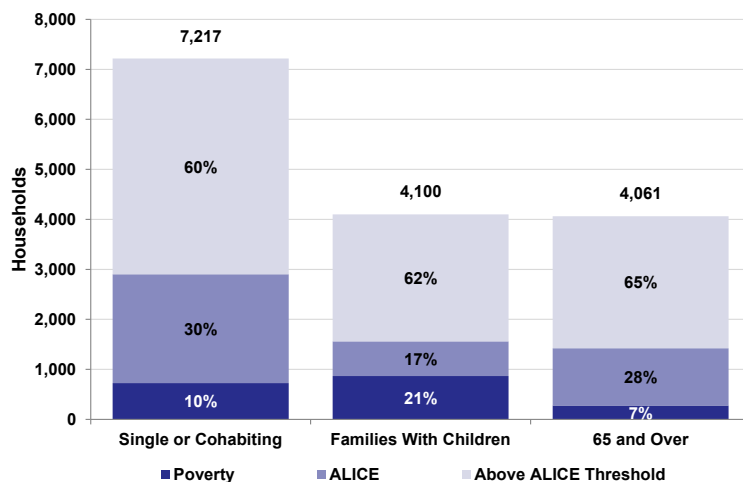
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

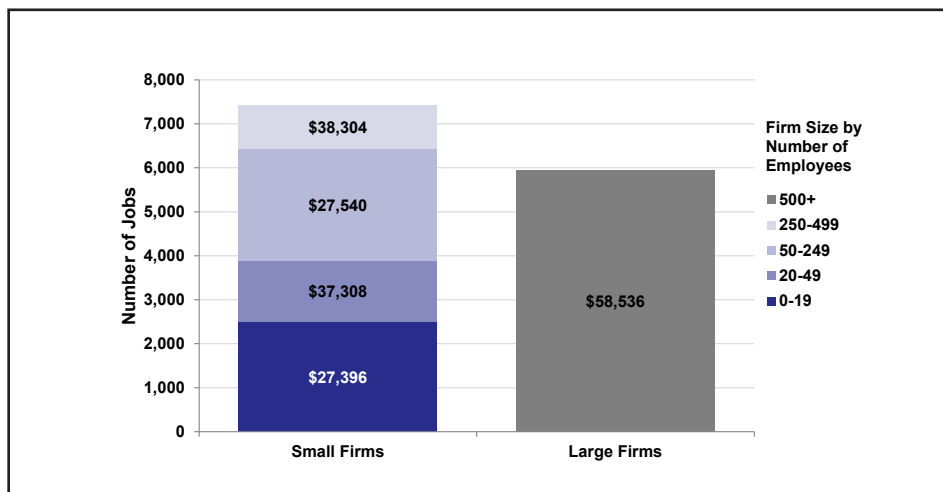
Household Survival Budget, Defiance County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$488	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$151	\$448
Taxes	\$226	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,665	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,980	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.99	\$29.59

Defiance County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	243	27%
Defiance	5,532	44%
Delaware	829	41%
Farmer	336	37%
Hicksville	2,028	45%
Highland	846	27%
Mark	370	17%
Milford	367	18%
Noble	2,395	39%
Richland	1,188	34%
Tiffin	673	29%
Washington	571	27%

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

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ALICE IN DELAWARE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 196,463 • **Number of Households:** 68,617

Median Household Income: 101,693 (state average: \$52,334)

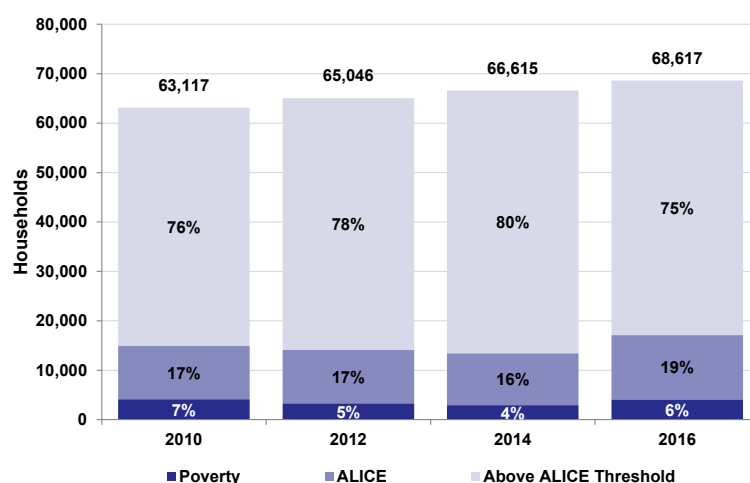
Unemployment Rate: 2.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 19% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 6% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

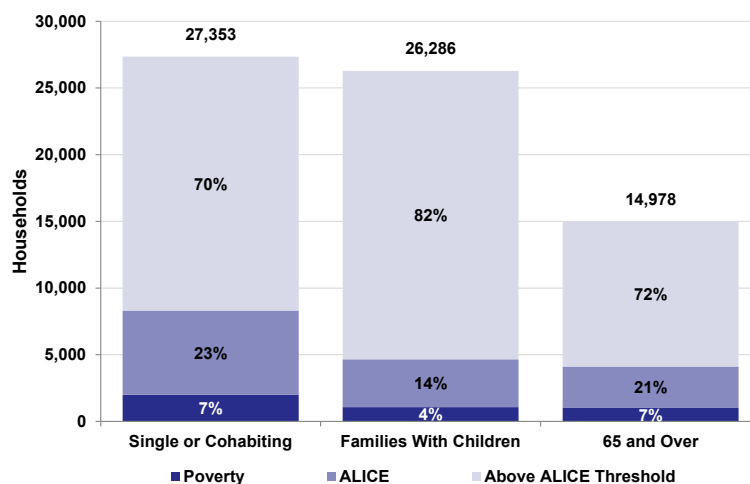
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

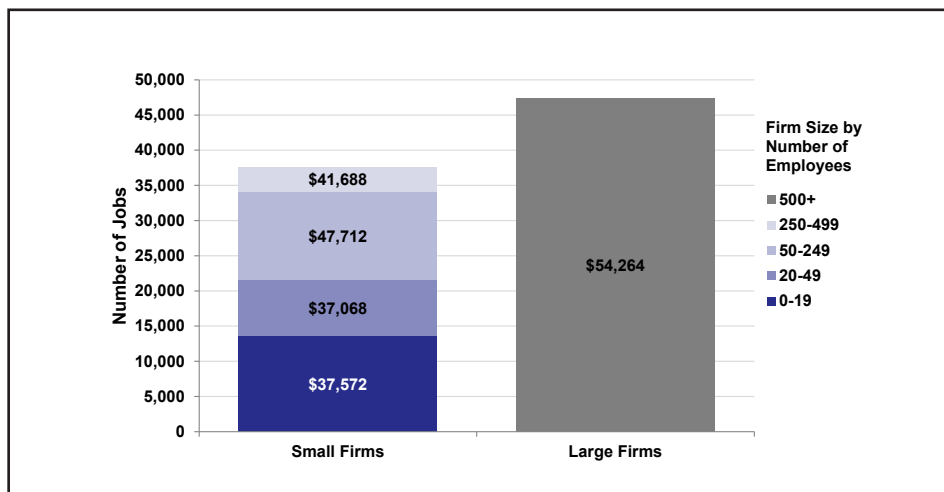
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Delaware County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$-	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$552
Taxes	\$238	\$724
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$6,069
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$72,828
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$36.41

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Delaware County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Ashley village	521	63%
Berkshire	1,055	16%
Berlin	2,173	18%
Brown	622	17%
Columbus City	2,264	40%
Concord	3,414	16%
Delaware	1,028	30%
Delaware City	13,653	47%
Genoa	8,444	13%
Harlem	1,547	33%
Kingston	799	19%
Liberty	9,630	16%
Marlboro	140	31%
Orange	9,651	20%
Oxford	345	42%
Porter	757	29%
Radnor	697	37%
Scioto	1,191	32%
Shawnee Hills village	289	20%
Sunbury Village	1,679	32%
Thompson	288	36%
Trenton	799	19%
Troy	765	35%
Washington	1,561	13%
Westerville City	3,232	17%

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ALICE IN ERIE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 75107 • **Number of Households:** 30,682

Median Household Income: 48,949 (state average: \$52,334)

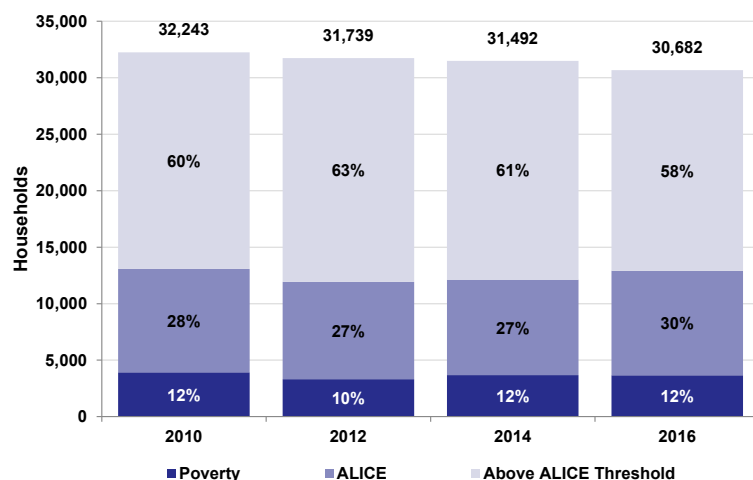
Unemployment Rate: 7.5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

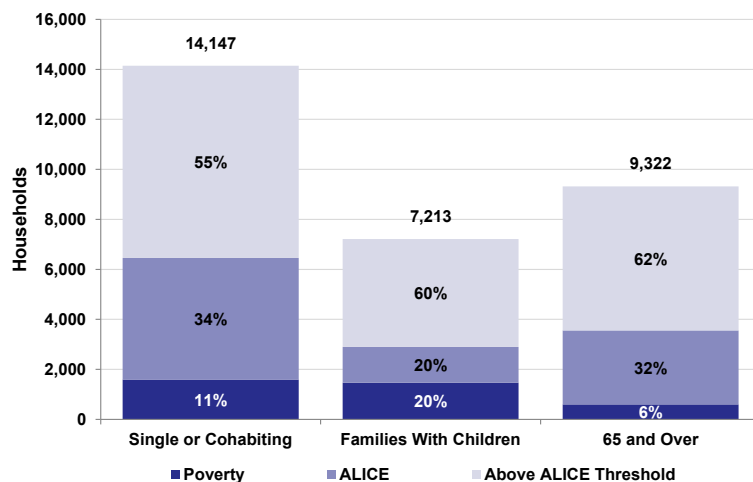
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Erie County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$481	\$759
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$150	\$487
Taxes	\$224	\$561
Monthly Total	\$1,655	\$5,357
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,860	\$64,284
Hourly Wage	\$9.93	\$32.14

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Erie County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Berlin	1,394	28%
Florence	1,063	38%
Groton	509	13%
Huron	4,533	36%
Margaretta	2,333	35%
Milan	1,203	15%
Oxford	502	25%
Perkins	4,763	31%
Sandusky city	11,264	60%
Vermilion	2,012	35%
Vermilion city	2,066	41%

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ALICE IN FAIRFIELD COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 152,597 • **Number of Households:** 55,614

Median Household Income: 65,316 (state average: \$52,334)

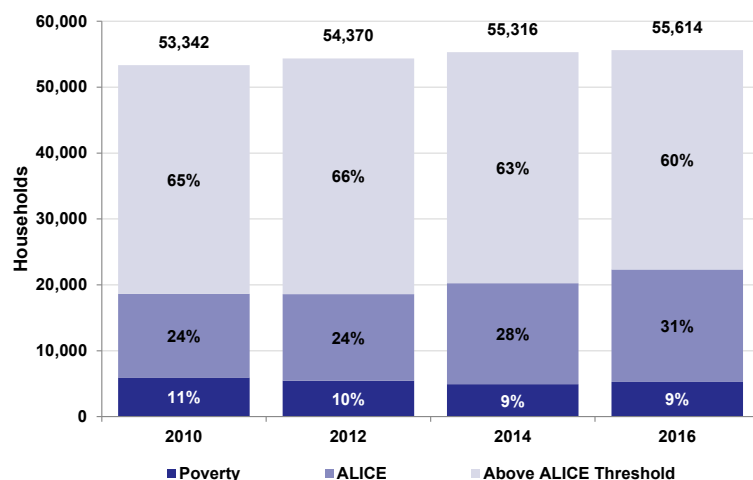
Unemployment Rate: 3.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

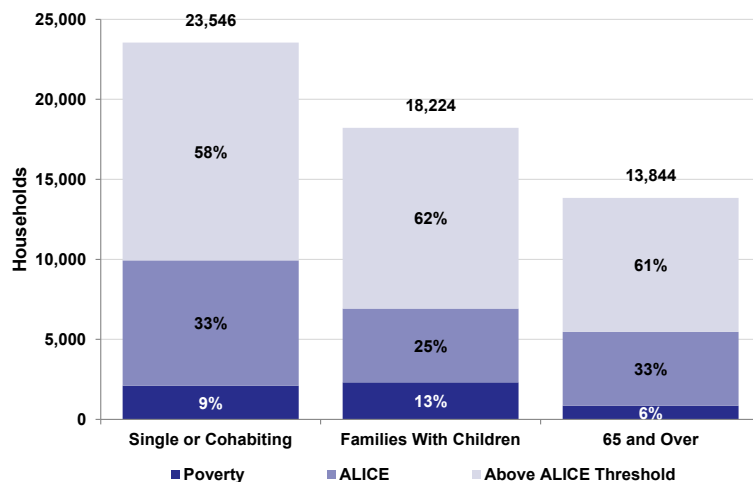
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

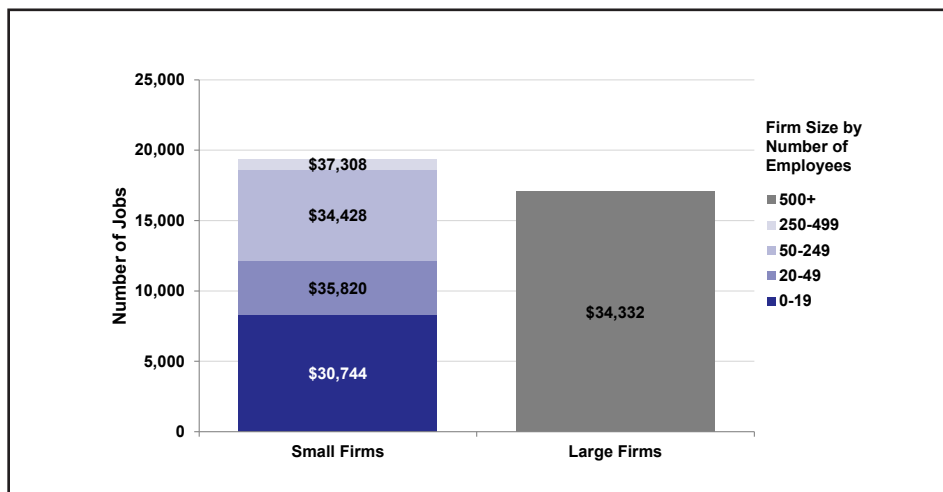
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Fairfield County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$552
Taxes	\$238	\$724
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$6,069
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$72,828
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$36.41

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Fairfield County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Amanda	988	41%
Berne	1,849	44%
Bloom	3,055	20%
Clearcreek	1,365	63%
Columbus city	3,767	52%
Greenfield	2,051	37%
Hocking	1,305	30%
Lancaster City	16,110	63%
Liberty	2,879	41%
Madison	643	44%
Pleasant	2,326	43%
Richland	710	49%
Rush Creek	1,357	46%
Violet	14,148	24%
Walnut	2,585	43%

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ALICE IN FAYETTE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 28719 • **Number of Households:** 11,666

Median Household Income: 41,954 (state average: \$52,334)

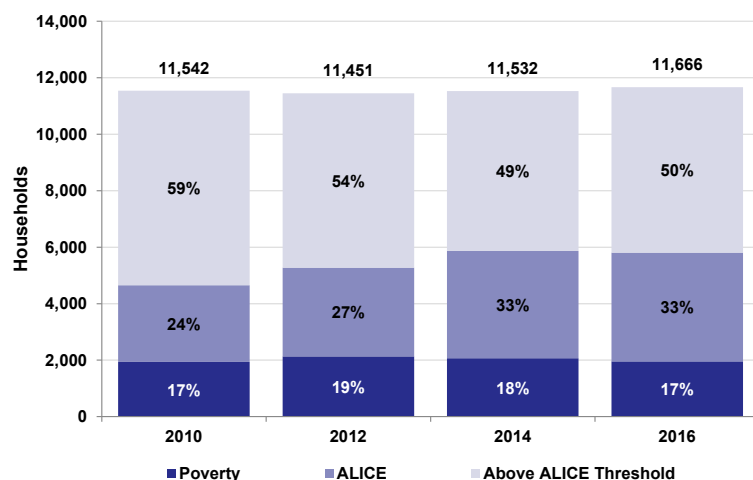
Unemployment Rate: 6.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 33% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 17% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

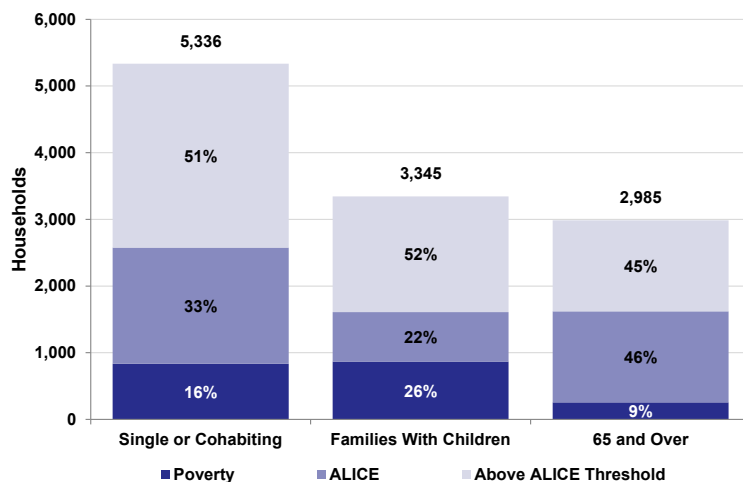
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

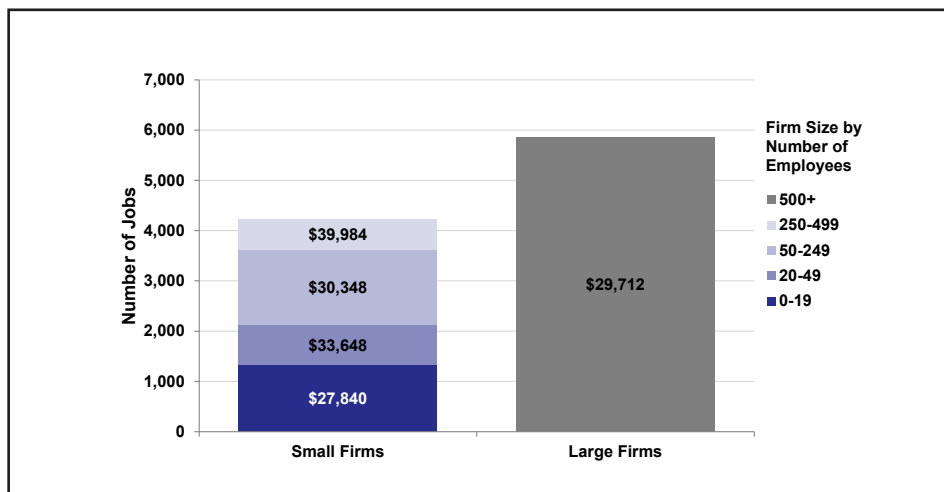
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Fayette County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$526	\$742
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$156	\$460
Taxes	\$236	\$491
Monthly Total	\$1,718	\$5,055
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,616	\$60,660
Hourly Wage	\$10.31	\$30.33

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Fayette County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Concord	267	35%
Green	206	31%
Jasper	301	55%
Jefferson	1,002	44%
Madison	401	26%
Marion	310	36%
Paint	736	59%
Perry	460	29%
Union	1,611	46%
Washington Court House city	5,923	57%
Wayne	449	33%

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ALICE IN FRANKLIN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 126,4518 • **Number of Households:** 502,932

Median Household Income: 56,055 (state average: \$52,334)

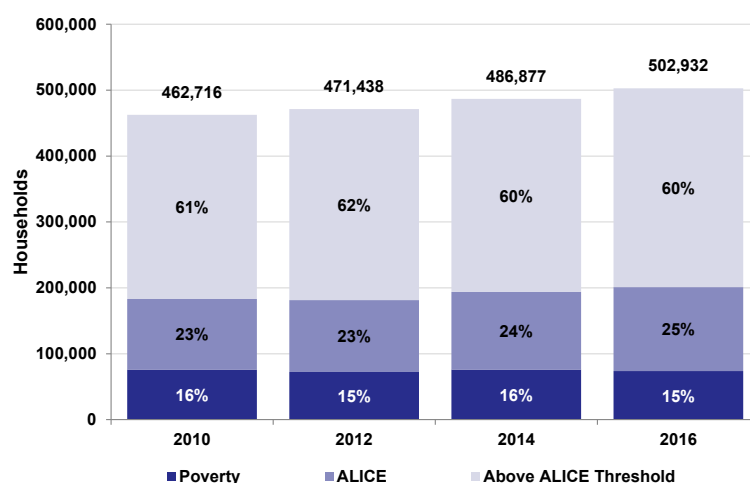
Unemployment Rate: 5.5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

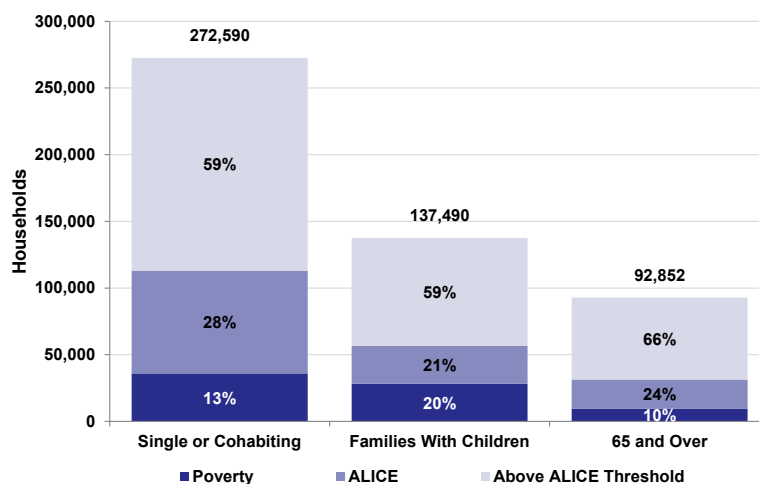
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

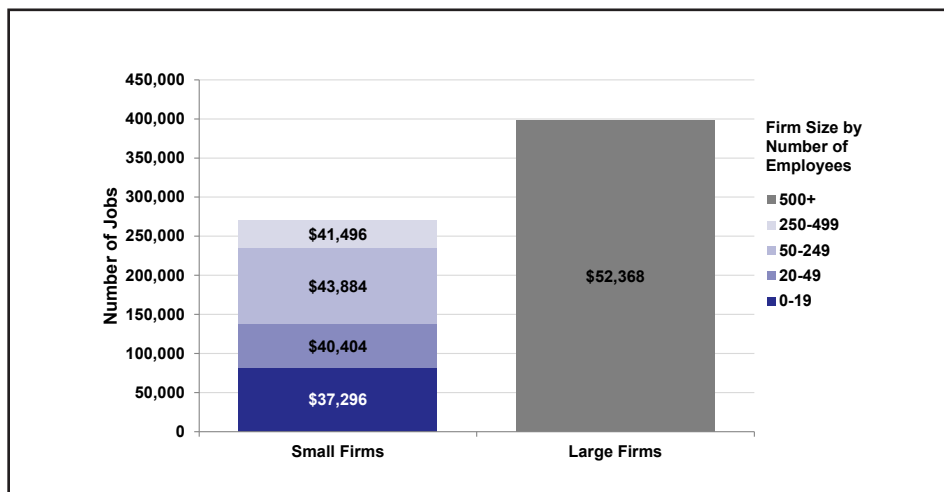
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Franklin County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$552
Taxes	\$238	\$724
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$6,069
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$72,828
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$36.41

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Franklin County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bexley city	4,539	23%
Blendon	3,309	32%
Brown	659	18%
Clinton	1,780	68%
Columbus city	333,183	49%
Dublin city	13,466	10%
Franklin	3,526	55%
Grandview Heights city	3,040	15%
Hamilton	3,265	47%
Jackson	16,778	32%
Jefferson	3,690	13%
Madison	9,301	33%
Marble Cliff village	266	23%
Mifflin	14,156	27%
Norwich	12,969	19%
Perry	1,370	8%
Plain	3,523	10%
Pleasant	2,542	27%
Prairie	6,250	39%
Sharon	6,808	21%
Truro	11,065	42%
Upper Arlington city	13,671	18%
Washington	1,012	27%
Westerville city	11,306	25%
Whitehall city	7,536	58%

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ALICE IN FULTON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 42466 • **Number of Households:** 16,240

Median Household Income: 55,860 (state average: \$52,334)

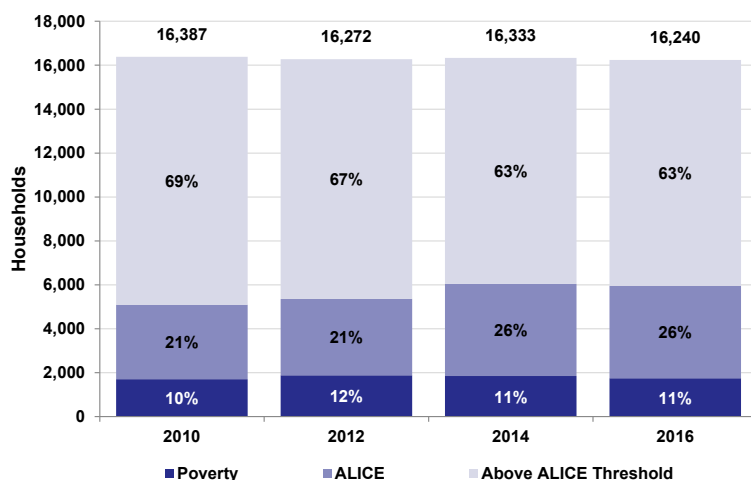
Unemployment Rate: 6.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 26% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 11% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

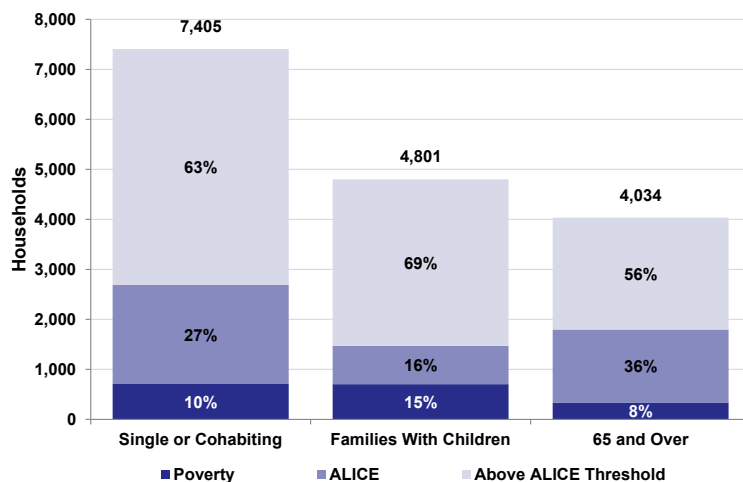
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

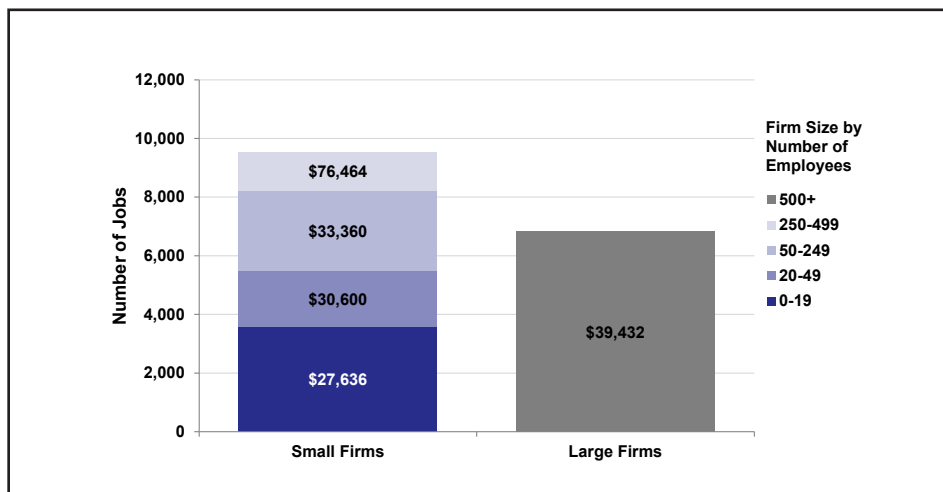
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Fulton County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$435	\$695
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$145	\$453
Taxes	\$212	\$476
Monthly Total	\$1,592	\$4,986
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,104	\$59,832
Hourly Wage	\$9.55	\$29.92

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Fulton County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Amboy	659	36%
Chesterfield	380	33%
Clinton	3,655	40%
Dover	606	40%
Franklin	269	38%
Fulton	1,151	34%
German	2,268	34%
Gorham	931	50%
Pike	732	30%
Royalton	578	29%
Swan Creek	3,419	36%
York	1,592	35%

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ALICE IN GALLIA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 30376 • **Number of Households:** 11,495

Median Household Income: 39,423 (state average: \$52,334)

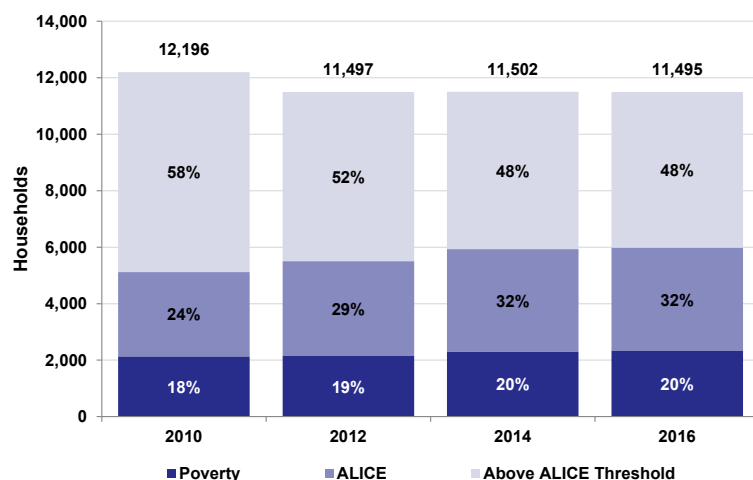
Unemployment Rate: 7.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 20% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

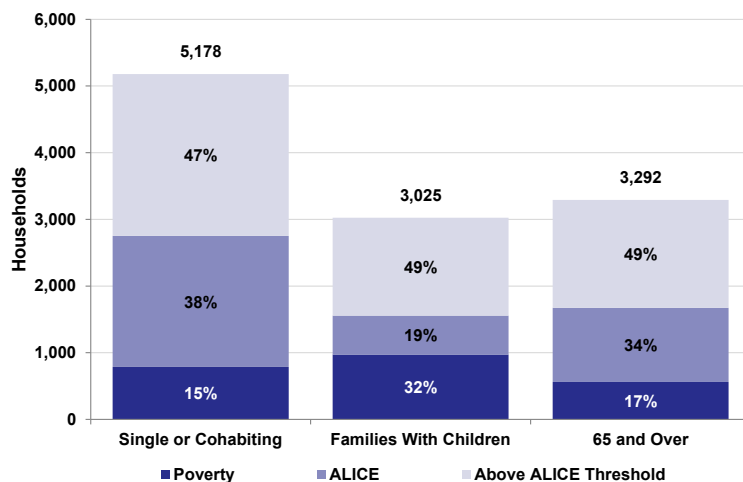
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Gallia County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Gallia County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Addison	813	52%
Cheshire	515	57%
Clay	786	39%
Gallipolis	2,111	58%
Green	1,983	47%
Greenfield	118	60%
Guyan	355	48%
Harrison	317	53%
Huntington	496	51%
Morgan	486	49%
Ohio	333	56%
Perry	601	58%
Raccoon	742	49%
Springfield	1,516	53%
Walnut	323	55%

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ALICE IN GEAUGA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 94060 • **Number of Households:** 35,519

Median Household Income: 76,384 (state average: \$52,334)

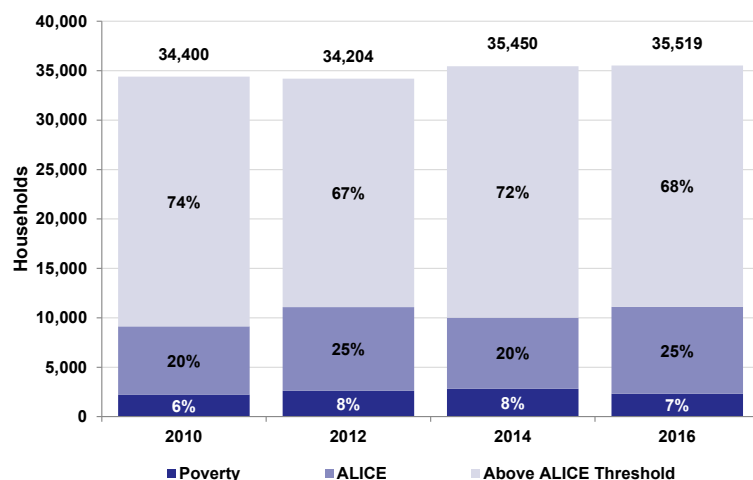
Unemployment Rate: 3.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 7% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

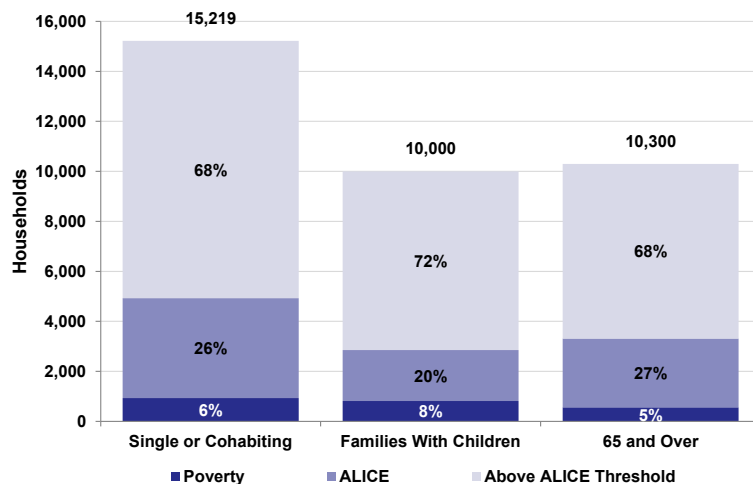
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

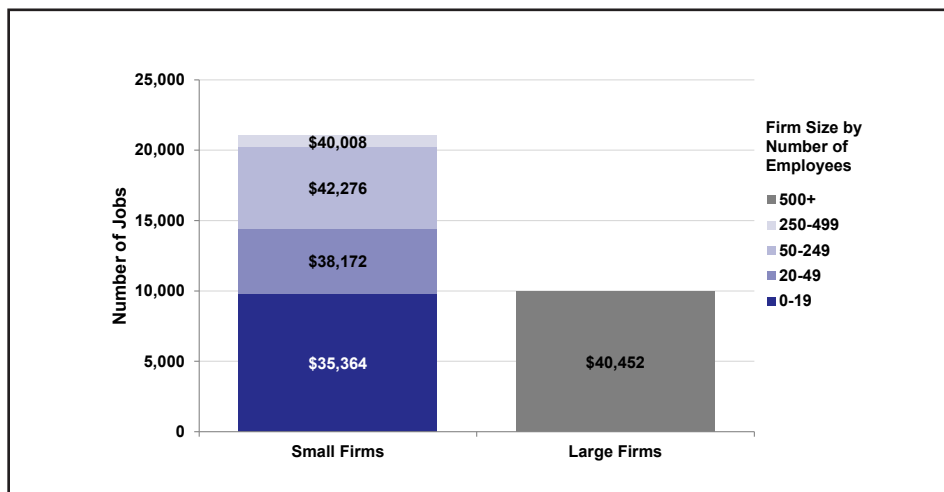
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Geauga County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$499	\$773
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$544
Taxes	\$228	\$705
Monthly Total	\$1,680	\$5,984
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,160	\$71,808
Hourly Wage	\$10.08	\$35.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Gauga County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Auburn	2,265	16%
Bainbridge	4,387	19%
Burton	1,704	50%
Chardon	1,814	30%
Chardon city	2,290	42%
Chester	4,138	31%
Claridon	1,150	42%
Hambden	1,793	33%
Huntsburg	1,059	36%
Middlefield	1,183	57%
Middlefield village	1,231	58%
Montville	803	34%
Munson	2,349	25%
Newbury	2,131	35%
Parkman	1,016	46%
Russell	2,186	22%
South Russell village	1,450	15%
Thompson	886	48%
Troy	1,007	42%

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ALICE IN GREENE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 164,765 • **Number of Households:** 63,908

Median Household Income: 62,018 (state average: \$52,334)

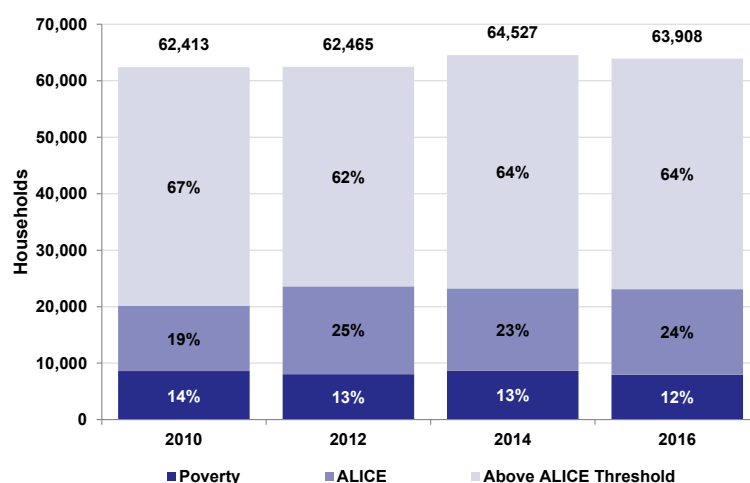
Unemployment Rate: 3.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 24% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

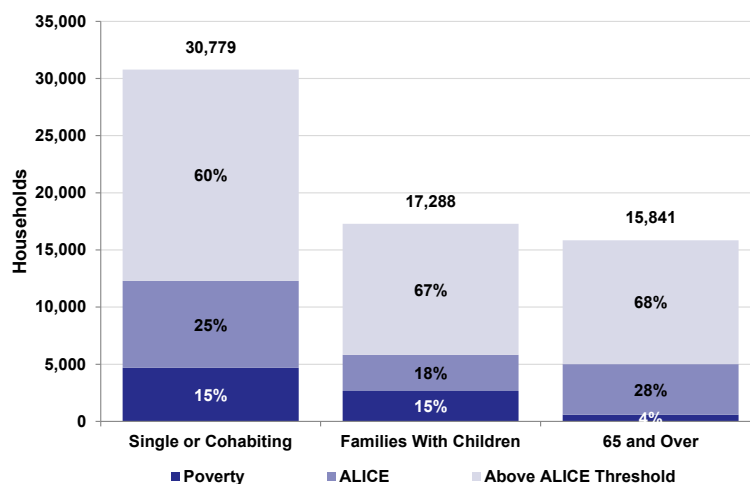
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Greene County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$506	\$743
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$540
Taxes	\$230	\$695
Monthly Total	\$1,690	\$5,940
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,280	\$71,280
Hourly Wage	\$10.14	\$35.64

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Greene County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bath	16,361	52%
Beavercreek	21,122	23%
Bellbrook city	2,814	26%
Caesarscreek	436	16%
Cedarville	1,256	37%
Jefferson	458	41%
Kettering city	218	13%
Miami	2,290	36%
New Jasper	1,023	28%
Ross	296	28%
Silvercreek	1,409	40%
Spring Valley	1,073	31%
Sugarcreek	2,923	21%
Xenia	1,917	32%
Xenia city	10,683	55%

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ALICE IN GUERNSEY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 39,478 • **Number of Households:** 15,863

Median Household Income: 41,566 (state average: \$52,334)

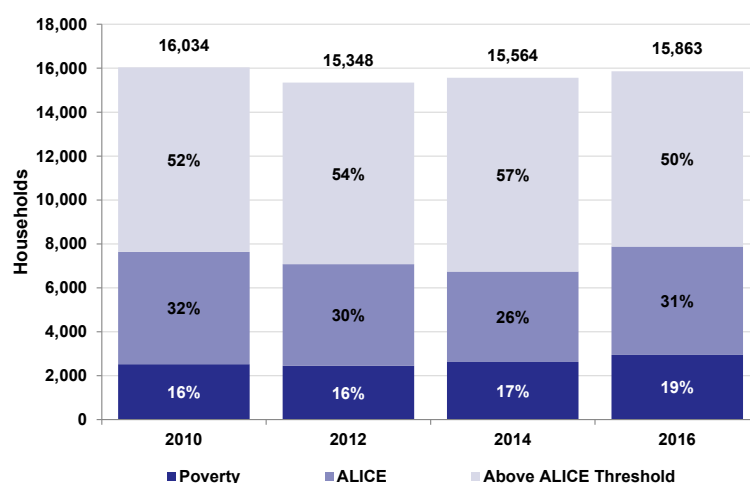
Unemployment Rate: 9.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

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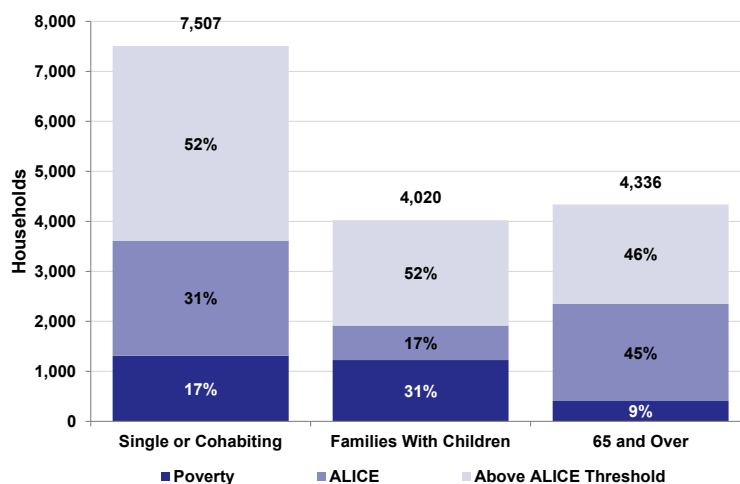
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

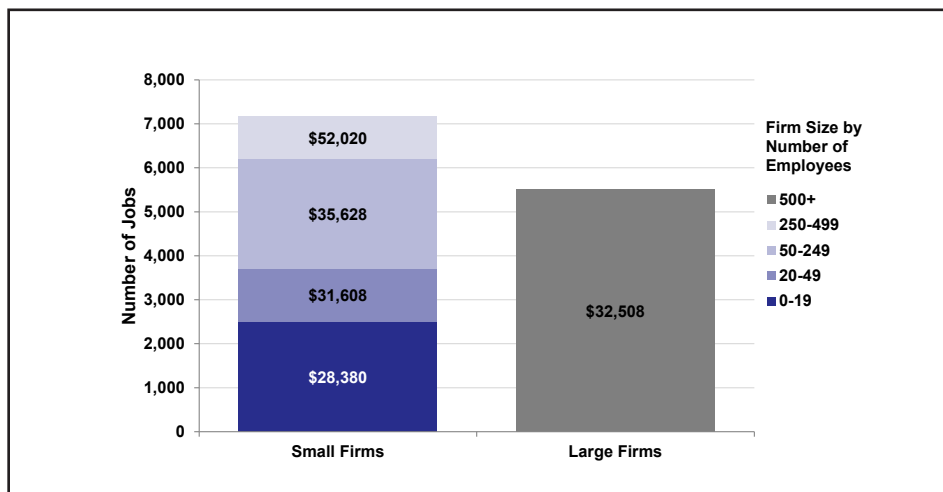
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Guernsey County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$522	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$156	\$448
Taxes	\$235	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,713	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,556	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.28	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Guernsey County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	633	33%
Cambridge	6,239	58%
Center	787	39%
Jackson	2,032	56%
Knox	244	58%
Liberty	390	38%
Londonderry	346	38%
Madison	416	40%
Millwood	407	52%
Monroe	334	45%
Oxford	364	35%
Richland	652	35%
Spencer	377	35%
Valley	771	53%
Washington	119	34%
Westland	863	35%
Wheeling	310	50%
Wills	560	32%

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ALICE IN HAMILTON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 809,099 • **Number of Households:** 335,907

Median Household Income: 53,229 (state average: \$52,334)

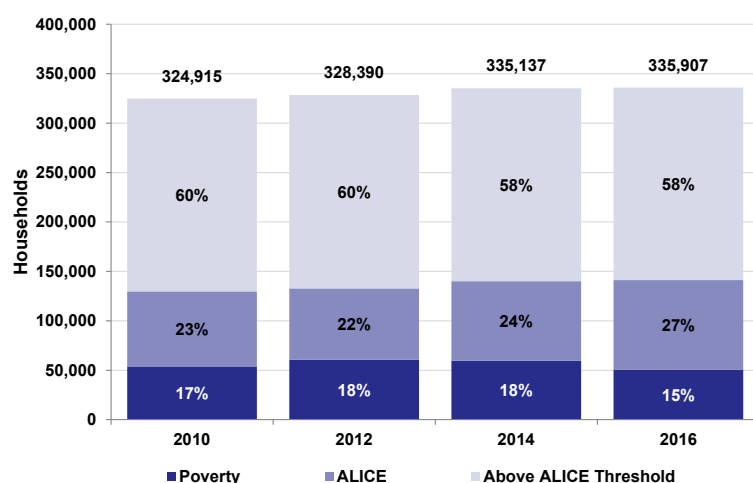
Unemployment Rate: 6.5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

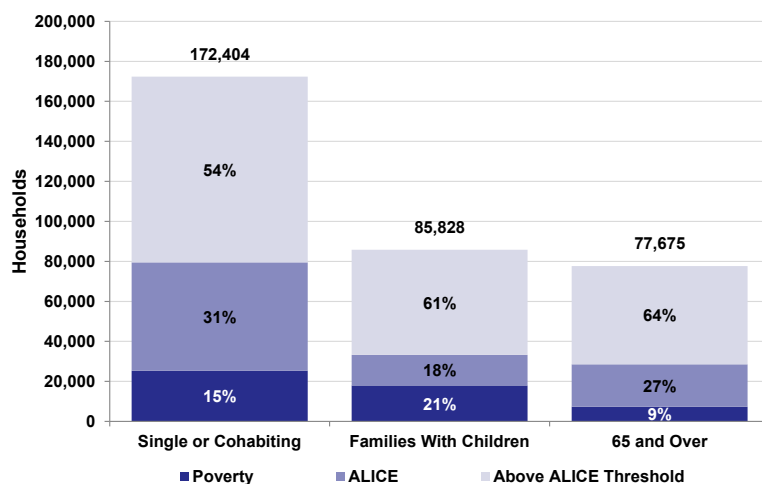
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

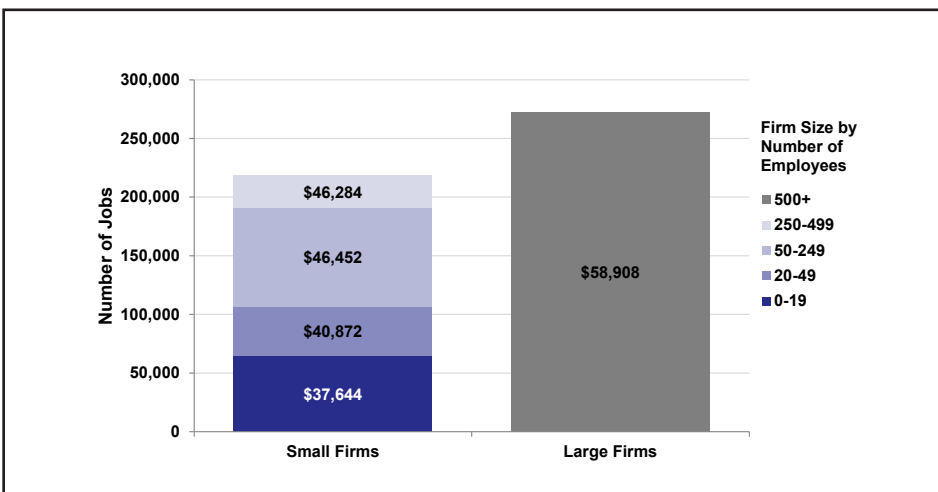
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Hamilton County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$509	\$787
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$546
Taxes	\$231	\$709
Monthly Total	\$1,694	\$6,004
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,328	\$72,048
Hourly Wage	\$10.16	\$36.02

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Hamilton County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Amberley village	1,243	11%
Anderson	15,948	20%
Arlington Heights village	372	58%
Blue Ash city	5,143	25%
Cheviot city	3,798	57%
Cincinnati city	134,648	59%
Colerain	22,319	38%
Columbia	1,951	37%
Crosby	1,075	28%
Deer Park city	2,561	46%
Delhi	10,597	30%
Elmwood Place village	798	64%
Evendale village	1,042	13%
Fairfax village	711	39%
Forest Park city	7,114	42%
Glendale village	951	21%
Golf Manor village	1,457	57%
Green	23,036	26%
Greenhills village	1,445	43%
Harrison	5,638	32%
Lincoln Heights village	1,391	89%
Lockland village	1,444	71%
Loveland city	3,902	27%
Madeira city	3,319	19%
Mariemont village	1,424	23%
Miami	5,874	29%
Montgomery city	3,827	16%
Mount Healthy city	2,901	65%
Newtown village	1,081	27%
North College Hill city	4,118	58%
Norwood city	8,714	55%
Reading city	4,373	50%
Sharonville city	5,043	43%
Silverton village	2,440	56%
Springdale city	4,337	45%
Springfield	14,117	41%
St. Bernard village	1,815	48%
Sycamore	8,169	30%
Symmes	5,655	23%
Terrace Park village	786	13%
The Village of Indian Hill city	2,081	10%
Whitewater	2,219	41%
Woodlawn village	1,403	36%
Wyoming city	3,042	15%

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ALICE IN HANCOCK COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 75872 • **Number of Households:** 31,693

Median Household Income: 52,810 (state average: \$52,334)

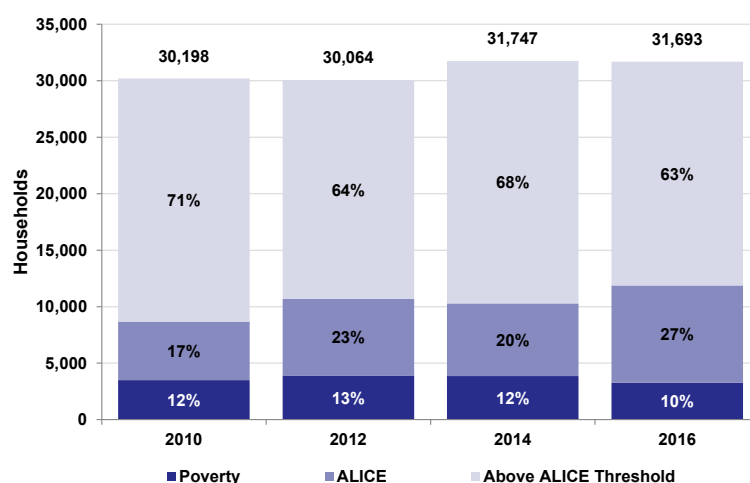
Unemployment Rate: 3.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 10% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

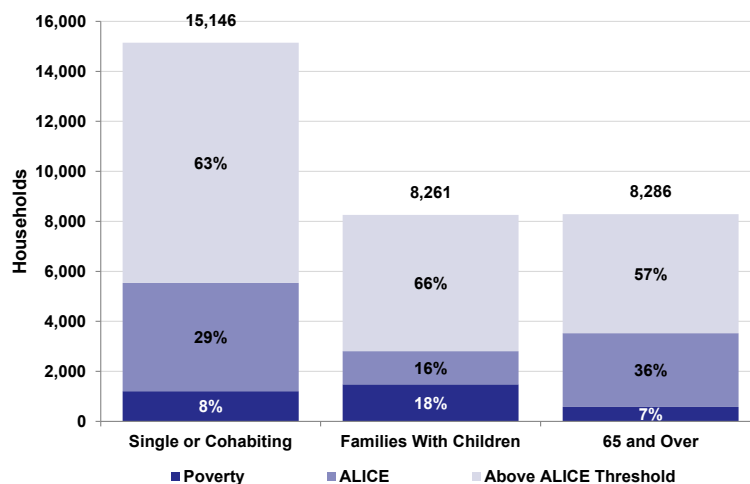
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

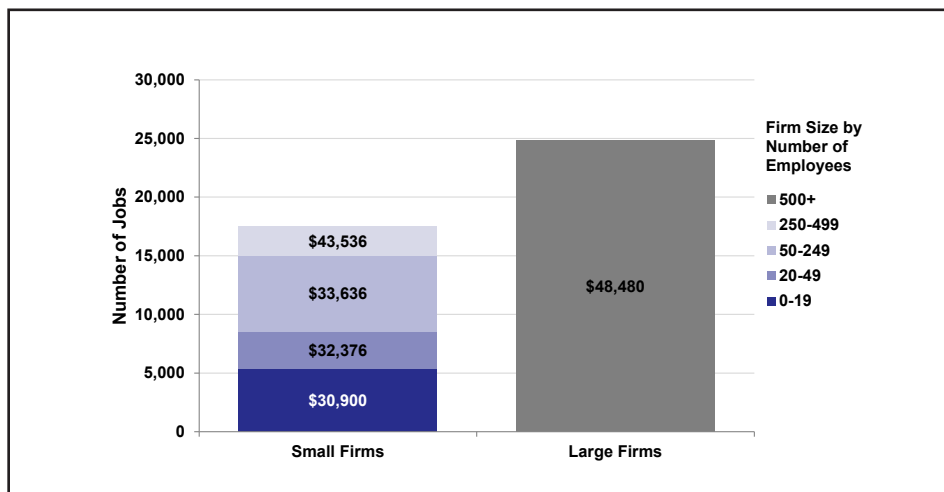
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Hancock County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$464	\$697
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$148	\$479
Taxes	\$219	\$540
Monthly Total	\$1,631	\$5,266
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,572	\$63,192
Hourly Wage	\$9.79	\$31.60

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Hancock County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Allen	922	24%
Amanda	359	21%
Arlington village	593	44%
Biglick	380	18%
Blanchard	492	35%
Cass	277	15%
Delaware	448	21%
Eagle	420	30%
Findlay city	18,055	43%
Jackson	389	23%
Liberty	2,849	32%
Madison	403	17%
Marion	1,127	17%
Orange	554	30%
Pleasant	959	37%
Portage	326	6%
Union	682	28%
Van Buren	344	26%
Washington	1,970	48%

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ALICE IN HARDIN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 31652 • **Number of Households:** 11,588

Median Household Income: 44,842 (state average: \$52,334)

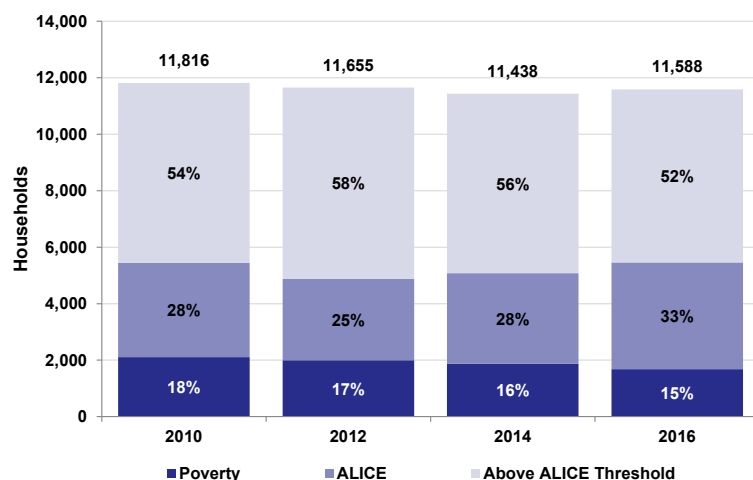
Unemployment Rate: 8.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 33% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

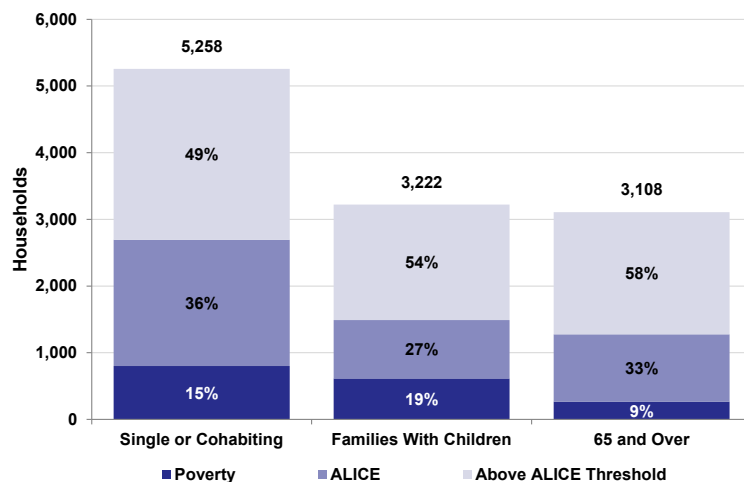
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

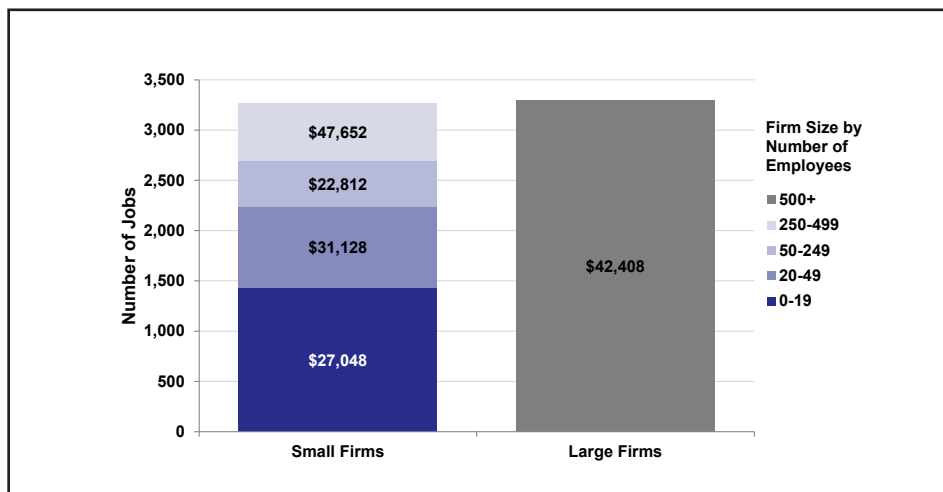
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Hardin County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$439	\$674
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$145	\$450
Taxes	\$213	\$468
Monthly Total	\$1,597	\$4,954
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,164	\$59,448
Hourly Wage	\$9.58	\$29.72

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Hardin County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Blanchard	589	49%
Buck	789	51%
Cessna	214	32%
Dudley	459	42%
Goshen	210	47%
Hale	489	36%
Jackson	864	47%
Liberty	2,443	47%
Lynn	239	26%
Marion	908	57%
McDonald	271	50%
Pleasant	3,337	51%
Roundhead	270	31%
Taylor Creek	187	28%
Washington	319	38%

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ALICE IN HARRISON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 15521 • **Number of Households:** 6,242

Median Household Income: 44,000 (state average: \$52,334)

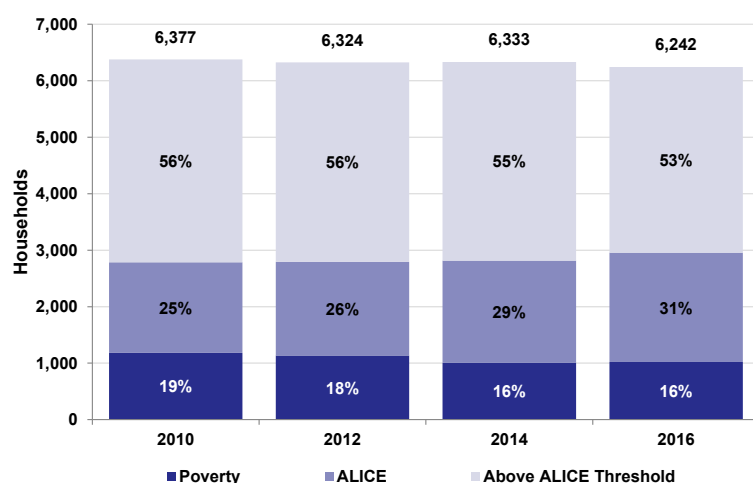
Unemployment Rate: 4.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

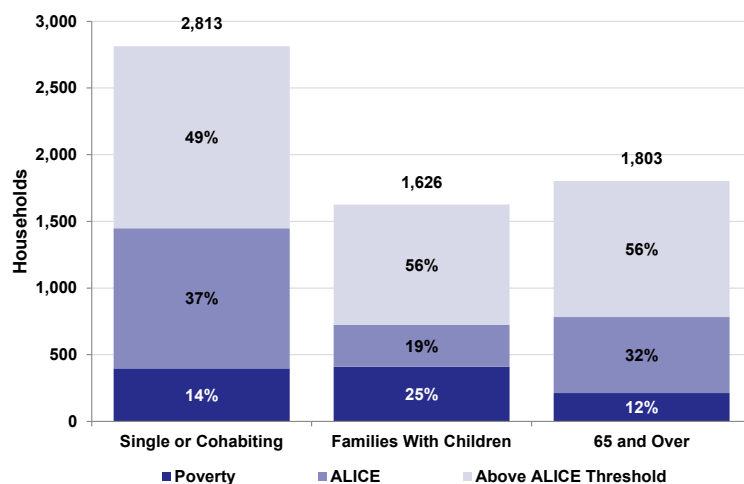
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

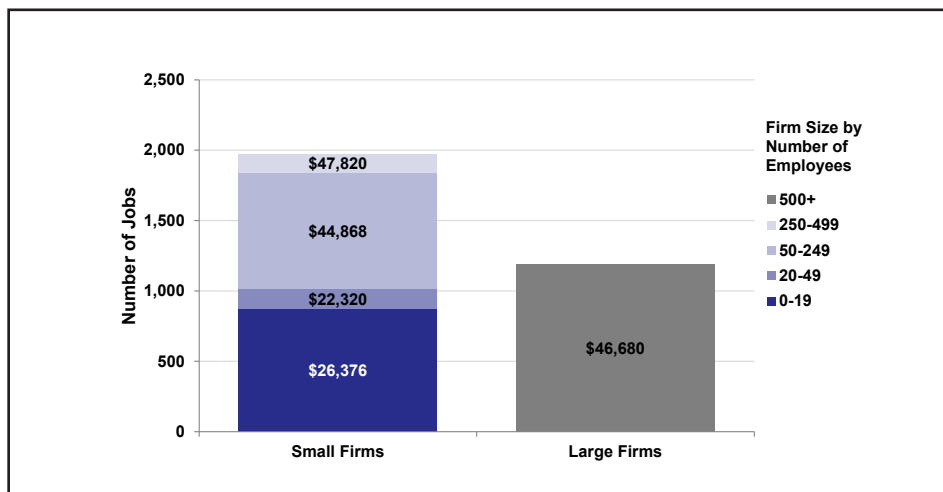
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Harrison County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$406	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$141	\$529
Taxes	\$204	\$666
Monthly Total	\$1,551	\$5,815
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,612	\$69,780
Hourly Wage	\$9.31	\$34.89

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Harrison County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Athens	192	42%
Cadiz	1,332	46%
Franklin	325	33%
Freeport	338	56%
German	282	55%
Green	789	41%
Monroe	401	56%
Moorefield	245	34%
North	647	57%
Nottingham	100	44%
Rumley	672	52%
Short Creek	484	41%
Stock	137	40%
Washington	203	68%

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ALICE IN HENRY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 27,890 • **Number of Households:** 11,035

Median Household Income: 54,941 (state average: \$52,334)

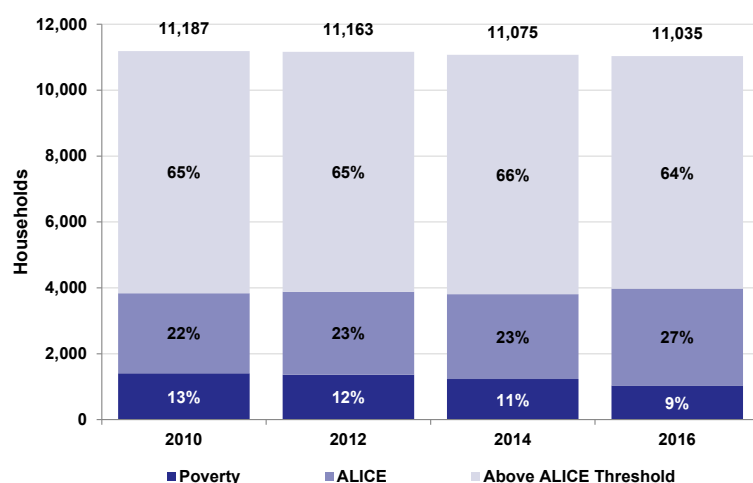
Unemployment Rate: 5.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

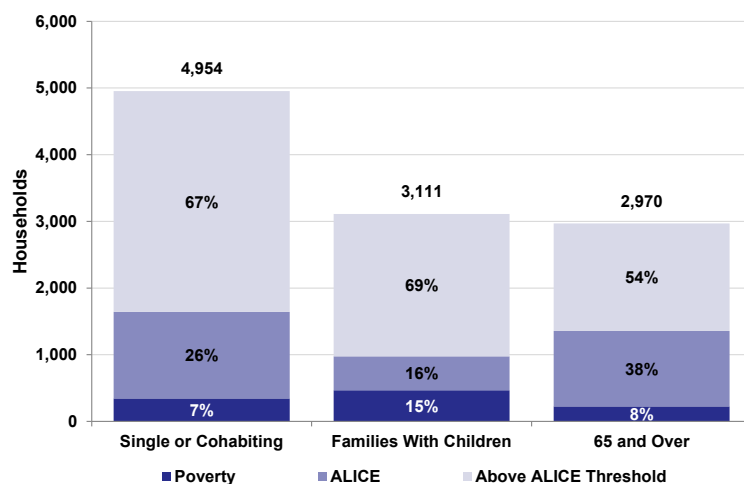
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

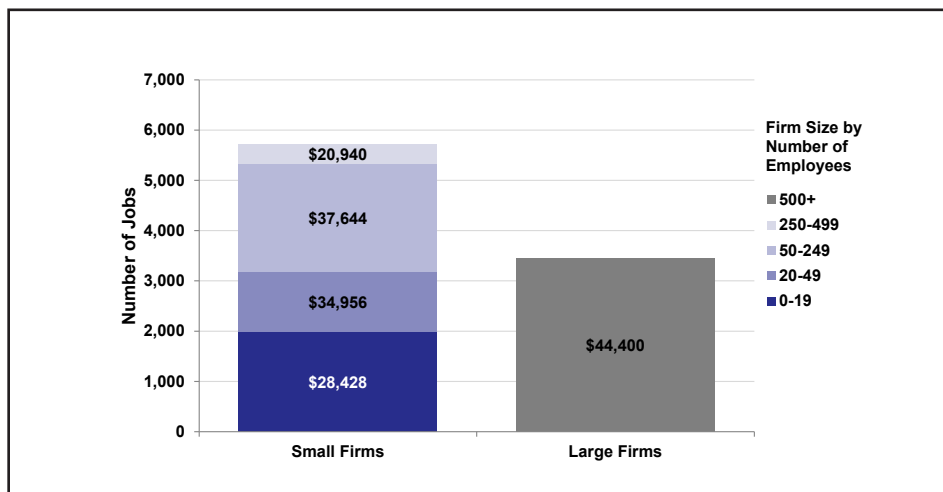
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Henry County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Henry County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bartlow	951	41%
Damascus	710	44%
Flatrock	447	25%
Freedom	331	34%
Harrison	534	20%
Liberty	1,029	31%
Marion	449	33%
Monroe	412	35%
Napoleon	3,902	42%
Pleasant	808	38%
Richfield	213	17%
Ridgeville	425	24%
Washington	824	27%

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ALICE IN HIGHLAND COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 43,109 • **Number of Households:** 16,635

Median Household Income: 40,593 (state average: \$52,334)

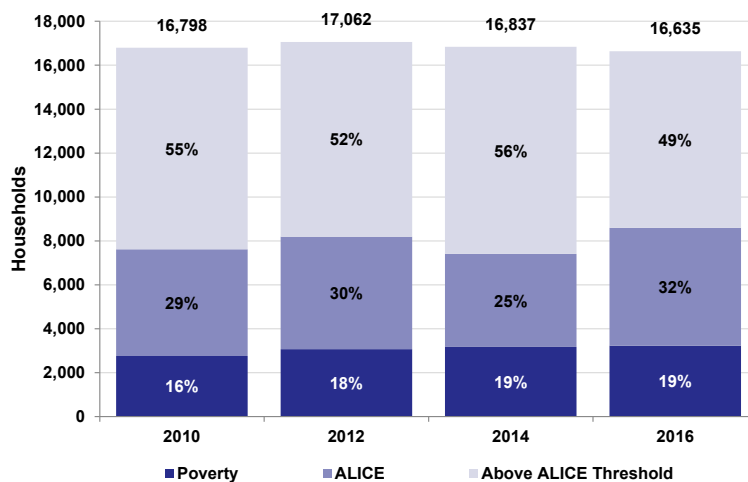
Unemployment Rate: 9.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

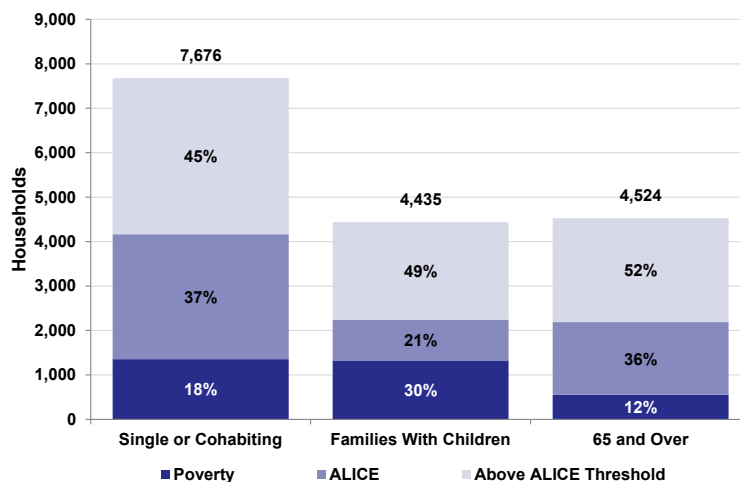
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

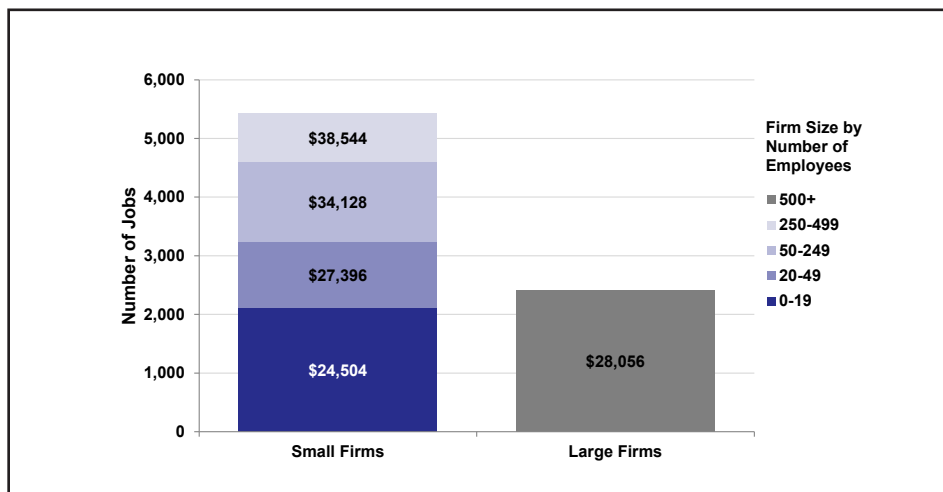
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Highland County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$426	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$144	\$474
Taxes	\$210	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,580	\$5,209
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,960	\$62,508
Hourly Wage	\$9.48	\$31.25

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Highland County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Brushcreek	517	46%
Clay	472	34%
Concord	482	50%
Dodson	893	48%
Fairfield	1,390	52%
Hamer	276	51%
Jackson	308	35%
Liberty	4,143	57%
Madison	2,720	63%
Marshall	409	36%
New Market	851	45%
Paint	1,618	50%
Penn	534	34%
Salem	283	47%
Union	692	45%
Washington	562	48%
Whiteoak	485	51%

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ALICE IN HOCKING COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 28690 • **Number of Households:** 11,326

Median Household Income: 43,382 (state average: \$52,334)

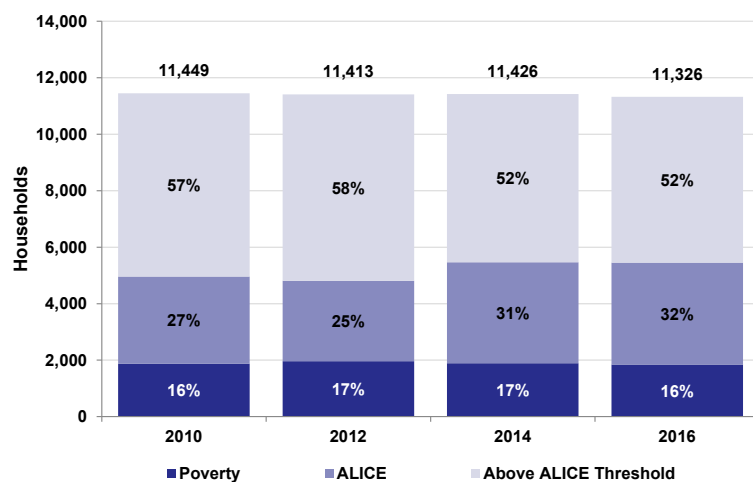
Unemployment Rate: 9.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

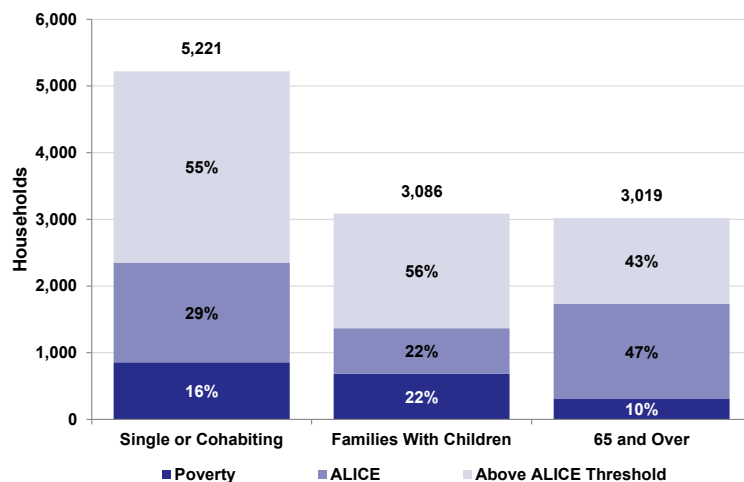
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

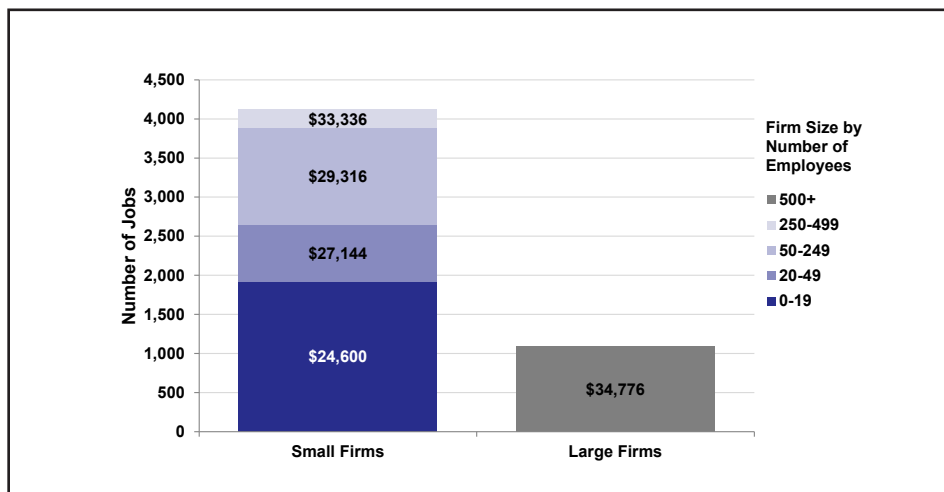
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Hocking County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$523	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$156	\$448
Taxes	\$235	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,714	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,568	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.28	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Hocking County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Benton	315	32%
Falls	4,854	54%
Good Hope	502	43%
Green	1,258	56%
Laurel	524	21%
Marion	914	32%
Perry	964	46%
Salt Creek	411	58%
Starr	578	39%
Ward	530	47%
Washington	476	51%

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ALICE IN HOLMES COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 43,702 • **Number of Households:** 12,500

Median Household Income: 53,619 (state average: \$52,334)

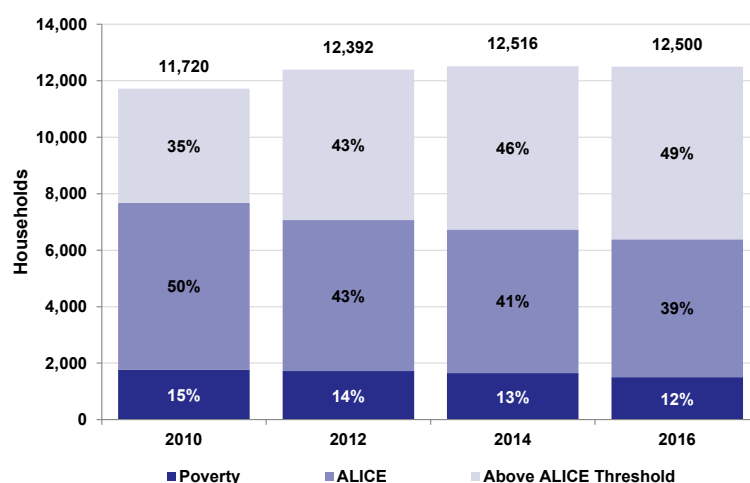
Unemployment Rate: 3.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 39% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

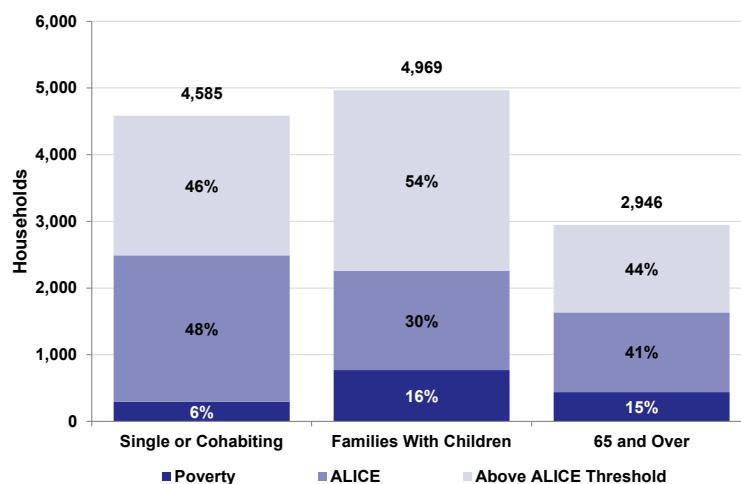
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

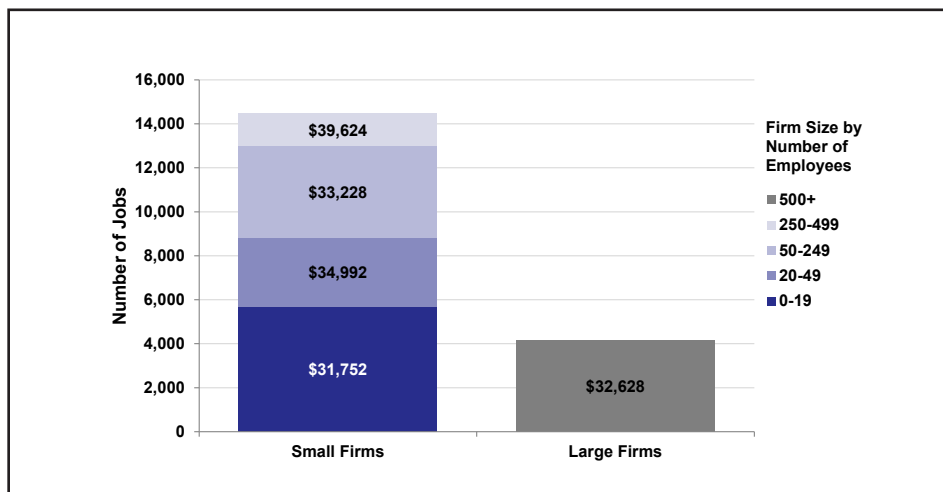
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Holmes County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$521	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$156	\$448
Taxes	\$235	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,712	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,544	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.27	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Holmes County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Berlin	1,223	38%
Clark	867	59%
Hardy	2,021	62%
Killbuck	841	65%
Knox	461	55%
Mechanic	878	51%
Monroe	522	42%
Paint	967	46%
Prairie	950	38%
Richland	369	59%
Ripley	783	37%
Salt Creek	963	49%
Walnut Creek	1,007	55%
Washington	648	55%

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ALICE IN HURON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 58,704 • **Number of Households:** 22,521

Median Household Income: 48,838 (state average: \$52,334)

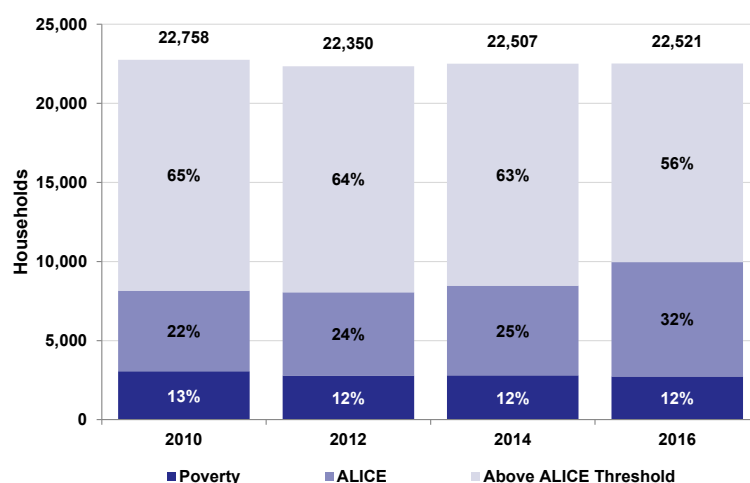
Unemployment Rate: 6.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

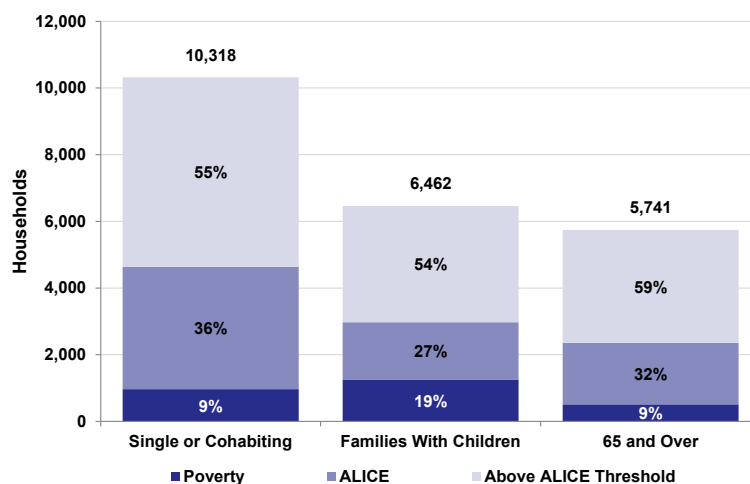
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Huron County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$411	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$142	\$474
Taxes	\$206	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,559	\$5,209
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,708	\$62,508
Hourly Wage	\$9.35	\$31.25

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Huron County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bellevue city	1,404	46%
Bronson	764	26%
Clarksfield	573	38%
Fairfield	474	37%
Fitchville	352	58%
Greenfield	538	28%
Greenwich	332	36%
Greenwich village	584	53%
Hartland	396	50%
Lyme	345	19%
New Haven	934	43%
New London	1,087	51%
Norwalk	1,332	35%
Norwalk city	6,708	51%
Norwich	376	35%
Peru	494	23%
Richmond	407	43%
Ridgefield	905	43%
Ripley	479	32%
Sherman	158	21%
Townsend	576	37%
Wakeman	1,068	46%
Willard city	2,235	53%

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ALICE IN JACKSON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 32,717 • **Number of Households:** 12,814

Median Household Income: 40,330 (state average: \$52,334)

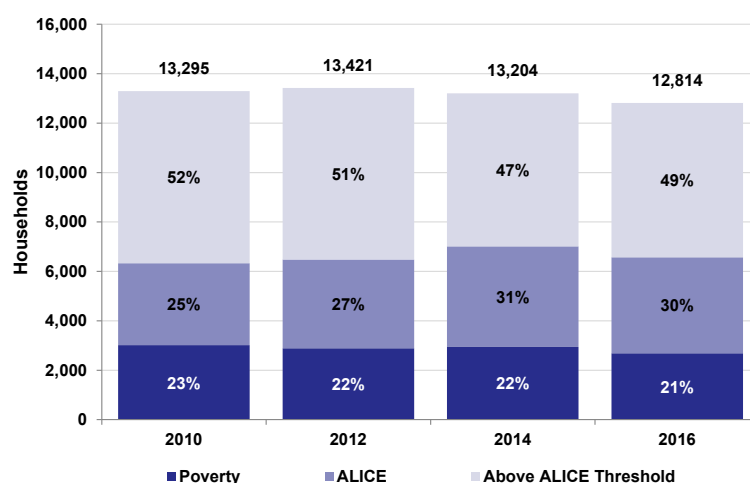
Unemployment Rate: 11.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 21% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

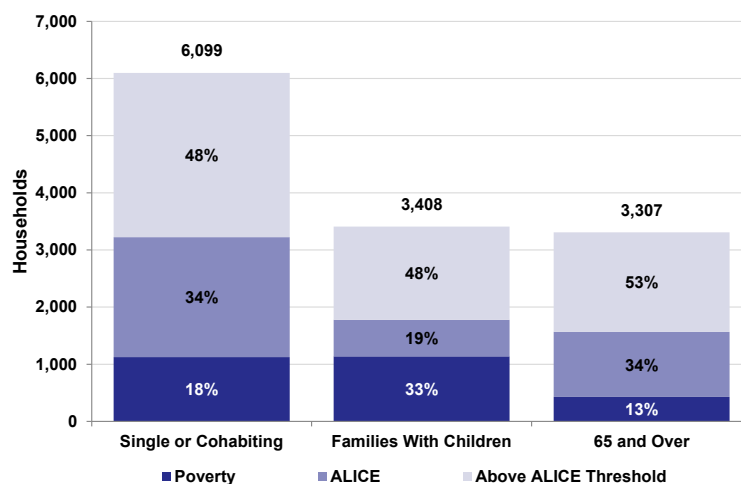
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

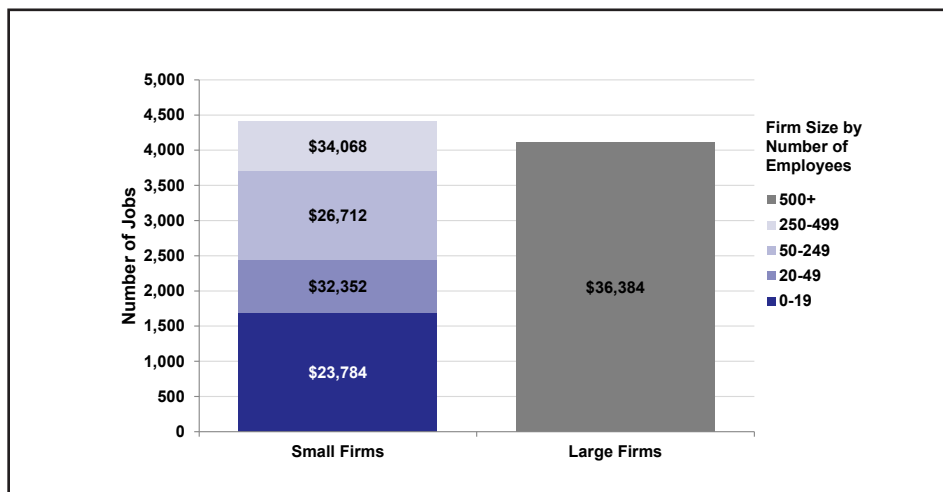
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Jackson County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Jackson County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bloomfield	327	55%
Coal	706	64%
Franklin	935	41%
Hamilton	187	27%
Jackson	408	43%
Jackson city	2,901	59%
Jefferson	1,307	54%
Liberty	622	54%
Lick	1,126	55%
Madison	825	39%
Milton	359	32%
Scioto	634	52%
Washington	269	32%
Wellston city	2,208	51%

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ALICE IN JEFFERSON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 66704 • **Number of Households:** 26,971

Median Household Income: 44,257 (state average: \$52,334)

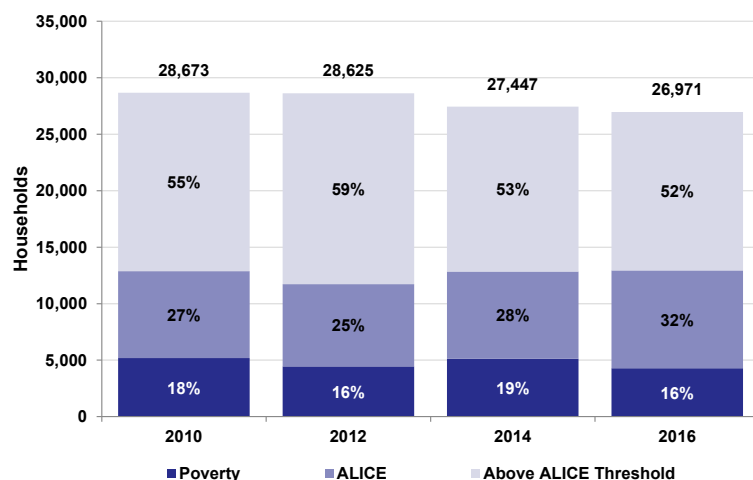
Unemployment Rate: 4.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

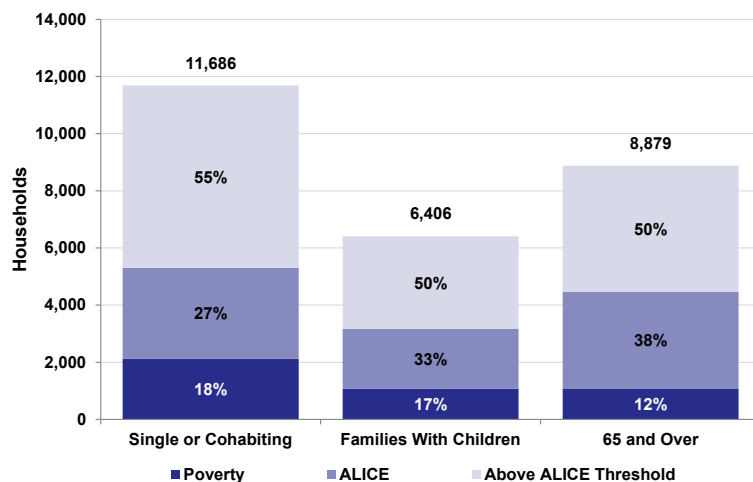
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Jefferson County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$459	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$148	\$529
Taxes	\$218	\$666
Monthly Total	\$1,625	\$5,815
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,500	\$69,780
Hourly Wage	\$9.75	\$34.89

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Jefferson County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Brush Creek	187	37%
Cross Creek	3,363	39%
Island Creek	4,269	48%
Knox	2,009	59%
Mount Pleasant	986	42%
Ross	222	42%
Salem	1,116	31%
Saline	442	50%
Smithfield	1,309	47%
Springfield	932	49%
Steubenville	1,843	49%
Steubenville city	7,310	57%
Warren	1,732	51%
Wayne	869	42%
Wells	1,187	58%

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ALICE IN KNOX COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 60878 • **Number of Households:** 23,029

Median Household Income: 48,619 (state average: \$52,334)

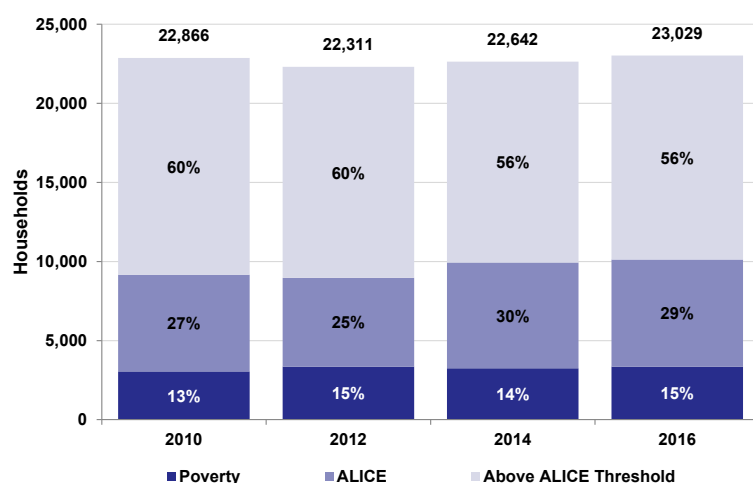
Unemployment Rate: 6.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

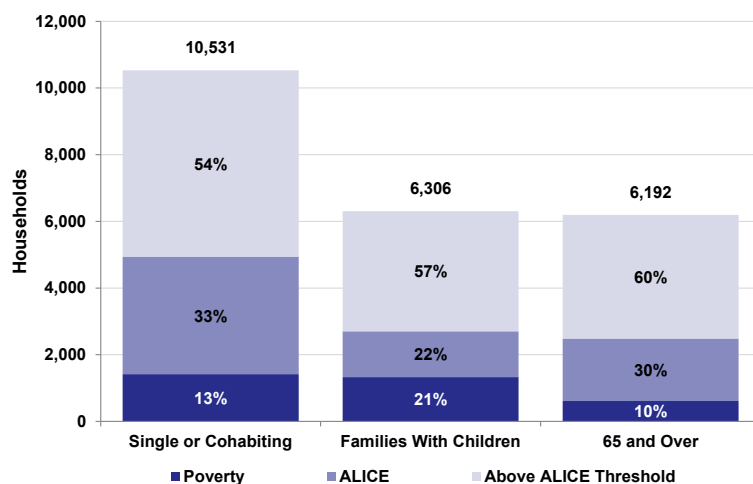
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Knox County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$476	\$667
Child Care	\$-	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$150	\$530
Taxes	\$222	\$669
Monthly Total	\$1,648	\$5,828
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,776	\$69,936
Hourly Wage	\$9.89	\$34.97

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Knox County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Berlin	762	41%
Brown	609	45%
Butler	438	57%
Clay	447	47%
Clinton	1,125	48%
College	555	33%
Fredericktown village	1,237	50%
Harrison	252	29%
Hilliar	1,312	35%
Howard	2,335	26%
Jackson	493	50%
Jefferson	207	63%
Liberty	505	30%
Middlebury	259	29%
Milford	729	24%
Miller	364	23%
Monroe	907	38%
Morgan	394	13%
Morris	681	35%
Mount Vernon city	6,941	59%
Pike	574	53%
Pleasant	516	36%
Union	1,070	47%
Wayne	317	18%

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ALICE IN LAKE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 228,614 • **Number of Households:** 96,325

Median Household Income: 61,870 (state average: \$52,334)

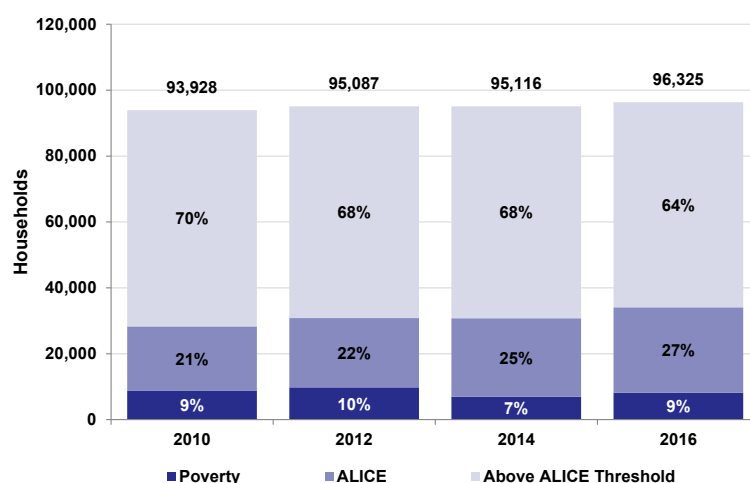
Unemployment Rate: 3.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

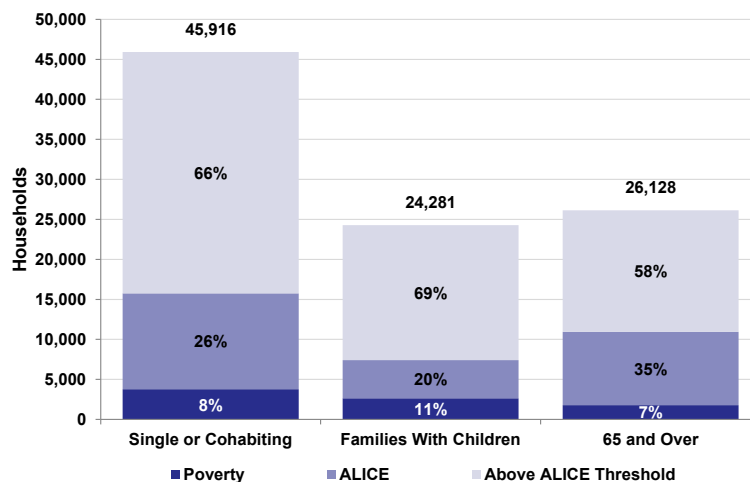
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Lake County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$499	\$773
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$544
Taxes	\$228	\$705
Monthly Total	\$1,680	\$5,984
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,160	\$71,808
Hourly Wage	\$10.08	\$35.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Lake County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Concord	7,185	22%
Eastlake city	7,807	42%
Kirtland city	2,649	24%
Kirtland Hills village	269	17%
Lakeline village	108	35%
Leroy	1,256	24%
Madison	7,093	44%
Mentor city	19,542	32%
Mentor-on-the-Lake city	3,217	45%
Painesville	8,135	39%
Painesville city	7,369	54%
Perry	3,196	29%
Timberlake village	291	29%
Waite Hill village	197	18%
Wickliffe city	5,679	43%
Willoughby city	10,774	41%
Willoughby Hills city	4,501	36%
Willowick city	5,981	39%

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ALICE IN LAWRENCE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 61,503 • **Number of Households:** 23,243

Median Household Income: 44,256 (state average: \$52,334)

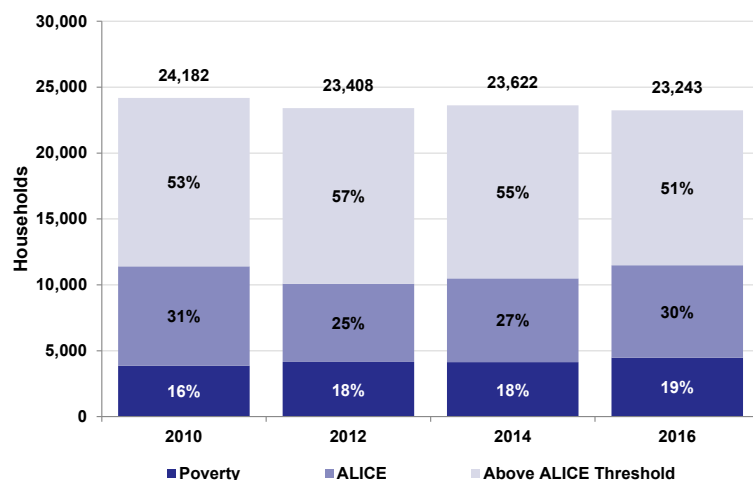
Unemployment Rate: 7.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

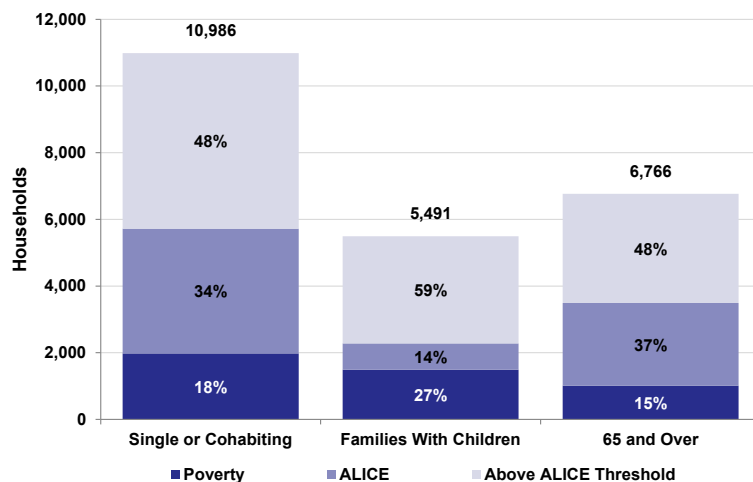
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

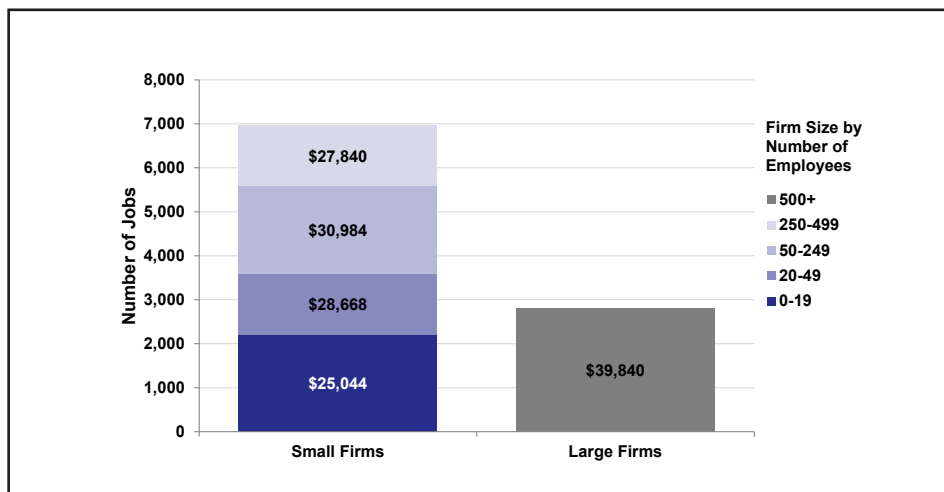
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Lawrence County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$406	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$141	\$474
Taxes	\$204	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,551	\$5,209
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,612	\$62,508
Hourly Wage	\$9.31	\$31.25

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Lawrence County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Aid	304	51%
Decatur	237	59%
Elizabeth	956	58%
Fayette	3,497	41%
Hamilton	763	46%
Lawrence	1,121	44%
Mason	416	35%
Perry	2,535	59%
Rome	3,281	37%
Symmes	204	50%
Union	3,365	53%
Upper	5,688	58%
Windsor	784	44%

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ALICE IN LICKING COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 172,198 • **Number of Households:** 62,898

Median Household Income: 58,685 (state average: \$52,334)

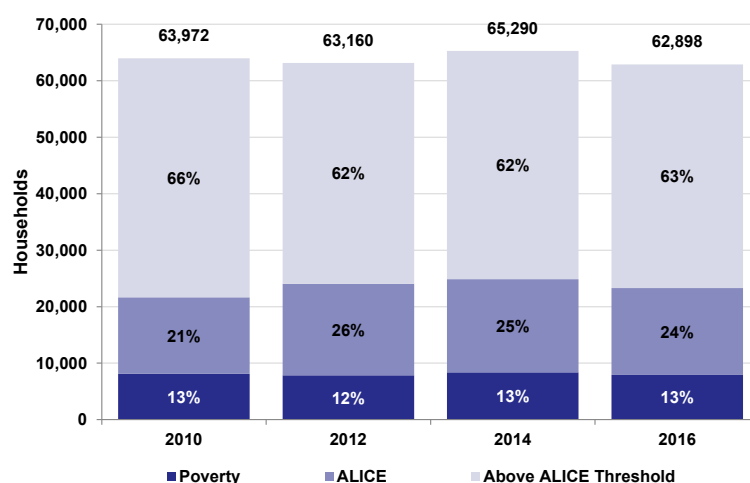
Unemployment Rate: 4.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 24% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

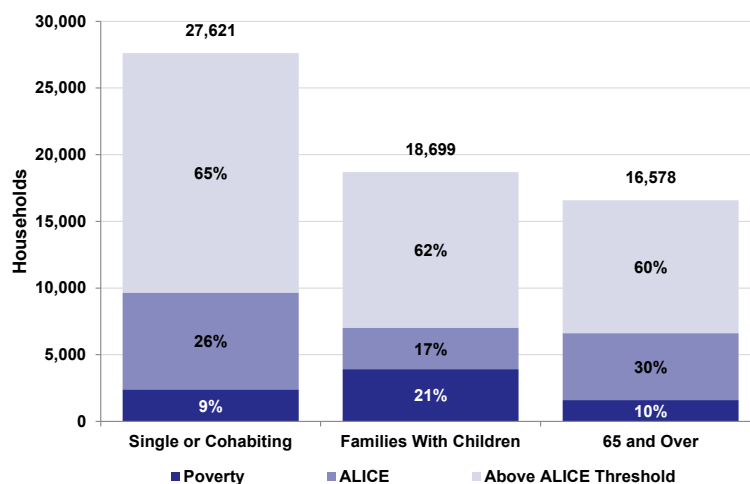
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

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Household Survival Budget, Licking County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$497
Taxes	\$238	\$585
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$5,463
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$65,556
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$32.78

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Licking County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bennington	545	18%
Bowling Green	615	22%
Burlington	507	20%
Eden	333	41%
Etna	5,561	20%
Fallsbury	393	47%
Franklin	890	43%
Granville	2,777	17%
Hanover	1,239	45%
Harrison	3,023	17%
Hartford	548	31%
Heath city	4,205	52%
Hopewell	461	33%
Jersey	1,102	27%
Liberty	981	9%
Licking	1,839	28%
Madison	1,146	37%
Mary Ann	853	45%
McKean	623	32%
Monroe	2,675	36%
Newark	823	30%
Newark city	19,683	56%
Newton	1,271	35%
Pataskala city	5,569	33%
Perry	598	40%
Reynoldsburg City	240	26%
St. Albans	1,056	21%
Union	3,302	43%
Washington	1,176	48%

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ALICE IN LOGAN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 45388 • **Number of Households:** 18,720

Median Household Income: 51,136 (state average: \$52,334)

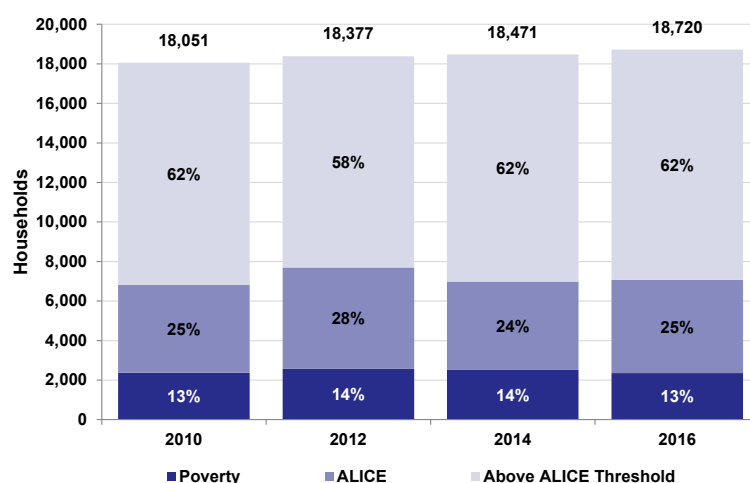
Unemployment Rate: 5.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

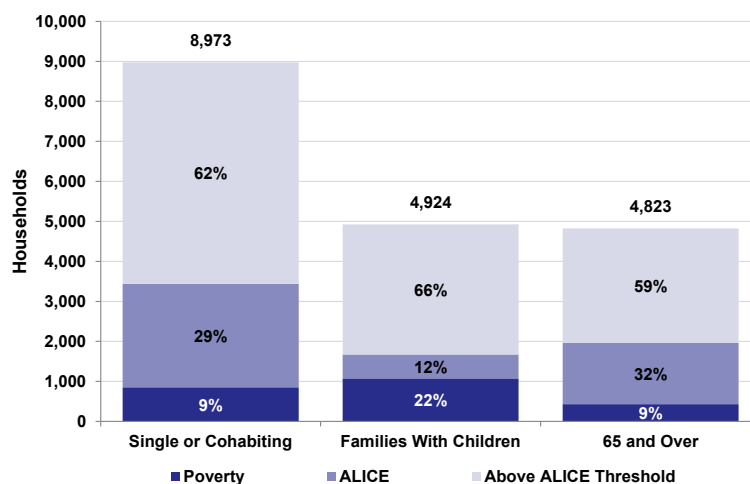
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

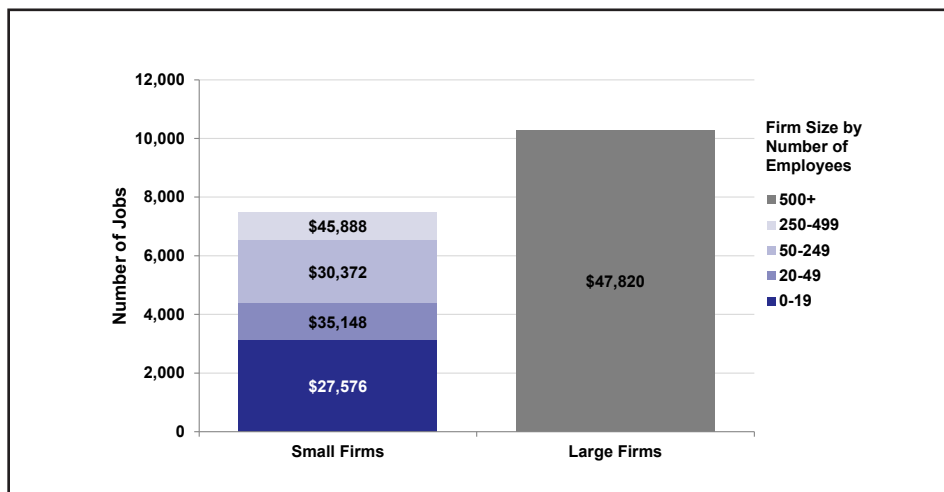
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Logan County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$504	\$711
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$481
Taxes	\$230	\$545
Monthly Total	\$1,687	\$5,287
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,244	\$63,444
Hourly Wage	\$10.12	\$31.72

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Logan County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bokescreek	565	26%
Harrison	740	31%
Jefferson	1,194	19%
Lake	5,159	47%
Liberty	1,353	34%
McArthur	818	22%
Miami	925	47%
Monroe	599	26%
Perry	384	34%
Pleasant	567	38%
Richland	1,044	24%
Rushcreek	817	20%
Stokes	2,284	51%
Union	264	22%
Washington	1,498	48%
Zane	448	12%

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ALICE IN LORAIN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 306,365 • **Number of Households:** 117,871

Median Household Income: \$54,504 (state average: \$52,334)

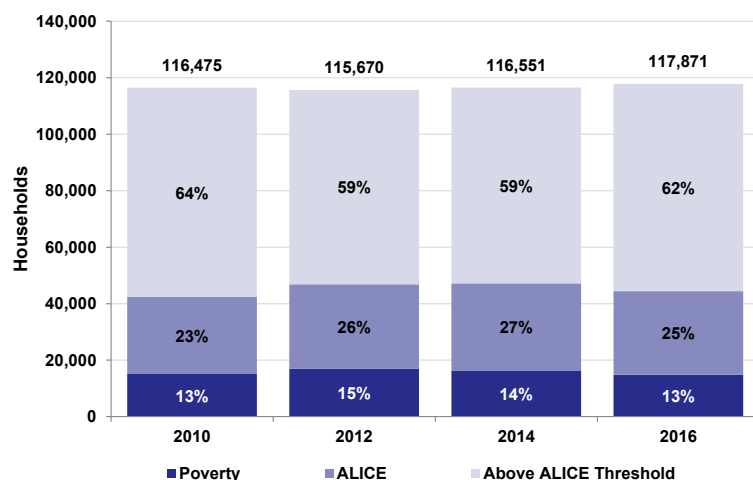
Unemployment Rate: 7.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

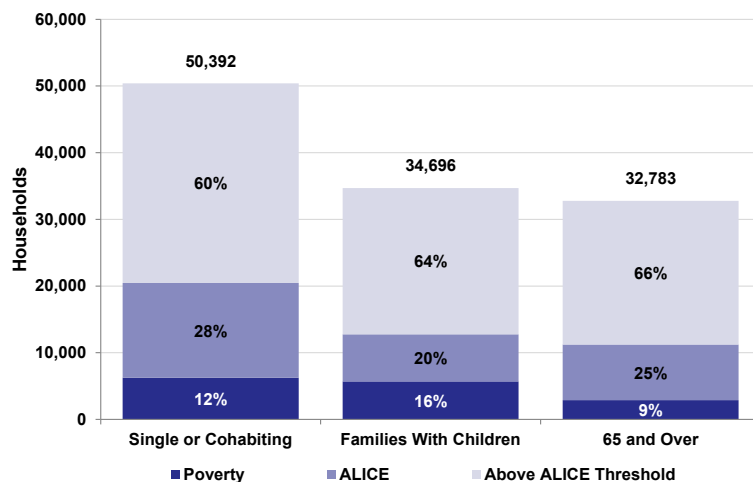
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

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Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

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Household Survival Budget, Lorain County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$499	\$773
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$544
Taxes	\$228	\$705
Monthly Total	\$1,680	\$5,984
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,160	\$71,808
Hourly Wage	\$10.08	\$35.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Lorain County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Amherst	2,873	35%
Amherst city	4,666	30%
Avon city	7,798	19%
Avon Lake city	9,060	23%
Brighton	274	29%
Brownhelm	3,086	33%
Camden	749	26%
Carlisle	3,103	29%
Columbia	2,623	24%
Eaton	2,253	26%
Elyria	1,451	38%
Elyria city	22,626	53%
Grafton	951	10%
Grafton village	881	37%
Henrietta	709	28%
Huntington	498	25%
LaGrange	2,347	35%
Lorain city	25,140	57%
New Russia	917	22%
North Ridgeville city	12,249	24%
Oberlin city	2,668	42%
Penfield	661	5%
Pittsfield	557	19%
Rochester	370	39%
Sheffield	1,481	63%
Sheffield Lake city	3,575	36%
Sheffield village	1,650	26%
Wellington	2,393	42%

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ALICE IN LUCAS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 432,488 • **Number of Households:** 180,217

Median Household Income: 44,534 (state average: \$52,334)

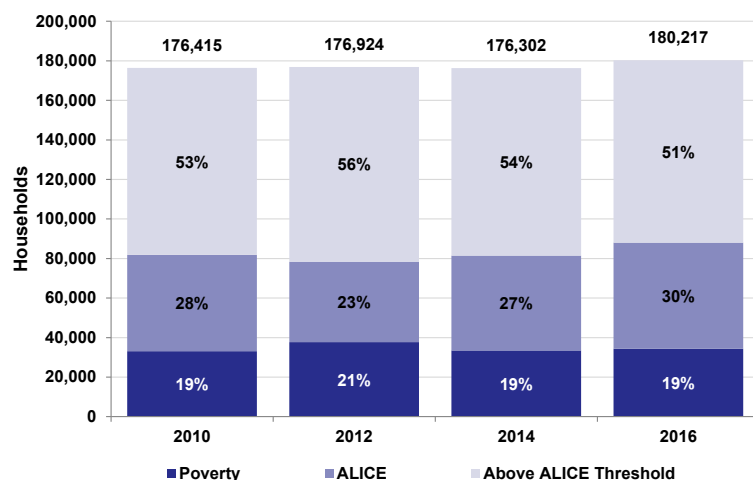
Unemployment Rate: 7.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

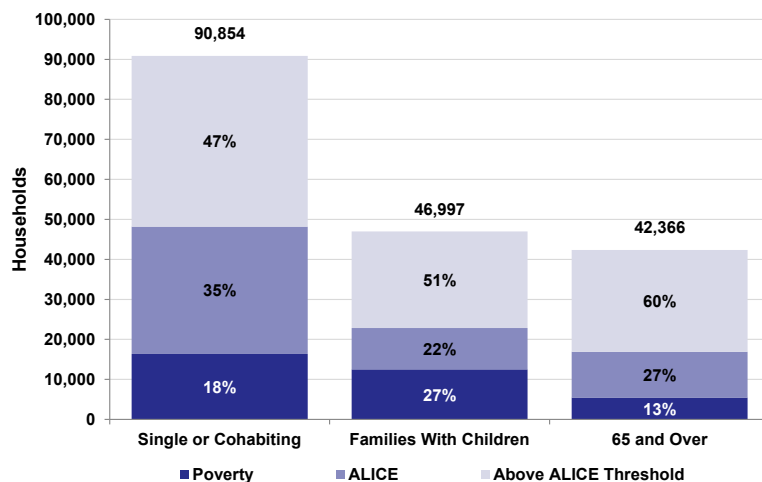
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

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Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

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Household Survival Budget, Lucas County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$435	\$695
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$145	\$534
Taxes	\$212	\$678
Monthly Total	\$1,592	\$5,869
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,104	\$70,428
Hourly Wage	\$9.55	\$35.21

...and wages lag behind

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Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



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Lucas County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Harding	261	27%
Jerusalem	1,271	34%
Maumee city	5,817	35%
Monclova	4,500	18%
Oregon city	8,136	39%
Ottawa Hills village	1,610	13%
Providence	1,248	31%
Richfield	639	27%
Roche de Boeuf	1,899	24%
Spencer	729	46%
Springfield	10,410	37%
Swanton	1,187	29%
Sylvania	18,874	25%
Toledo city	118,451	60%
Washington	1,252	45%
Waterville	2,170	26%

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ALICE IN MADISON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 43537 • **Number of Households:** 14,809

Median Household Income: 58,326 (state average: \$52,334)

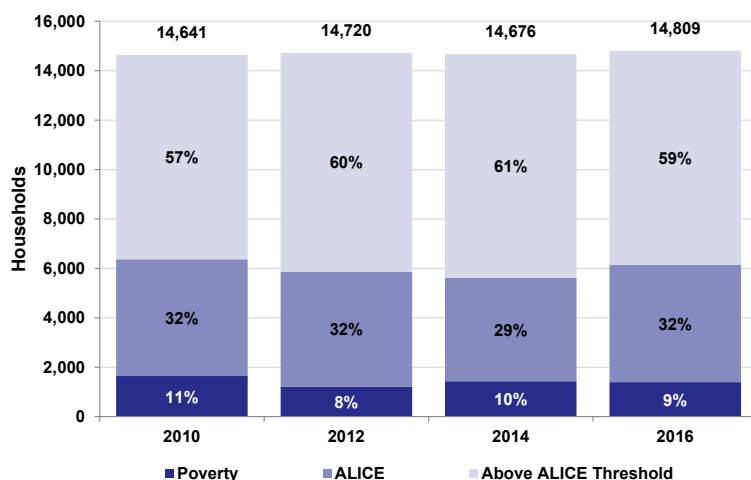
Unemployment Rate: 6.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

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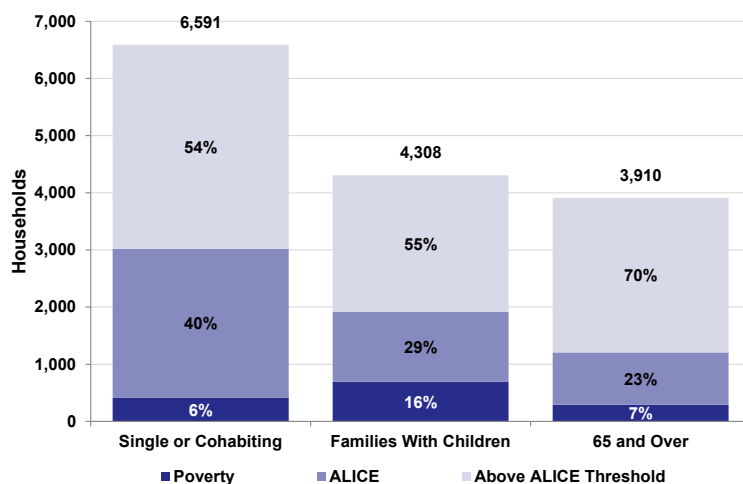
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

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Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

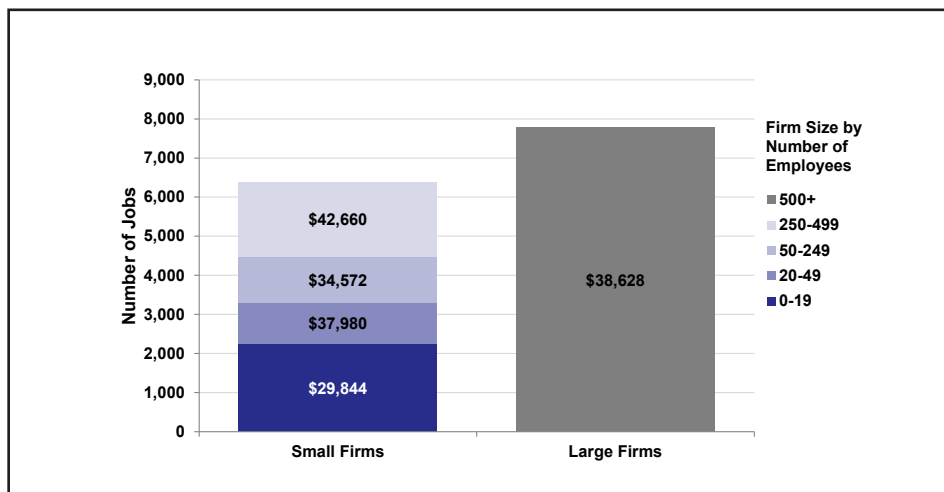
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Madison County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$471
Taxes	\$238	\$522
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$5,186
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$62,232
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$31.12

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Madison County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Canaan	841	26%
Darby	1,841	35%
Deer Creek	349	37%
Fairfield	563	20%
Jefferson	2,687	44%
London city	4,119	53%
Monroe	592	59%
Oak Run	218	16%
Paint	229	26%
Pike	202	34%
Pleasant	1,196	56%
Range	286	36%
Somerford	1,021	12%
Stokes	246	66%
Union	419	26%

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ALICE IN MAHONING COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 230,008 • **Number of Households:** 96,998

Median Household Income: 42,295 (state average: \$52,334)

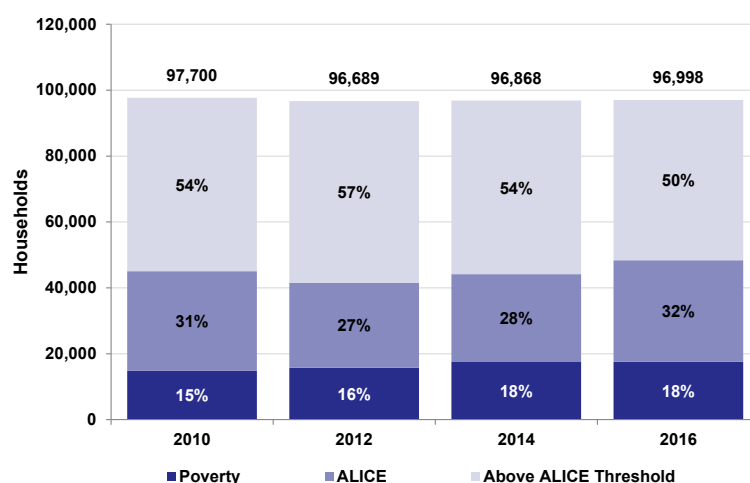
Unemployment Rate: 8.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 18% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

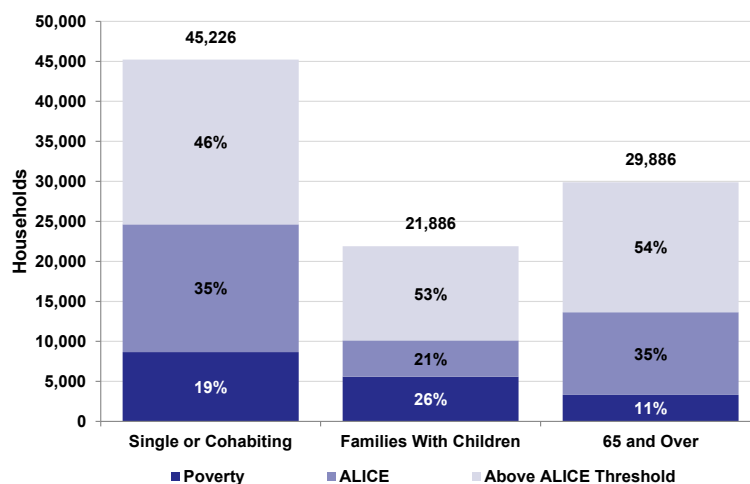
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

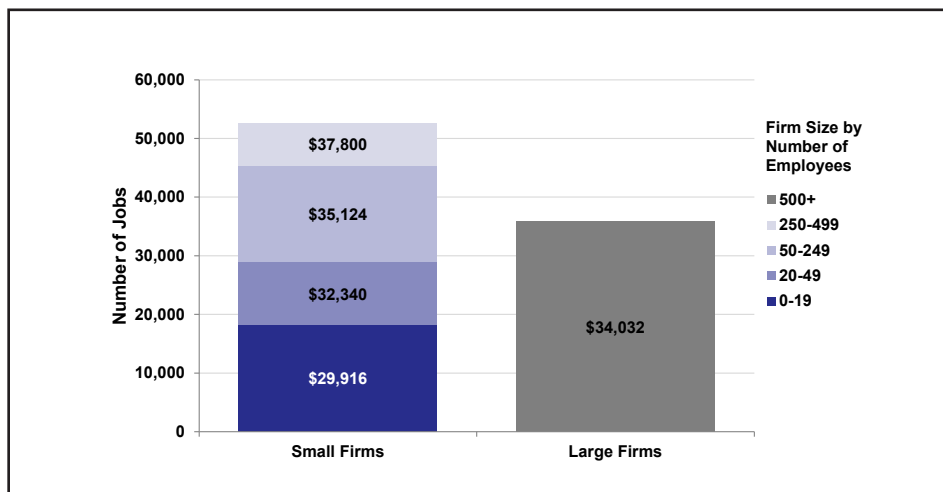
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Mahoning County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$454	\$660
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$147	\$529
Taxes	\$217	\$666
Monthly Total	\$1,618	\$5,817
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,416	\$69,804
Hourly Wage	\$9.71	\$34.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Mahoning County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Austintown	15,528	47%
Beaver	2,334	30%
Berlin	782	39%
Boardman	17,602	40%
Campbell city	3,327	69%
Canfield	6,330	27%
Coitsville	547	40%
Ellsworth	919	31%
Fairfield	462	31%
Goshen	1,258	45%
Green	1,352	37%
Jackson	901	33%
Lowellville village	472	58%
Milton	1,561	46%
New Middletown village	658	48%
Poland	5,924	23%
Sebring village	1,867	55%
Smith	1,811	54%
Springfield	2,734	43%
Struthers city	4,157	54%
Youngstown city	26,958	72%

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ALICE IN MARION COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 65096 • **Number of Households:** 25,114

Median Household Income: 42,826 (state average: \$52,334)

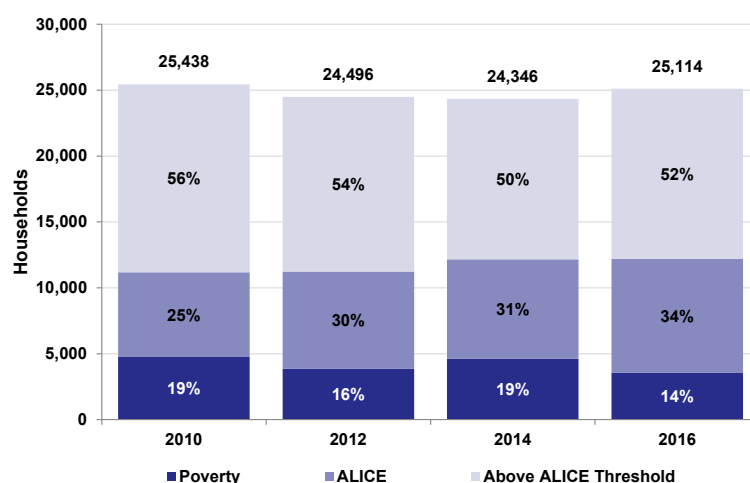
Unemployment Rate: 6.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 34% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 14% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

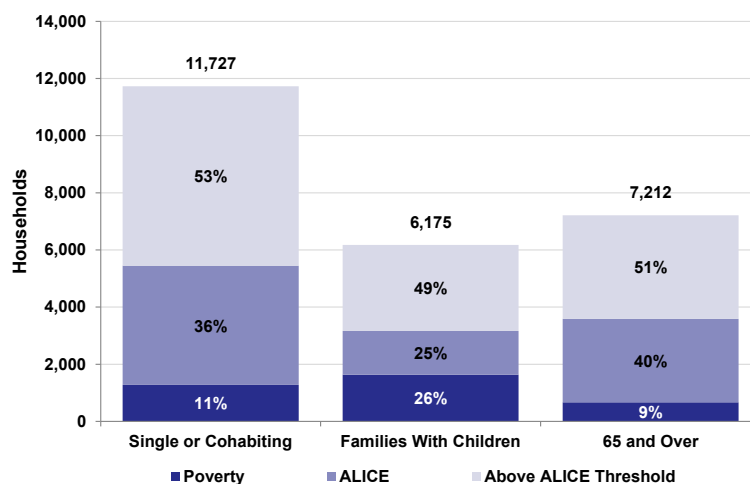
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

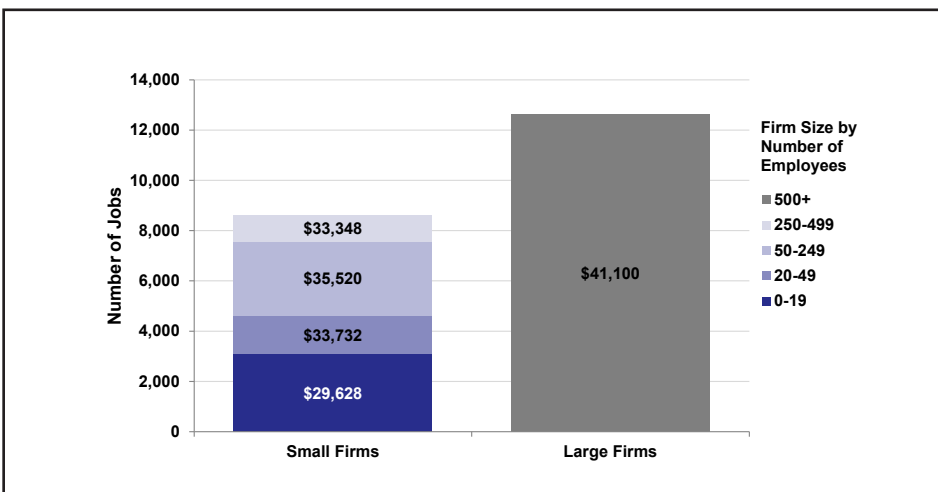
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Marion County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$447	\$724
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$146	\$457
Taxes	\$215	\$485
Monthly Total	\$1,608	\$5,028
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,296	\$60,336
Hourly Wage	\$9.65	\$30.17

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Marion County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Big Island	472	49%
Bowling Green	245	29%
Claridon	983	26%
Grand Prairie	713	39%
Green Camp	410	35%
Marion	16,050	56%
Montgomery	826	56%
Pleasant	1,809	31%
Prospect	770	37%
Richland	550	26%
Salt Rock	311	33%
Scott	285	64%
Tully	369	19%
Waldo	549	20%

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ALICE IN MEDINA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 177,221 • **Number of Households:** 67,812

Median Household Income: 72,618 (state average: \$52,334)

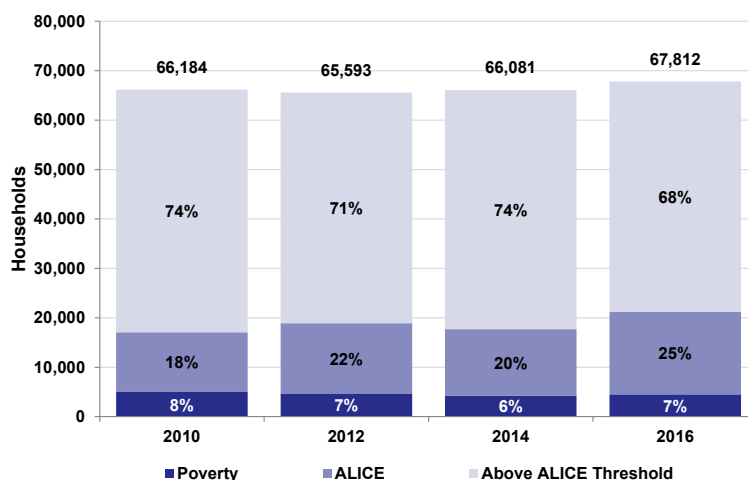
Unemployment Rate: 3.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 7% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

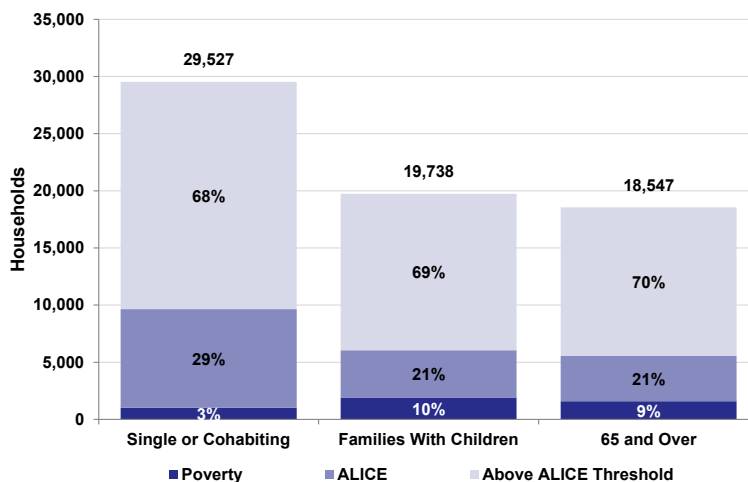
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Medina County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$499	\$773
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$544
Taxes	\$228	\$705
Monthly Total	\$1,680	\$5,984
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,160	\$71,808
Hourly Wage	\$10.08	\$35.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Medina County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Brunswick city	13,456	36%
Brunswick Hills	3,816	29%
Chatham	806	27%
Chippewa Lake village	281	45%
Gloria Glens Park village	185	52%
Granger	1,644	22%
Guilford	1,272	32%
Harrisville	703	43%
Hinckley	2,882	26%
Homer	464	41%
Lafayette	2,186	34%
Litchfield	1,223	29%
Liverpool	1,931	28%
Lodi village	1,178	64%
Medina	3,536	21%
Medina City	10,166	42%
Montville	3,938	21%
Seville Village	981	45%
Sharon	1,860	26%
Spencer	595	40%
Spencer village	234	48%
Wadsworth	1,527	28%
Wadsworth city	8,708	36%
Westfield	995	34%
Westfield Center village	484	32%
York	1,291	25%

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ALICE IN MEIGS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 23345 • **Number of Households:** 9,204

Median Household Income: 39,640 (state average: \$52,334)

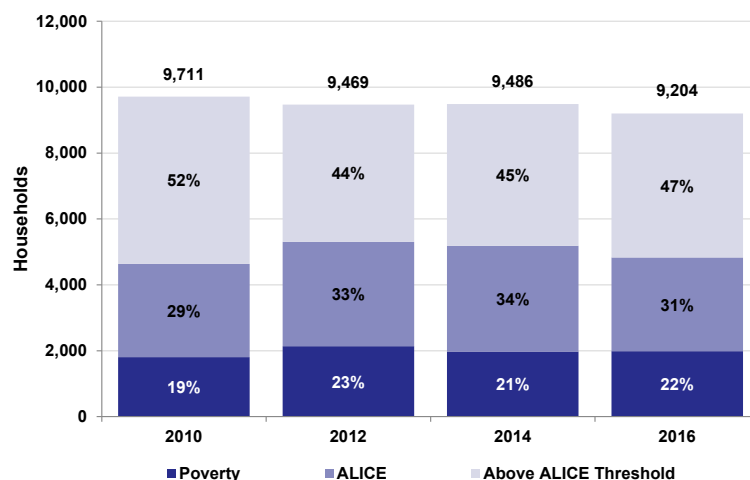
Unemployment Rate: 11.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 22% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

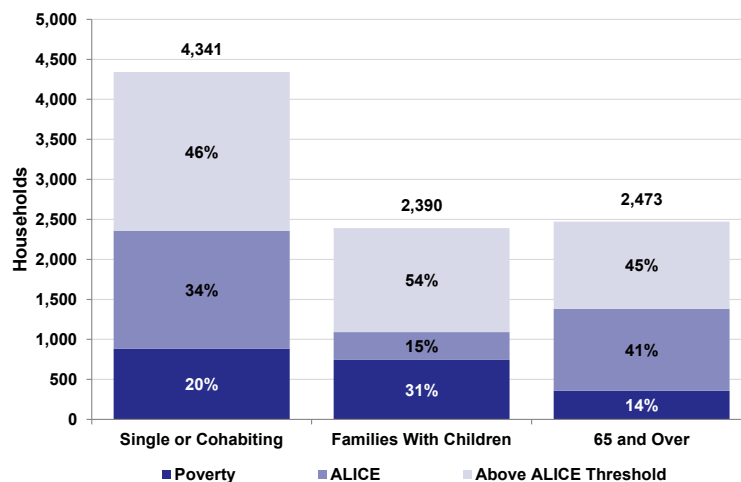
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

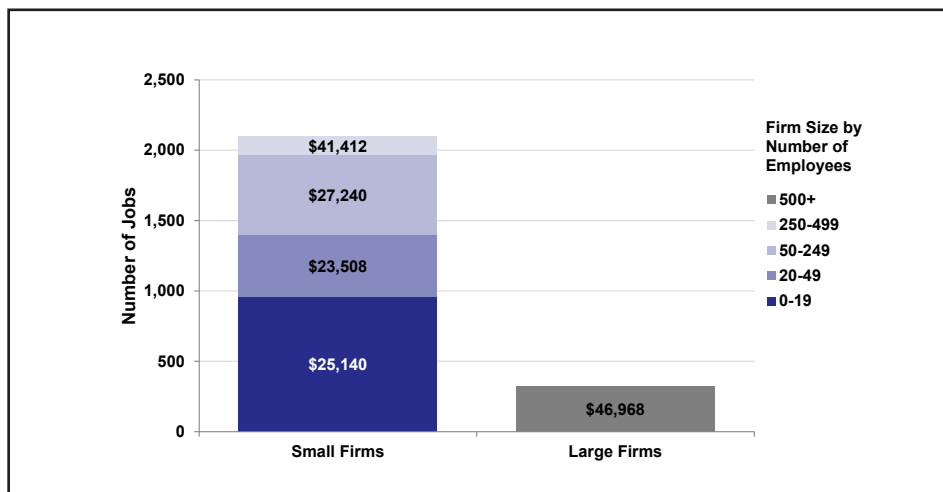
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Meigs County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Meigs County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bedford	414	51%
Chester	977	30%
Columbia	397	47%
Lebanon	303	57%
Letart	275	50%
Olive	716	54%
Orange	369	34%
Rutland	933	56%
Salem	441	67%
Salisbury	2,584	64%
Scipio	605	55%
Sutton	1,190	44%

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ALICE IN MERCER COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 40886 • **Number of Households:** 16,109

Median Household Income: 55,220 (state average: \$52,334)

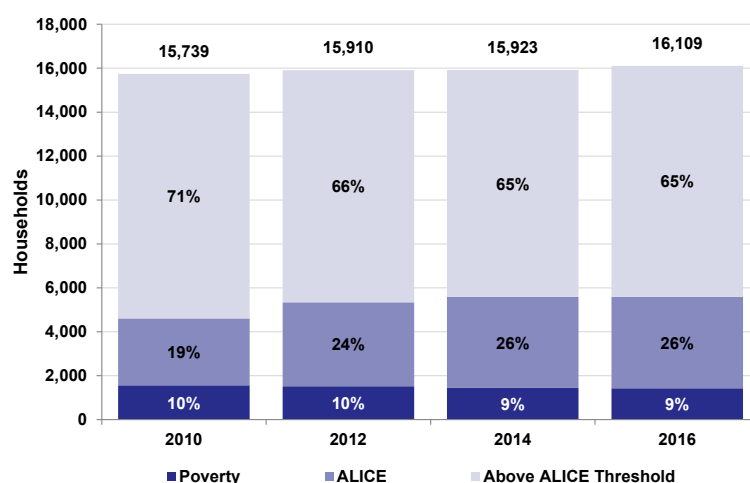
Unemployment Rate: 4.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 26% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

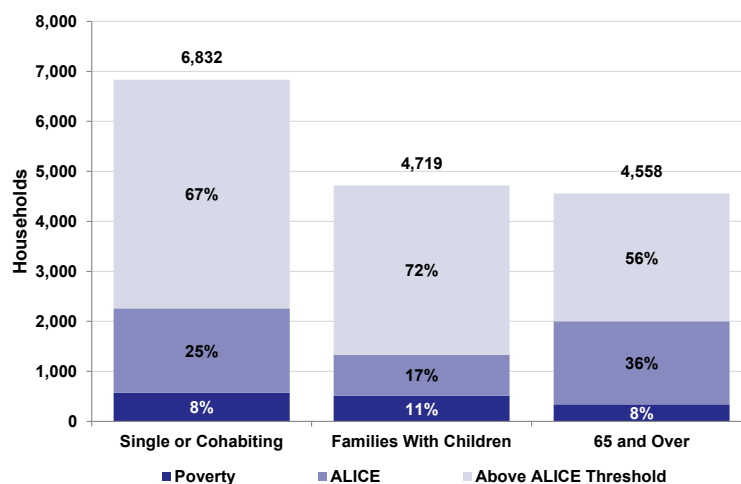
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

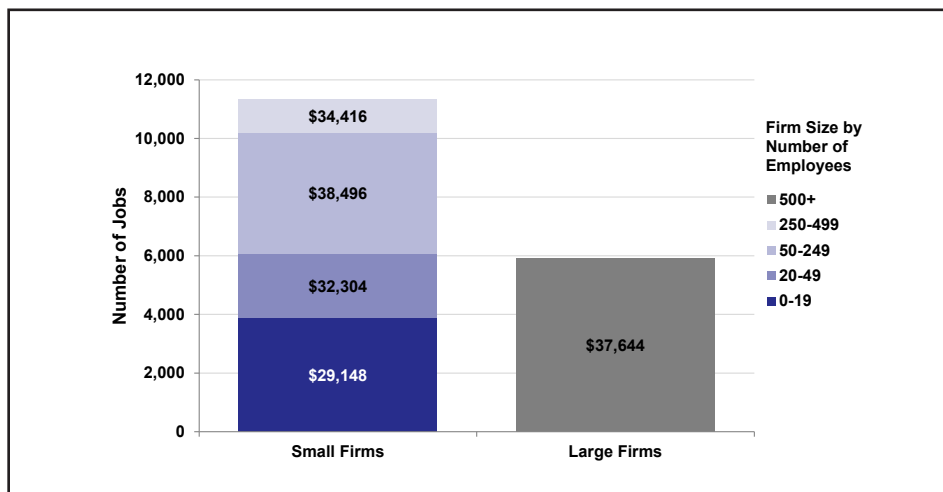
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Household Survival Budget, Mercer County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$490	\$660
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$152	\$449
Taxes	\$226	\$464
Monthly Total	\$1,668	\$4,935
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,016	\$59,220
Hourly Wage	\$10.01	\$29.61

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Mercer County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Black Creek	186	39%
Butler	2,492	35%
Center	477	19%
Dublin	869	41%
Franklin	1,150	36%
Gibson	679	28%
Granville	1,385	24%
Hopewell	369	23%
Jefferson	5,579	41%
Liberty	306	23%
Marion	1,134	29%
Recovery	543	29%
Union	530	47%
Washington	410	23%

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ALICE IN MIAMI COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 104,679 • **Number of Households:** 41,313

Median Household Income: 60,170 (state average: \$52,334)

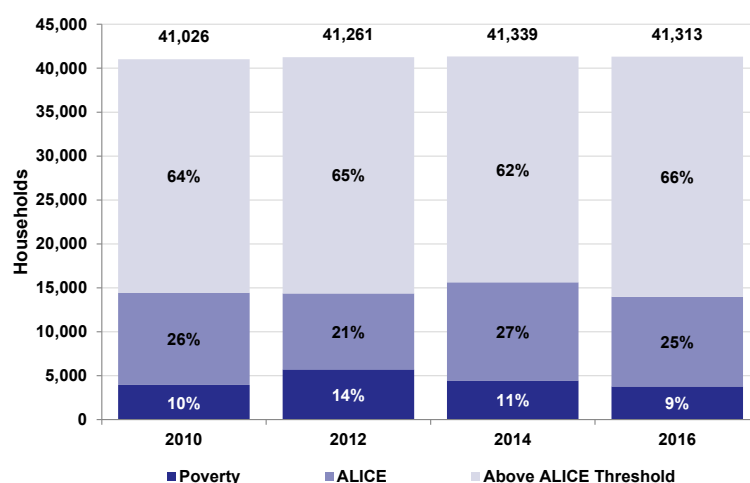
Unemployment Rate: 4.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

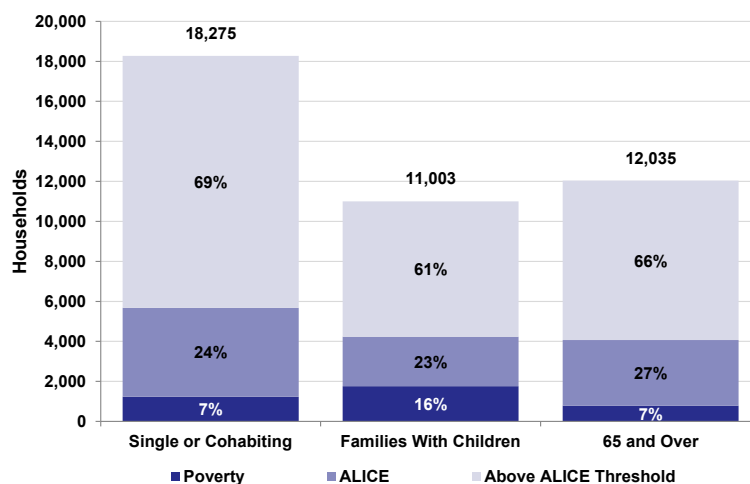
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

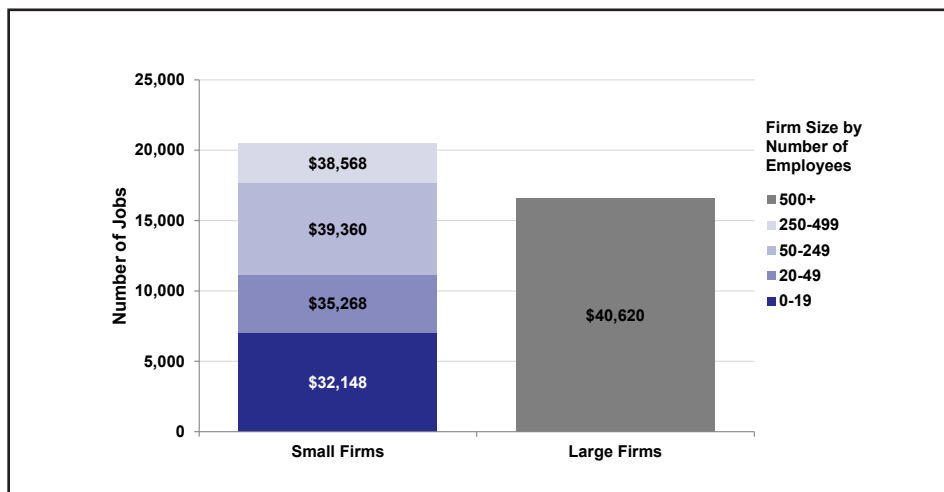
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Miami County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$506	\$743
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$485
Taxes	\$230	\$555
Monthly Total	\$1,690	\$5,333
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,280	\$63,996
Hourly Wage	\$10.14	\$32.00

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Miami County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bethel	1,935	35%
Brown	471	30%
Concord	12,463	42%
Elizabeth	610	32%
Huber Heights city	562	11%
Lostcreek	590	28%
Monroe	6,269	30%
Newberry	2,456	45%
Newton	1,293	33%
Piqua city	8,363	52%
Springcreek	814	24%
Staunton	719	20%
Union	4,041	40%
Washington	520	27%

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ALICE IN MONROE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 14442 • **Number of Households:** 5,986

Median Household Income: 41,368 (state average: \$52,334)

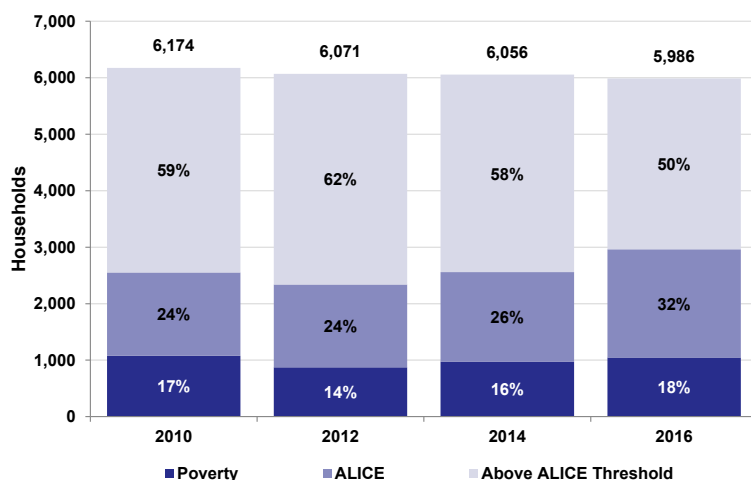
Unemployment Rate: 6.5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 18% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

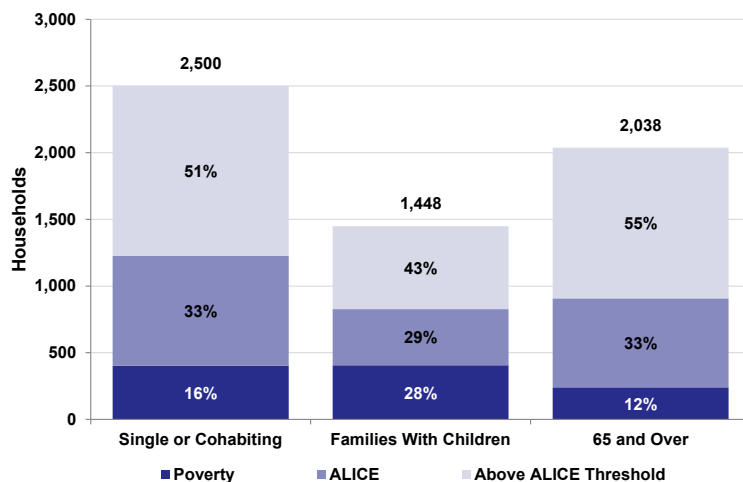
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

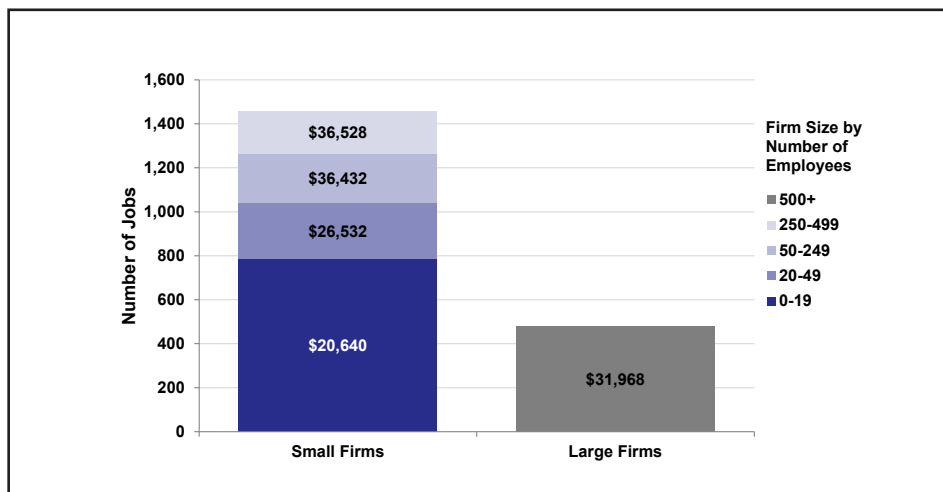
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Monroe County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$529
Taxes	\$220	\$666
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$5,815
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$69,780
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$34.89

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Monroe County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	265	48%
Benton	128	39%
Bethel	111	33%
Center	1,691	57%
Franklin	117	59%
Green	224	46%
Jackson	208	64%
Lee	402	53%
Malaga	386	44%
Ohio	369	49%
Perry	195	47%
Salem	379	46%
Seneca	175	48%
Summit	334	35%
Sunsbury	520	42%
Switzerland	169	29%
Washington	186	49%
Wayne	127	64%

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ALICE IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 531,239 • **Number of Households:** 223,131

Median Household Income: 46,936 (state average: \$52,334)

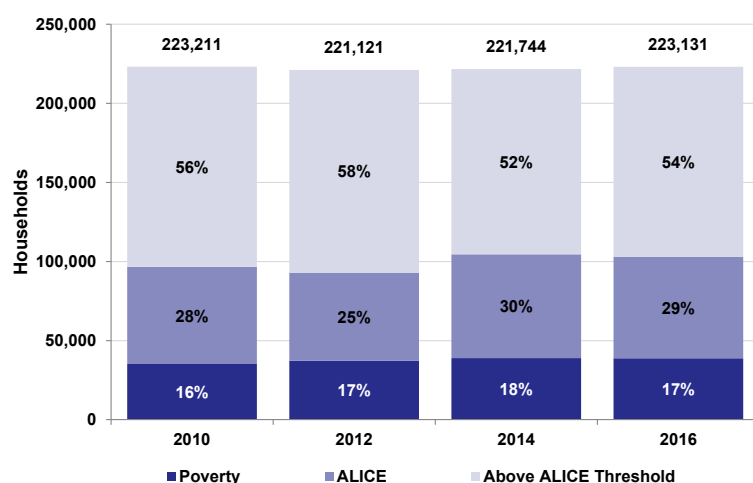
Unemployment Rate: 7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 17% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

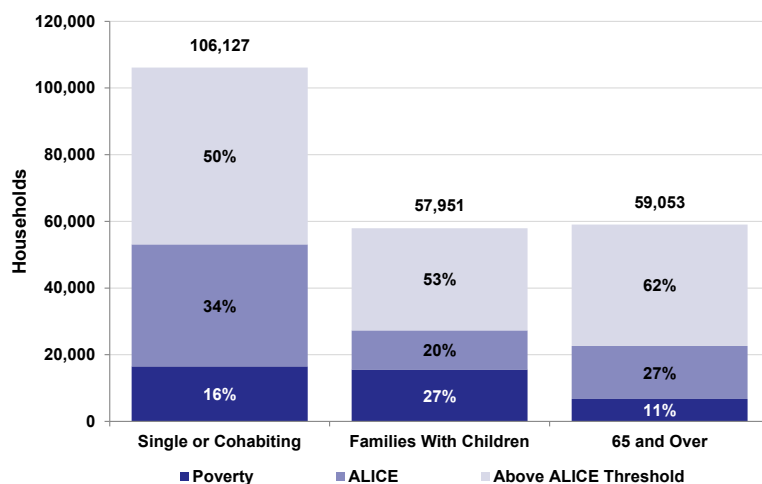
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

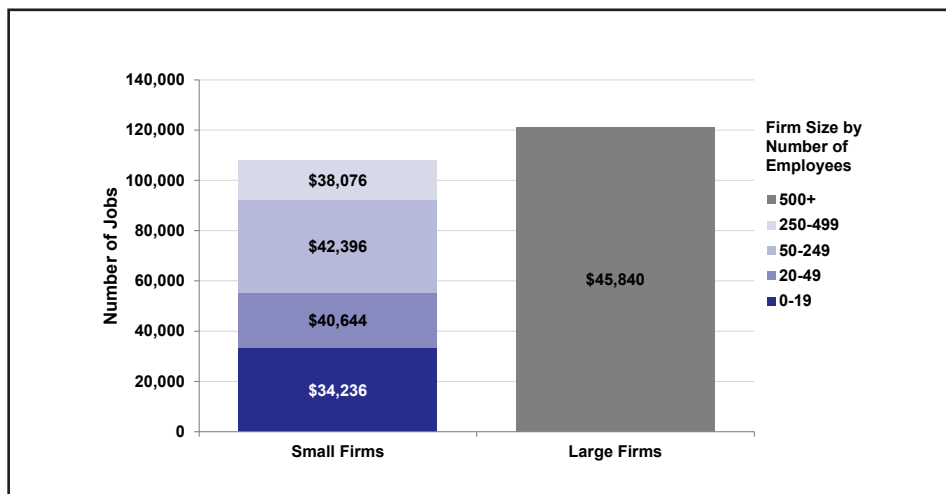
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Montgomery County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$506	\$743
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$540
Taxes	\$230	\$695
Monthly Total	\$1,690	\$5,940
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,280	\$71,280
Hourly Wage	\$10.14	\$35.64

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Montgomery County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Butler	3,356	24%
Clay	3,952	39%
Clayton city	4,964	27%
Dayton city	57,432	67%
Englewood city	5,719	39%
German	3,225	33%
Harrison	9,857	65%
Huber Heights city	14,456	41%
Jackson	2,290	32%
Jefferson	2,794	49%
Kettering city	24,858	42%
Miami	21,436	41%
Moraine city	2,413	49%
Oakwood city	3,488	21%
Perry	2,516	48%
Riverside city	10,311	51%
Trotwood city	10,305	61%
Union City	2,465	29%
Vandalia city	6,479	42%
Washington	24,364	28%
West Carrollton city	5,997	59%

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ALICE IN MORGAN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 14857 • **Number of Households:** 5,932

Median Household Income: 38,941 (state average: \$52,334)

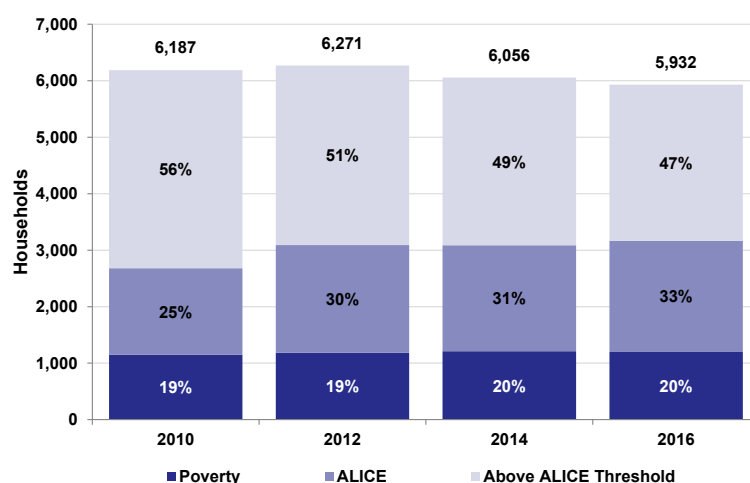
Unemployment Rate: 8.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 33% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 20% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

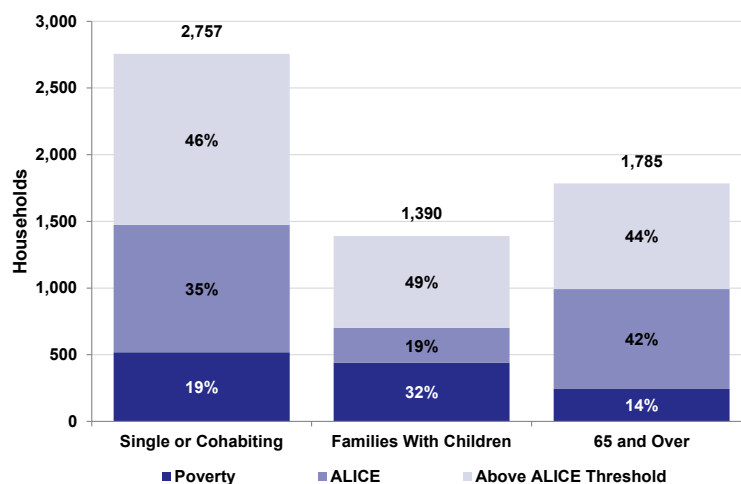
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

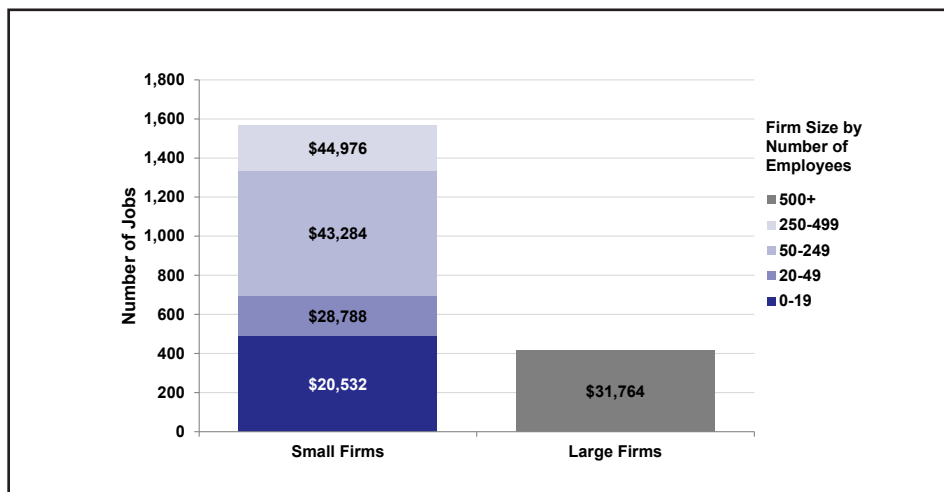
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Morgan County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$542	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$158	\$448
Taxes	\$242	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,742	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,904	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.45	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Morgan County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bloom	449	66%
Bristol	110	32%
Center	254	34%
Deerfield	349	34%
Homer	408	42%
Malta	724	56%
Marion	419	66%
Meigsville	348	38%
Morgan	1,089	61%
Penn	263	59%
Union	248	69%
Windsor	790	55%
York	398	51%

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ALICE IN MORROW COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 35032 • **Number of Households:** 12,606

Median Household Income: 53,032 (state average: \$52,334)

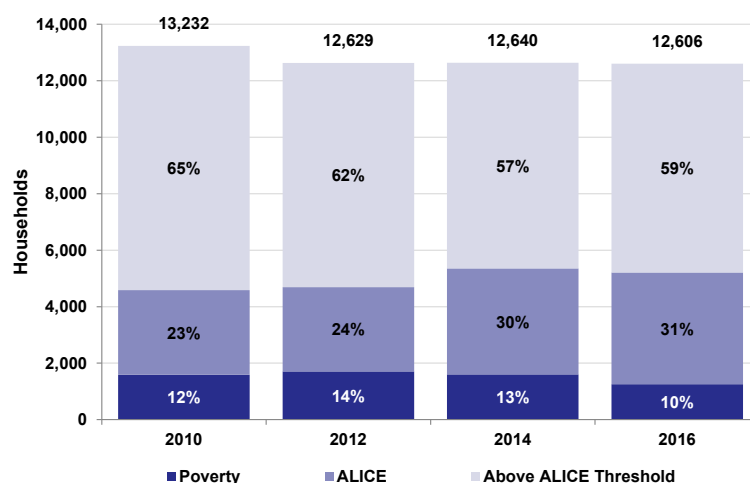
Unemployment Rate: 5.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 10% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

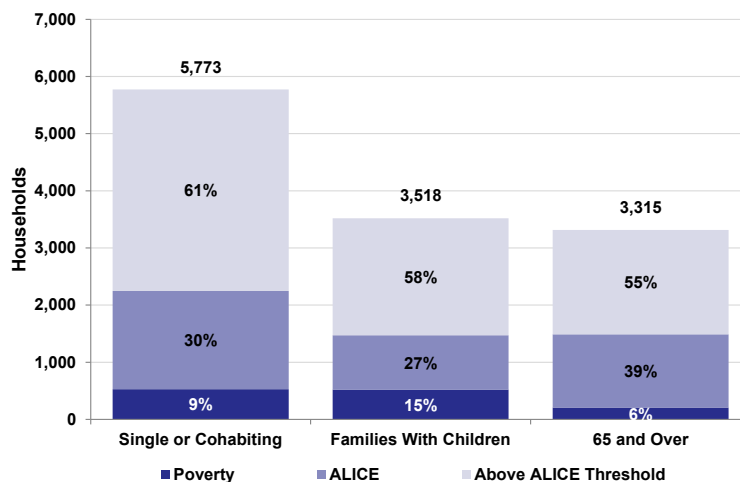
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

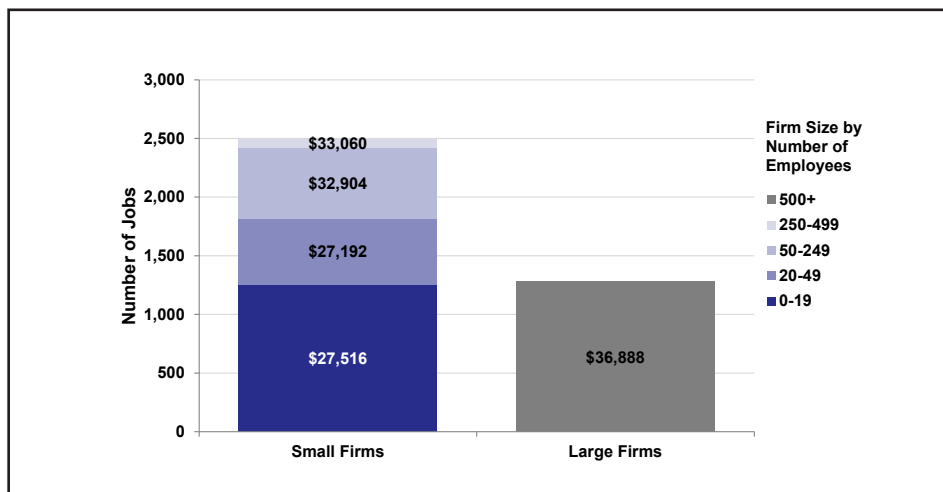
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Morrow County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$497
Taxes	\$238	\$585
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$5,463
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$65,556
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$32.78

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Morrow County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bennington	1,067	31%
Canaan	389	29%
Cardington	1,153	51%
Chester	789	28%
Congress	971	28%
Franklin	476	39%
Gilead	2,206	49%
Harmony	942	40%
Lincoln	632	38%
North Bloomfield	637	43%
Perry	677	57%
Peru	501	41%
South Bloomfield	728	36%
Troy	404	40%
Washington	598	51%
Westfield	436	44%

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ALICE IN MUSKINGUM COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 86068 • **Number of Households:** 34,169

Median Household Income: 43,422 (state average: \$52,334)

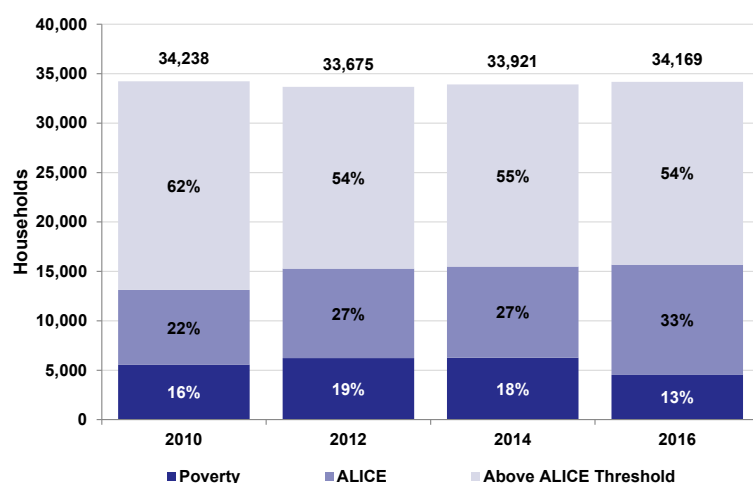
Unemployment Rate: 6.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 33% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

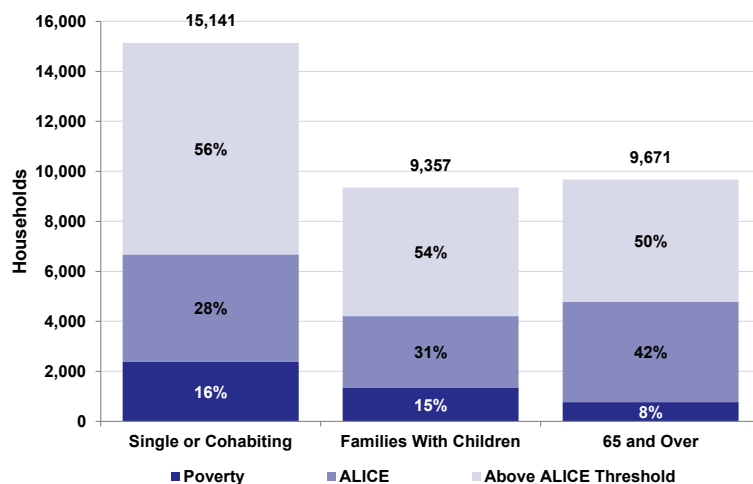
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Muskingum County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$420	\$681
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$143	\$451
Taxes	\$208	\$471
Monthly Total	\$1,571	\$4,965
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,852	\$59,580
Hourly Wage	\$9.43	\$29.79

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Muskingum County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	234	30%
Blue Rock	290	28%
Brush Creek	513	59%
Cass	599	23%
Clay	397	55%
Falls	3,162	31%
Harrison	541	45%
Highland	367	19%
Hopewell	1,108	29%
Jackson	859	49%
Jefferson	712	57%
Licking	881	26%
Madison	203	50%
Meigs	117	38%
Monroe	173	33%
Muskingum	1,805	41%
Newton	2,057	41%
Perry	1,015	28%
Rich Hill	155	43%
Salem	333	40%
Salt Creek	389	35%
Springfield	2,327	49%
Union	1,225	46%
Washington	1,790	39%
Wayne	1,875	33%
Zanesville city	11,051	66%

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ALICE IN NOBLE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 14429 • **Number of Households:** 4,863

Median Household Income: 41,398 (state average: \$52,334)

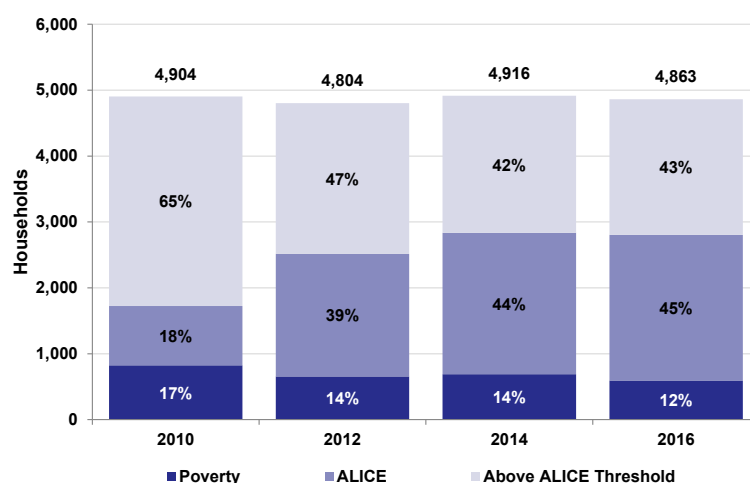
Unemployment Rate: 6.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 45% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

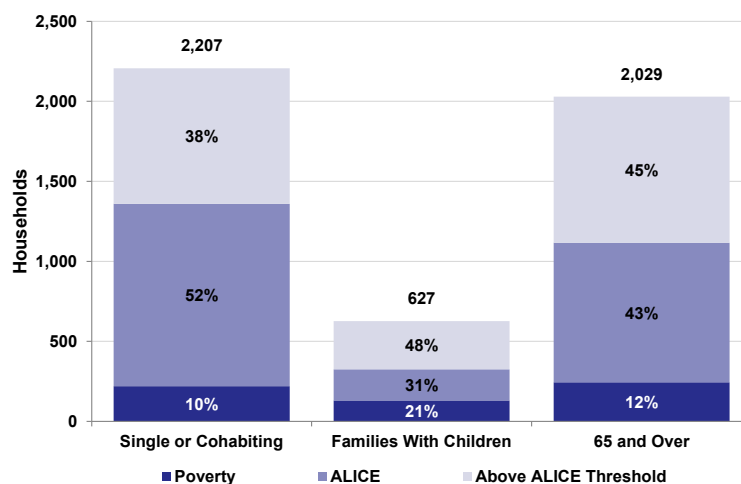
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

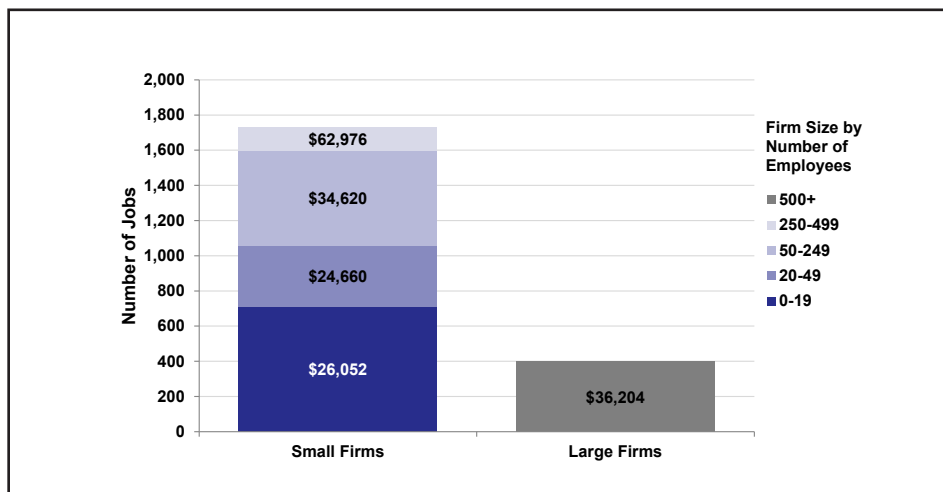
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Noble County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$542	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$158	\$448
Taxes	\$242	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,742	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,904	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.45	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Noble County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Beaver	260	46%
Buffalo	327	39%
Center	402	44%
Elk	138	68%
Enoch	199	80%
Jefferson	151	92%
Marion	209	61%
Noble	768	54%
Olive	1,458	60%
Seneca	301	62%
Sharon	121	85%
Stock	150	63%
Wayne	236	53%

Note: Municipal-level data on this page is for County Subdivisions. Municipal-level data relies on 5-year averages and is not available for the smallest towns. Since there are missing geographies, totals will not match county-level numbers.

ALICE IN OTTAWA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 40981 • **Number of Households:** 17,384

Median Household Income: 54,580 (state average: \$52,334)

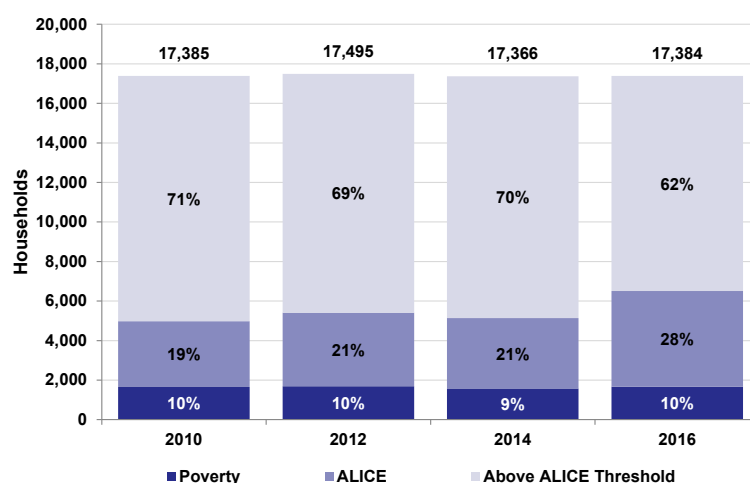
Unemployment Rate: 5.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 28% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 10% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

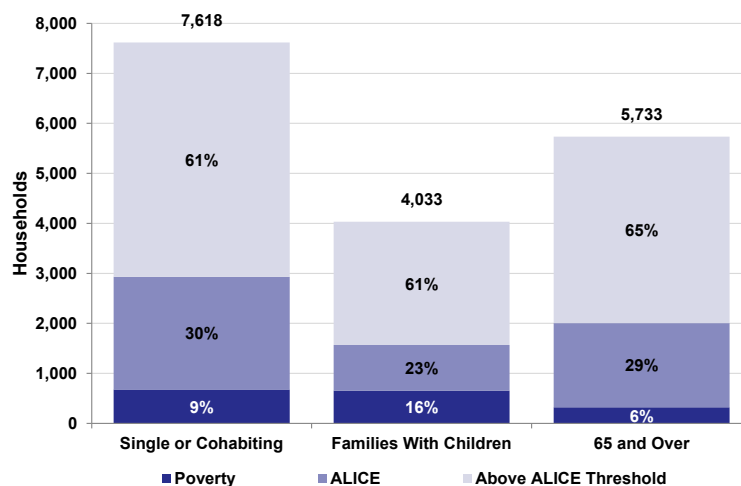
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

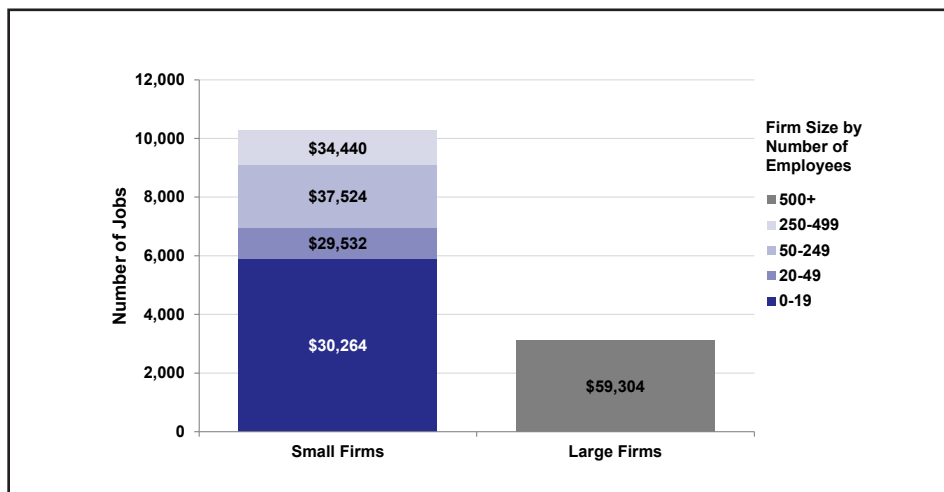
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Ottawa County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$487	\$687
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$151	\$532
Taxes	\$225	\$676
Monthly Total	\$1,663	\$5,857
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,956	\$70,284
Hourly Wage	\$9.98	\$35.14

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Ottawa County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Allen	1,460	23%
Bay	586	49%
Benton	966	26%
Carroll	964	34%
Catawba Island	1,792	25%
Clay	1,928	36%
Danbury	2,579	40%
Erie	431	39%
Harris	1,119	32%
Port Clinton city	2,641	48%
Portage	547	42%
Put-in-Bay	276	42%
Salem	2,095	46%

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ALICE IN PAULDING COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 19,057 • **Number of Households:** 7,659

Median Household Income: 48,003 (state average: \$52,334)

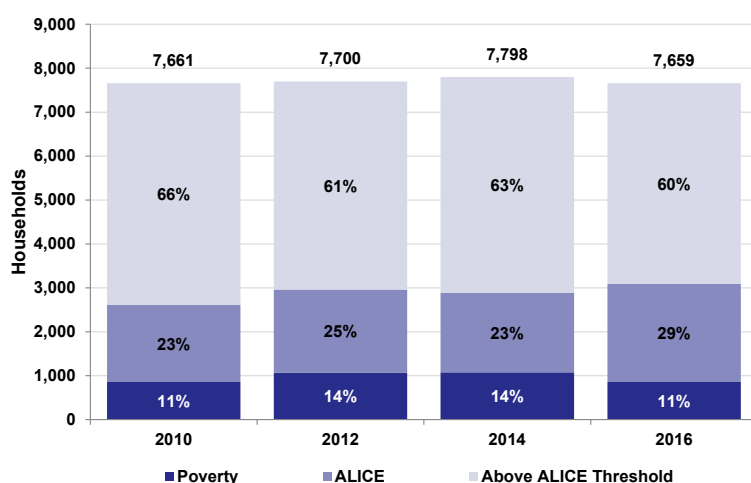
Unemployment Rate: 6.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 11% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

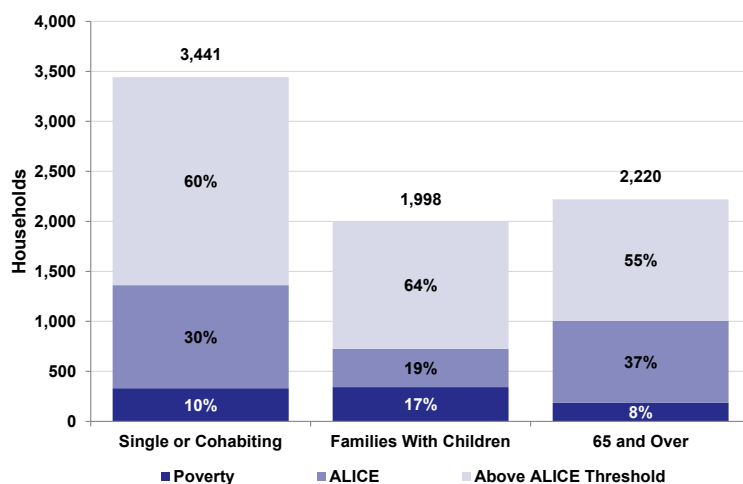
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

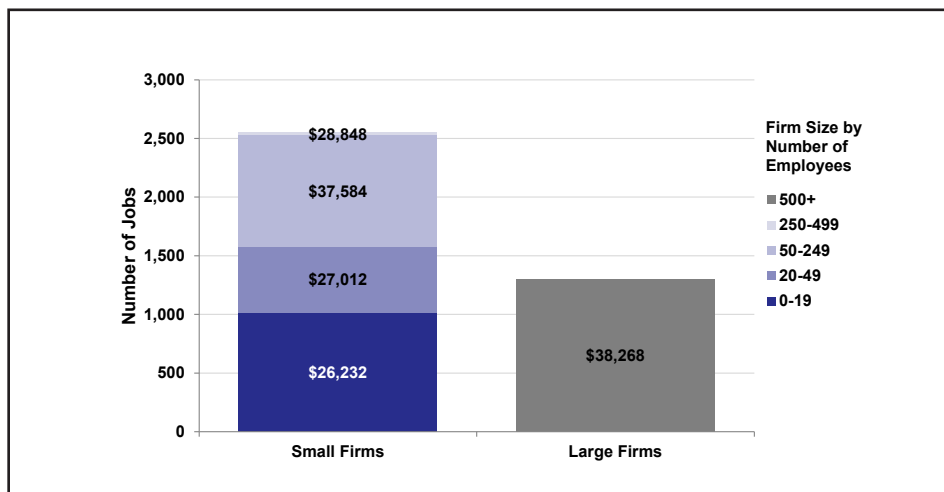
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Paulding County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Paulding County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Auglaize	537	40%
Benton	401	51%
Blue Creek	306	46%
Brown	792	43%
Carryall	1,170	40%
Crane	582	35%
Emerald	250	29%
Harrison	609	25%
Jackson	742	38%
Latty	420	50%
Paulding	1,588	45%
Washington	262	35%

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ALICE IN PERRY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 35,947 • **Number of Households:** 13,535

Median Household Income: 43,674 (state average: \$52,334)

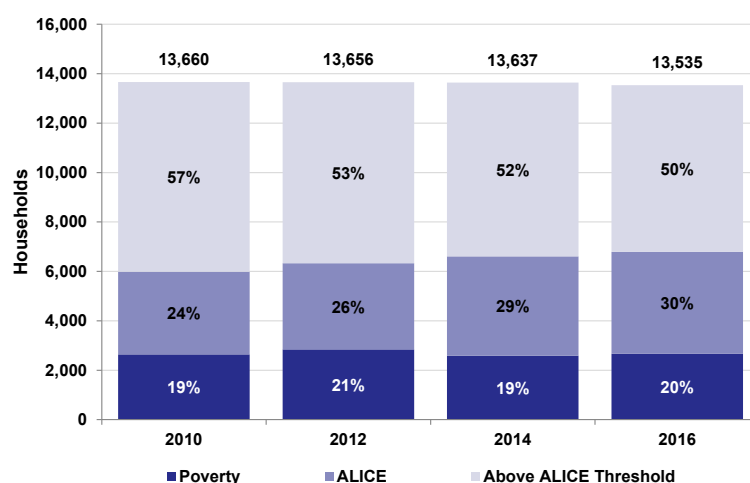
Unemployment Rate: 9.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 20% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

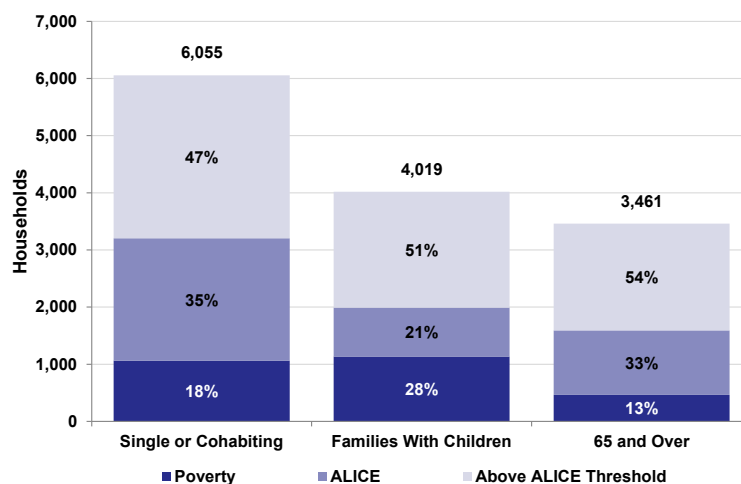
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

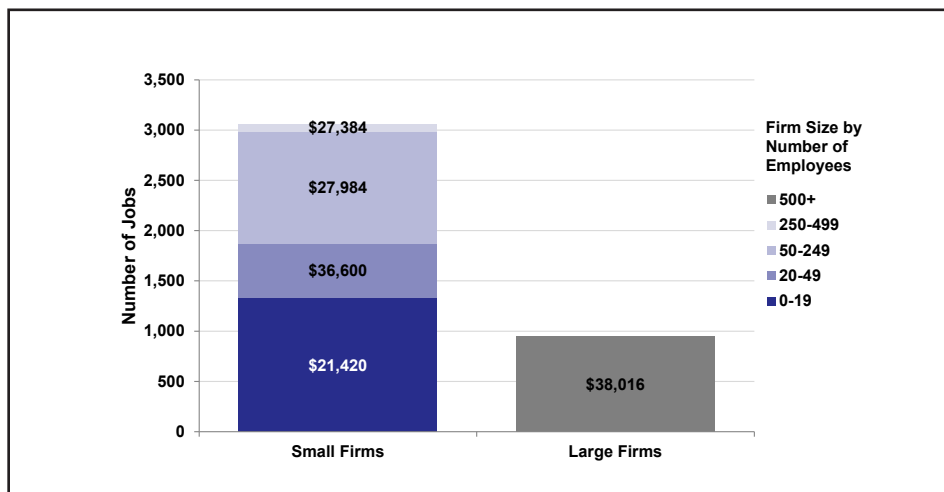
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Perry County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$497	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$153	\$448
Taxes	\$228	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,678	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,136	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.07	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Perry County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bearfield	595	36%
Clayton	463	62%
Coal	441	53%
Harrison	2,012	63%
Hopewell	917	37%
Jackson	959	55%
Madison	619	45%
Monday Creek	310	69%
Monroe	554	58%
Pike	2,564	57%
Pleasant	274	42%
Reading	1,654	35%
Salt Lick	394	64%
Thorn	1,779	39%

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ALICE IN PICKAWAY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 56804 • **Number of Households:** 19,173

Median Household Income: 58,706 (state average: \$52,334)

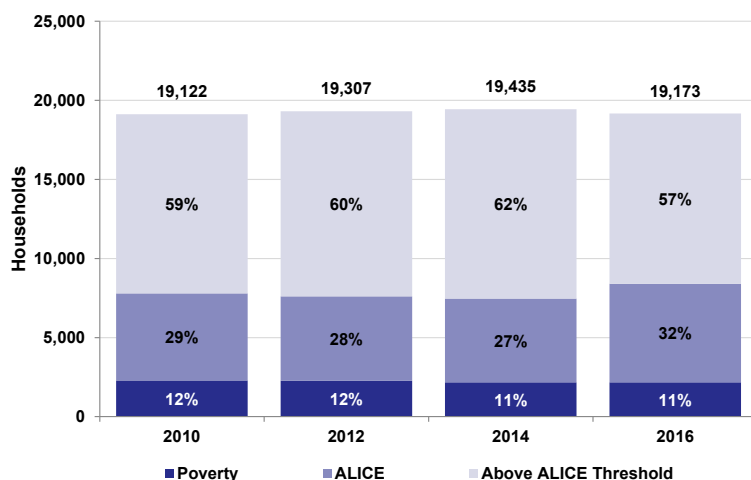
Unemployment Rate: 6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 11% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

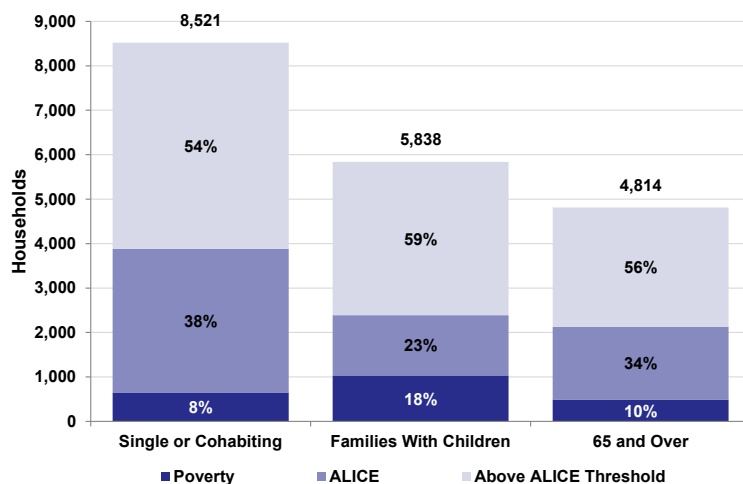
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

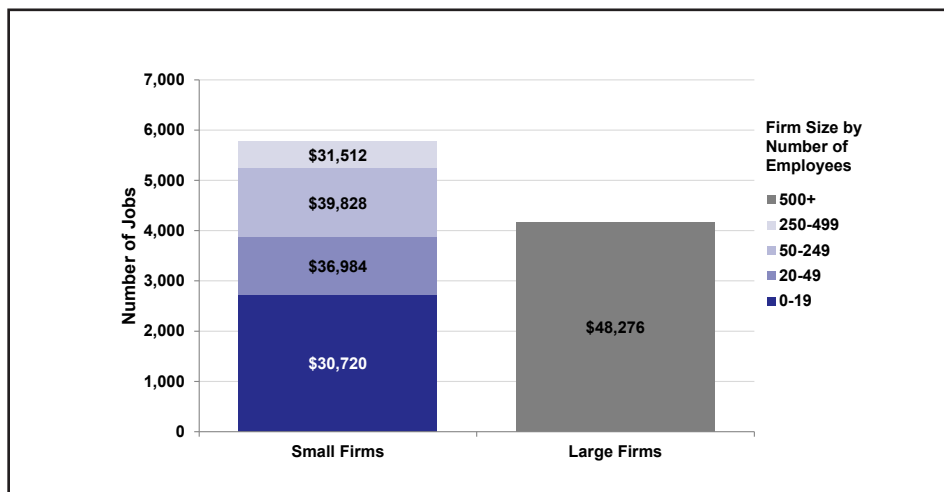
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Pickaway County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$532	\$831
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$497
Taxes	\$238	\$585
Monthly Total	\$1,727	\$5,463
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,724	\$65,556
Hourly Wage	\$10.36	\$32.78

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Pickaway County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Circleville	981	43%
Circleville city	5,382	62%
Darby	1,280	34%
Deercreek	544	56%
Harrison	2,760	43%
Jackson	394	15%
Madison	493	40%
Monroe	441	39%
Muhlenberg	358	32%
Perry	471	57%
Pickaway	710	31%
Saltcreek	1,033	42%
Scioto	2,070	29%
Walnut	1,019	21%
Washington	1,057	35%
Wayne	180	15%

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ALICE IN PIKE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 28,298 • **Number of Households:** 10,908

Median Household Income: 41,128 (state average: \$52,334)

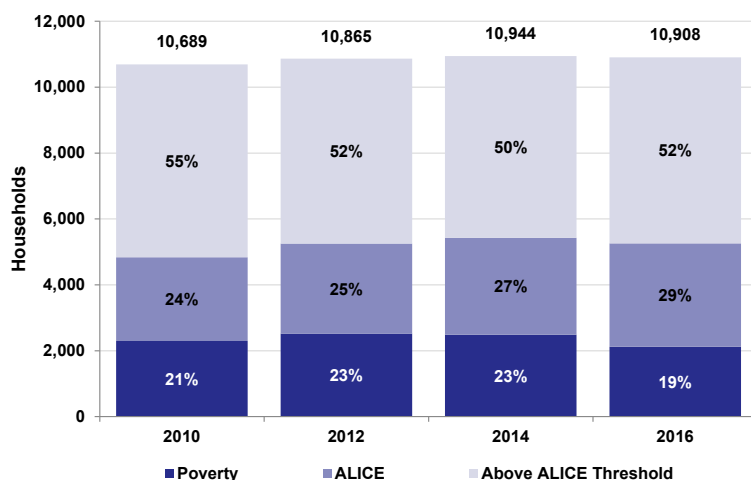
Unemployment Rate: 11.1% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

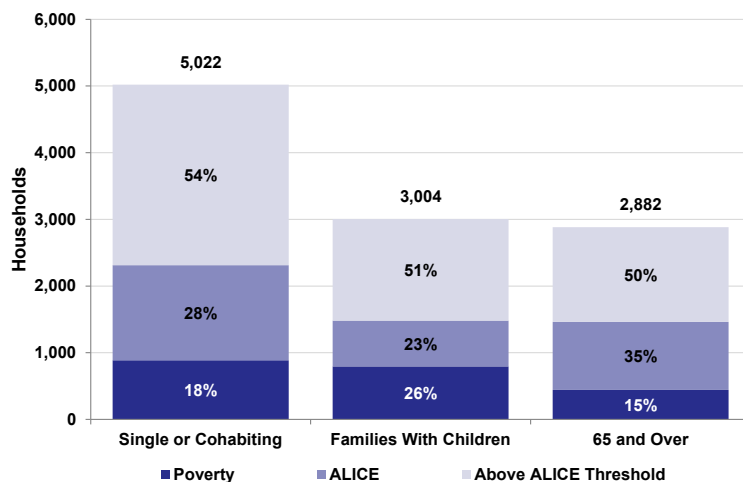
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

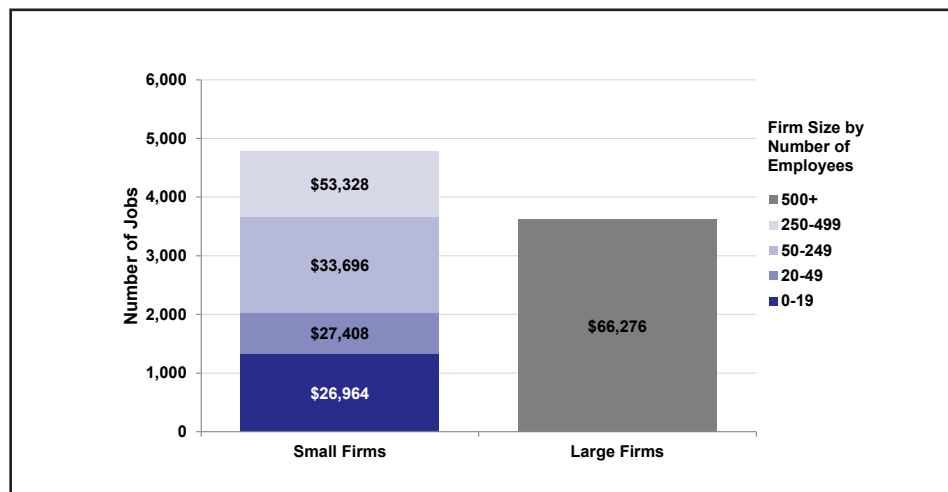
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Pike County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$488	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$151	\$448
Taxes	\$226	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,665	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,980	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.99	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Pike County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Beaver	359	39%
Benton	625	72%
Camp Creek	445	60%
Jackson	427	30%
Marion	528	53%
Mifflin	373	42%
Newton	781	57%
Pebble	1,033	50%
Pee Pee	3,446	45%
Perry	218	47%
Scioto	601	26%
Seal	1,170	58%
Sunfish	499	31%
Union	403	56%

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ALICE IN PORTAGE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 161,921 • **Number of Households:** 62,468

Median Household Income: 49,695 (state average: \$52,334)

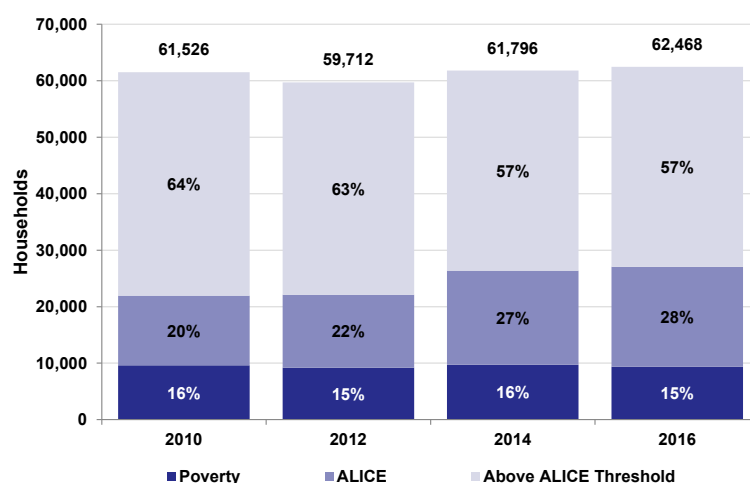
Unemployment Rate: 6.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 28% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 15% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

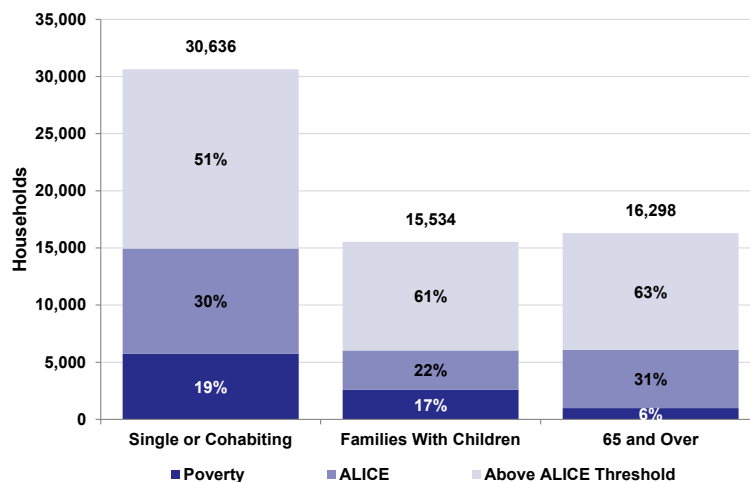
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

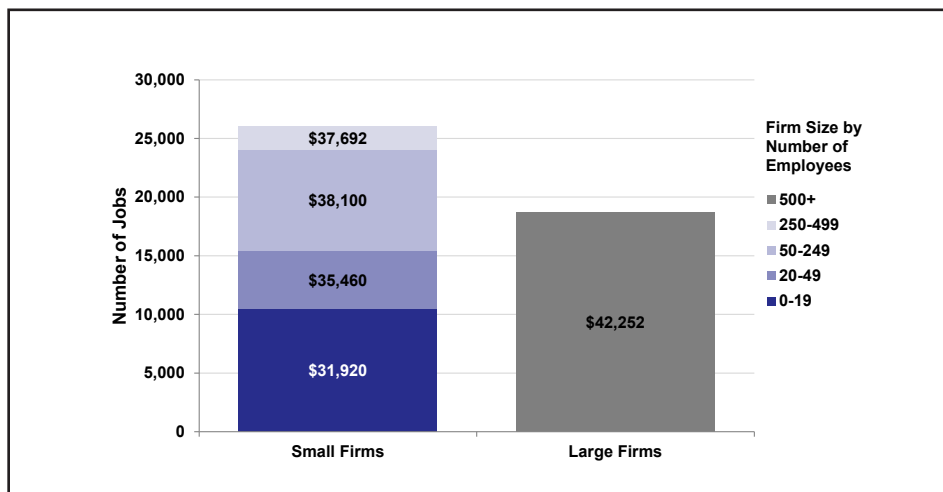
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Portage County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$505	\$786
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$546
Taxes	\$230	\$709
Monthly Total	\$1,689	\$6,003
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,268	\$72,036
Hourly Wage	\$10.13	\$36.02

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Portage County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Atwater	914	32%
Aurora city	6,349	23%
Brady Lake village	199	52%
Brimfield	3,820	39%
Charlestown	700	45%
Deerfield	988	33%
Edinburg	945	27%
Franklin	2,365	44%
Freedom	949	41%
Garrettsville village	1,036	37%
Hiram	852	34%
Hiram village	239	42%
Kent city	10,215	58%
Mantua	1,701	33%
Mantua village	516	51%
Mogadore village	302	24%
Nelson	1,421	51%
Palmyra	1,031	26%
Paris	598	30%
Randolph	2,091	32%
Ravenna	3,653	49%
Ravenna city	5,022	61%
Rootstown	2,998	32%
Shalersville	2,063	32%
Streetsboro city	6,632	37%
Suffield	2,402	32%
Tallmadge city	105	0%
Windham	688	49%
Windham village	714	59%

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ALICE IN PREBLE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 41,561 • **Number of Households:** 16,048

Median Household Income: 51,356 (state average: \$52,334)

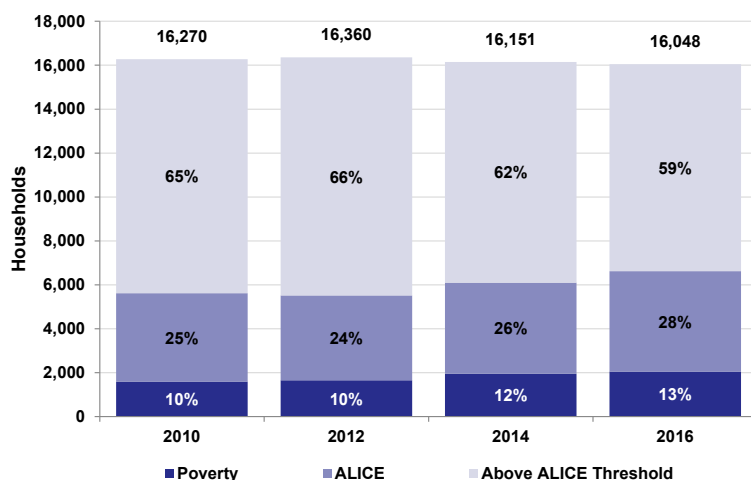
Unemployment Rate: 6.6% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 28% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

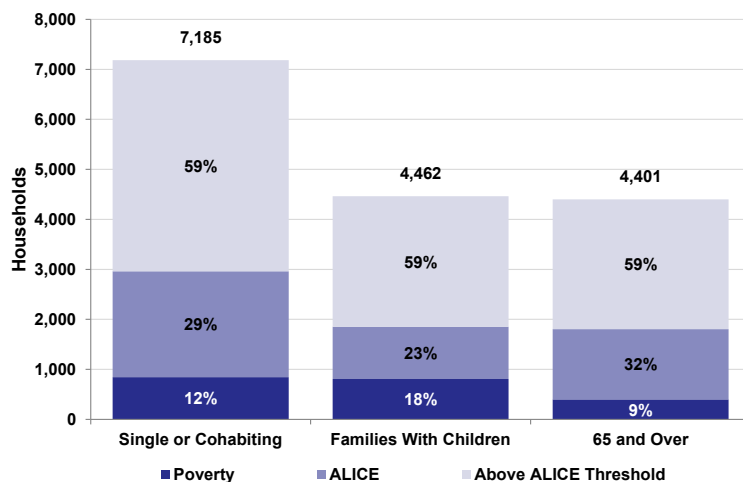
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

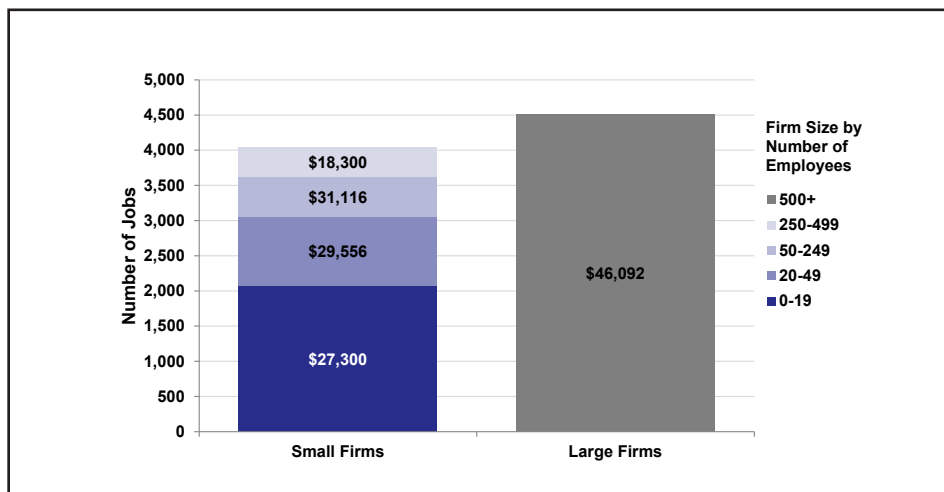
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Preble County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$450	\$676
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$147	\$476
Taxes	\$216	\$533
Monthly Total	\$1,613	\$5,235
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,356	\$62,820
Hourly Wage	\$9.68	\$31.41

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Preble County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Dixon	185	32%
Eaton city	3,401	56%
Gasper	1,456	27%
Gratis	1,619	32%
Harrison	1,704	39%
Israel	397	41%
Jackson	574	41%
Jefferson	1,312	46%
Lanier	1,366	46%
Monroe	826	43%
Somers	1,445	42%
Twin	1,109	31%
Washington	654	22%

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ALICE IN PUTNAM COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 34,116 • **Number of Households:** 13,092

Median Household Income: 60,245 (state average: \$52,334)

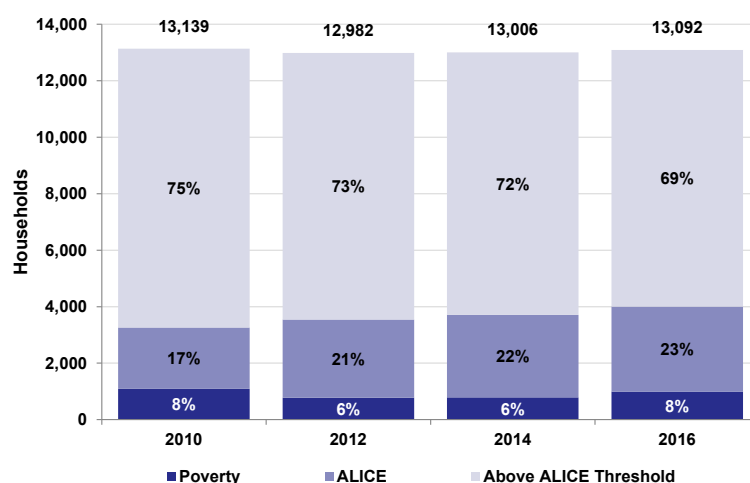
Unemployment Rate: 2.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 23% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 8% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

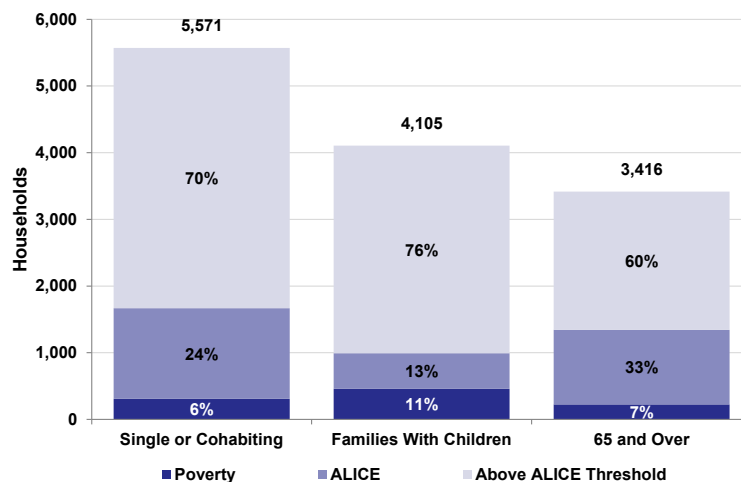
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

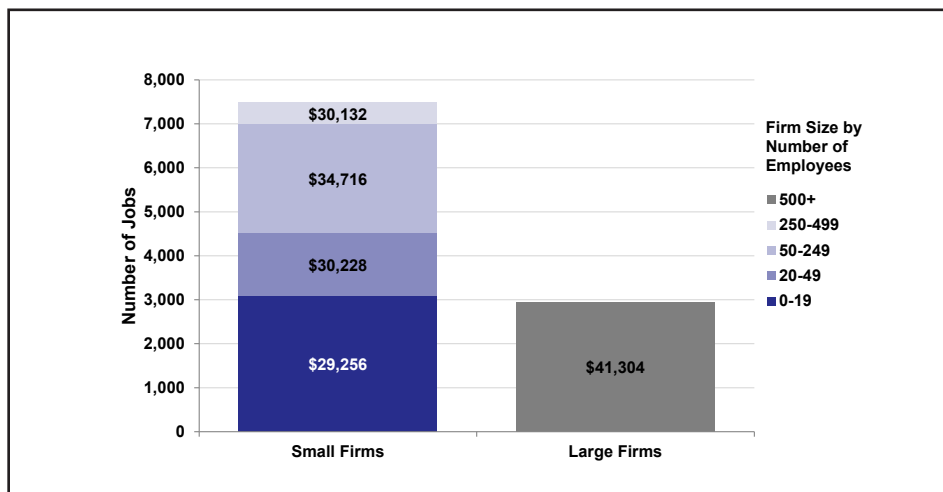
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Putnam County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$477	\$672
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$150	\$450
Taxes	\$223	\$468
Monthly Total	\$1,650	\$4,952
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,800	\$59,424
Hourly Wage	\$9.90	\$29.71

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Putnam County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Blanchard	378	21%
Greensburg	535	14%
Jackson	370	31%
Jennings	750	24%
Liberty	607	15%
Monroe	926	41%
Monterey	733	24%
Ottawa	3,204	35%
Palmer	316	28%
Perry	380	39%
Pleasant	1,427	29%
Riley	877	29%
Sugar Creek	338	27%
Union	1,125	22%
Van Buren	1,126	48%

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ALICE IN RICHLAND COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 121,107 • **Number of Households:** 48,437

Median Household Income: 44,073 (state average: \$52,334)

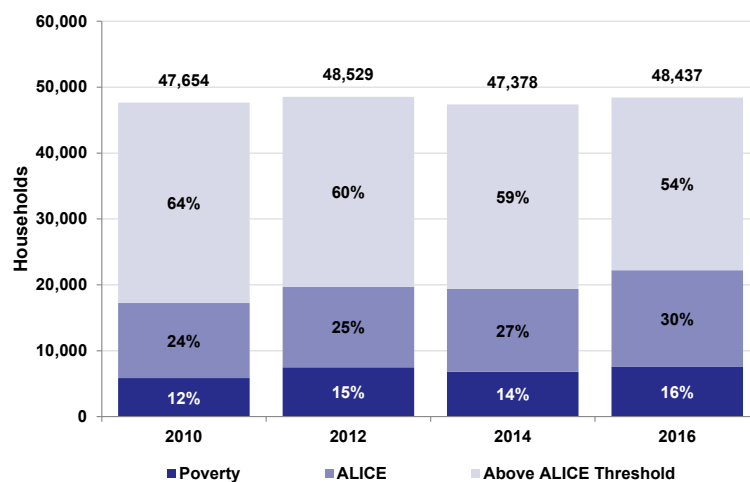
Unemployment Rate: 7.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

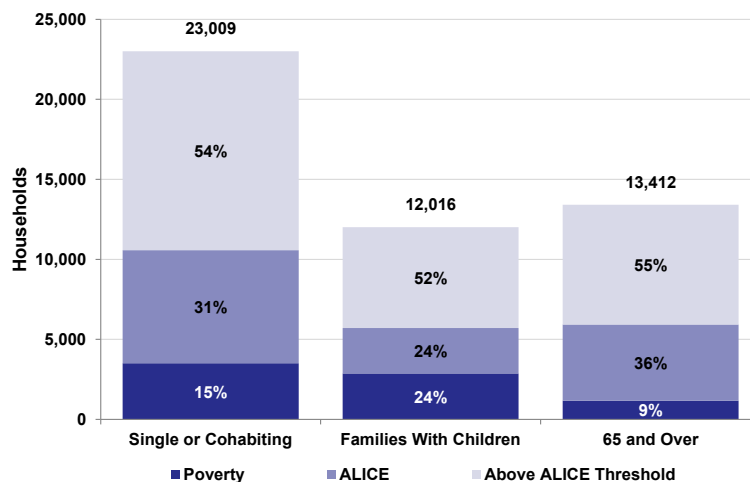
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

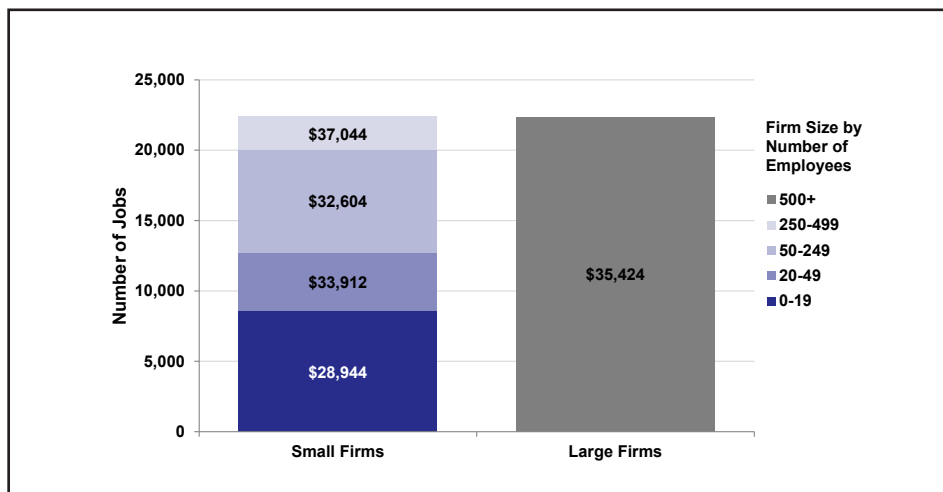
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Richland County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$484	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$151	\$448
Taxes	\$225	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,660	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,920	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.96	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Richland County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bloomington	537	28%
Butler	283	25%
Cass	573	40%
Franklin	636	36%
Jackson	1,600	46%
Jefferson	1,829	42%
Madison	4,274	55%
Mansfield city	17,737	59%
Mifflin	2,294	35%
Monroe	1,038	37%
Perry	543	47%
Plymouth	757	44%
Sandusky	422	52%
Sharon	3,816	52%
Springfield	4,440	36%
Troy	2,741	38%
Washington	2,599	31%
Weller	707	39%
Worthington	1,109	35%

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ALICE IN ROSS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 77000 • **Number of Households:** 28,710

Median Household Income: 46,422 (state average: \$52,334)

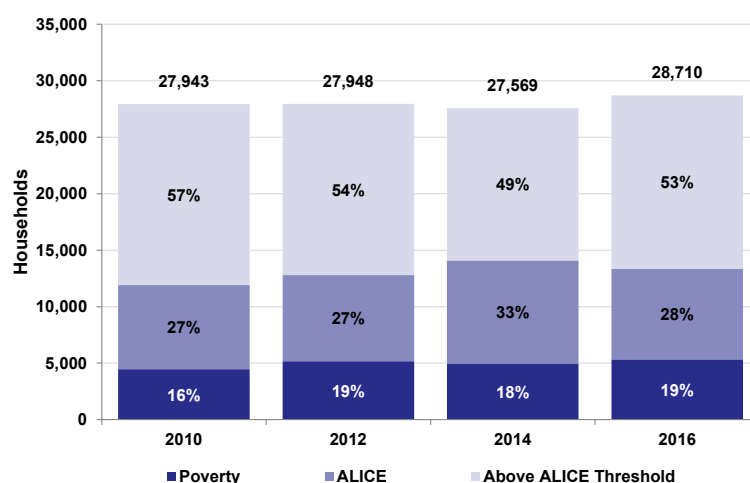
Unemployment Rate: 6.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 28% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

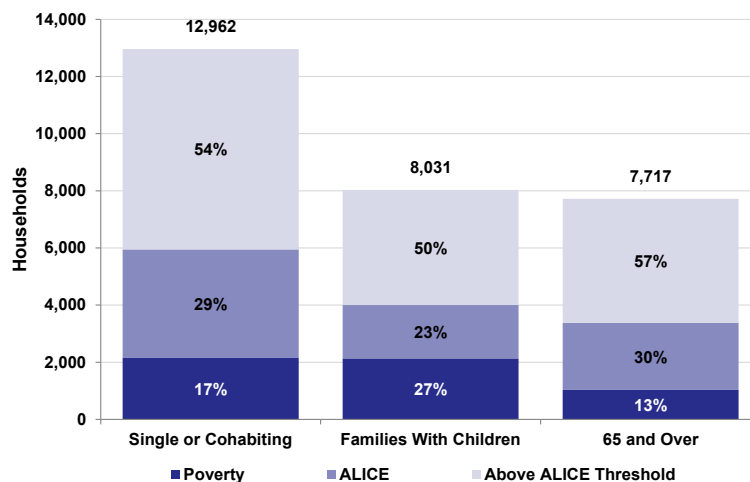
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Ross County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$465	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$148	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,633	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,596	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.80	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Ross County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Buckskin	813	61%
Colerain	746	35%
Concord	1,683	49%
Deerfield	412	62%
Franklin	544	32%
Green	1,861	35%
Harrison	521	50%
Huntington	2,173	57%
Jefferson	332	35%
Liberty	980	33%
Paint	474	50%
Paxton	844	58%
Scioto	11,520	54%
Springfield	1,042	48%
Twin	1,339	47%
Union	3,024	37%

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ALICE IN SANDUSKY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 59,870 • **Number of Households:** 23,666

Median Household Income: 49,032 (state average: \$52,334)

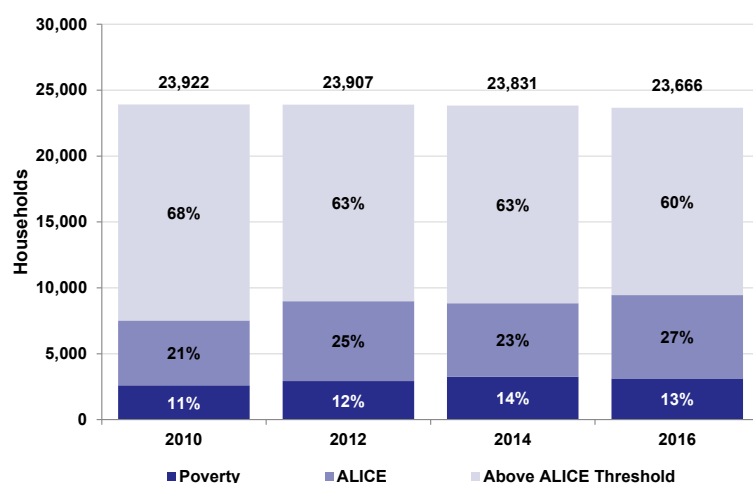
Unemployment Rate: 6.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

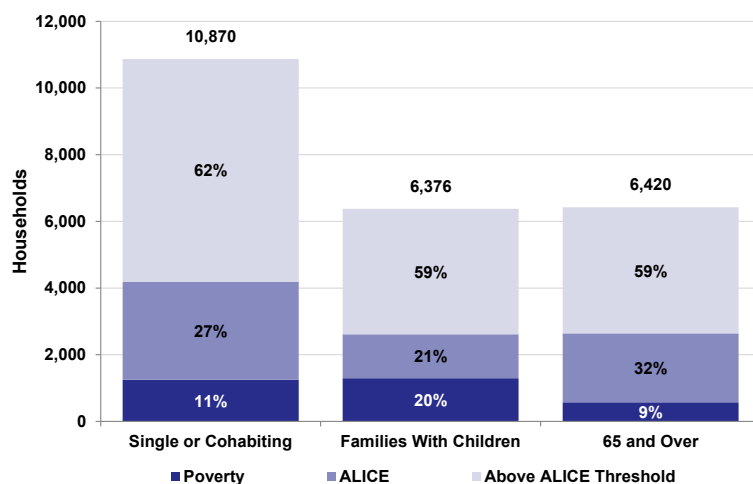
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Sandusky County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$468	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$474
Taxes	\$220	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,637	\$5,209
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,644	\$62,508
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$31.25

Sandusky County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Ballville	2,512	24%
Bellevue city	1,708	44%
Clyde city	2,415	38%
Fremont city	6,726	57%
Green Creek	1,471	29%
Green Springs village	275	48%
Jackson	613	27%
Madison	1,406	40%
Rice	474	30%
Riley	496	15%
Sandusky	1,486	34%
Scott	408	25%
Townsend	472	30%
Washington	953	38%
Woodville	1,288	34%
York	963	26%

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

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ALICE IN SCIOTO COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 76088 • **Number of Households:** 29,904

Median Household Income: 39,210 (state average: \$52,334)

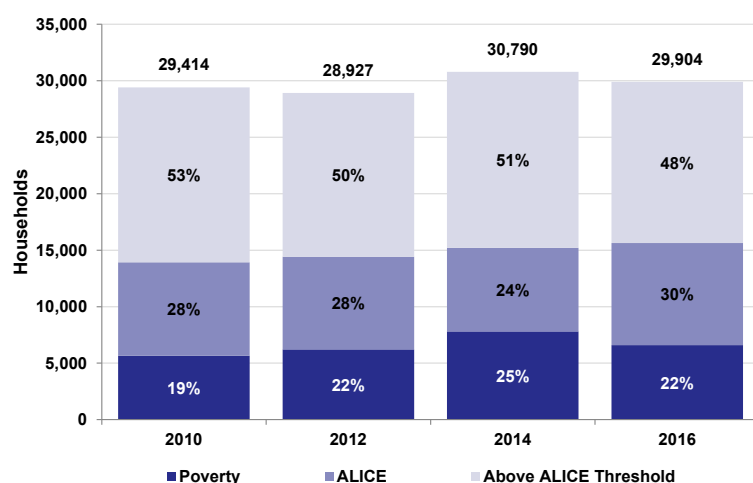
Unemployment Rate: 6.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 22% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

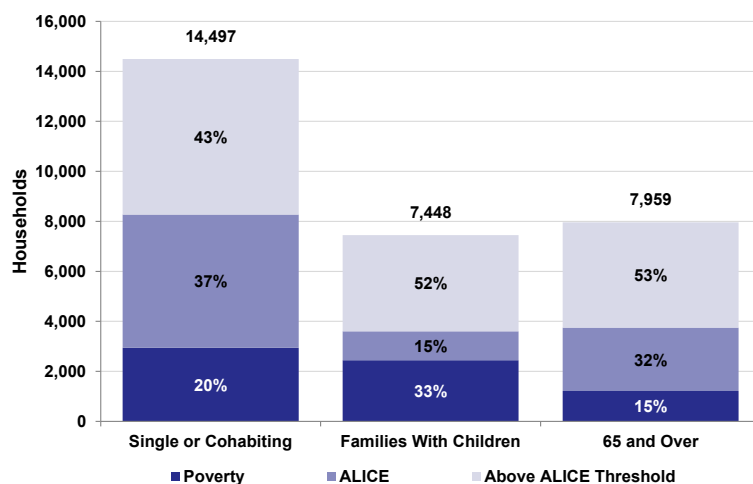
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

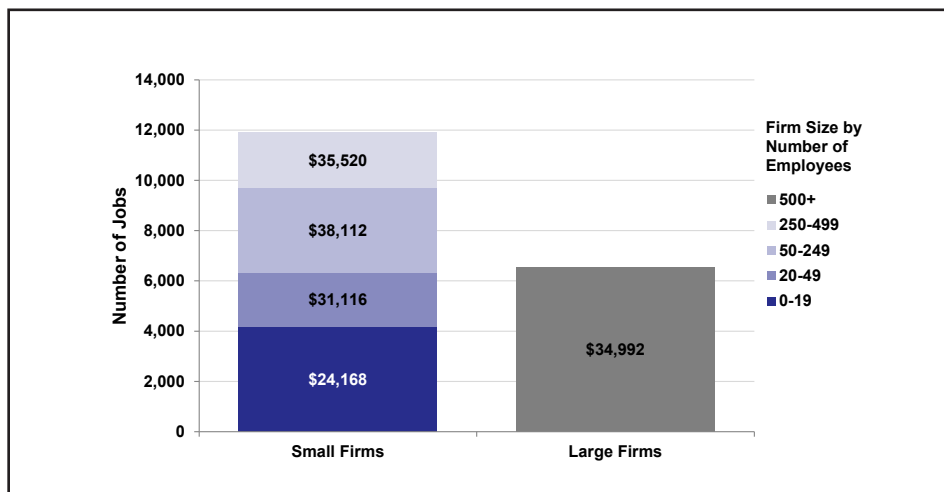
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Scioto County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$426	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$144	\$448
Taxes	\$210	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,580	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,960	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.48	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Scioto County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bloom	1,249	58%
Brush Creek	380	35%
Clay	1,311	37%
Green	1,350	50%
Harrison	1,669	52%
Jefferson	1,101	39%
Madison	1,695	43%
Morgan	962	63%
New Boston village	1,010	76%
Nile	988	39%
Porter	3,784	41%
Portsmouth city	8,384	63%
Rarden	303	70%
Rush	1,144	52%
Union	737	29%
Valley	941	46%
Vernon	776	38%
Washington	1,994	57%

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ALICE IN SENECA COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 55,711 • **Number of Households:** 21,349

Median Household Income: 48,415 (state average: \$52,334)

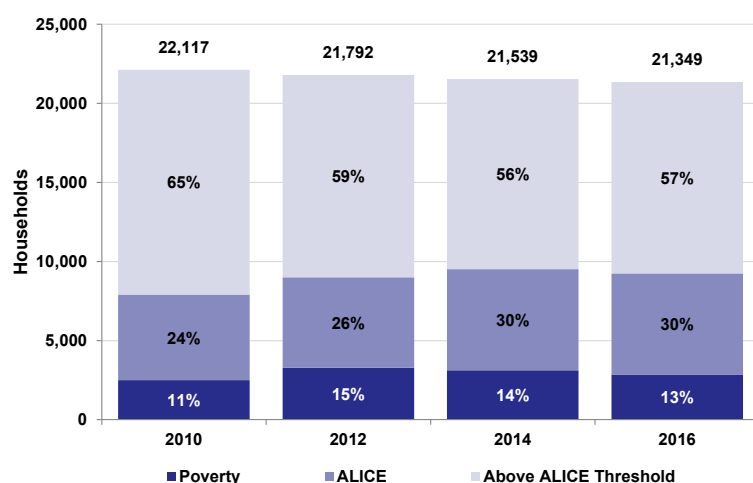
Unemployment Rate: 6.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 30% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

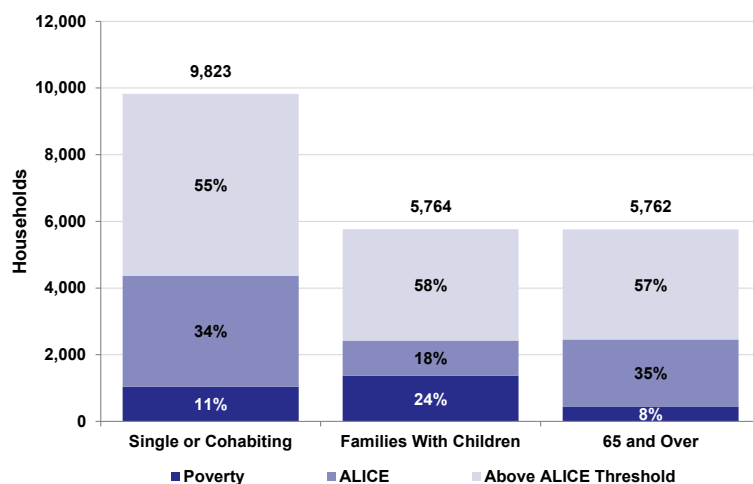
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

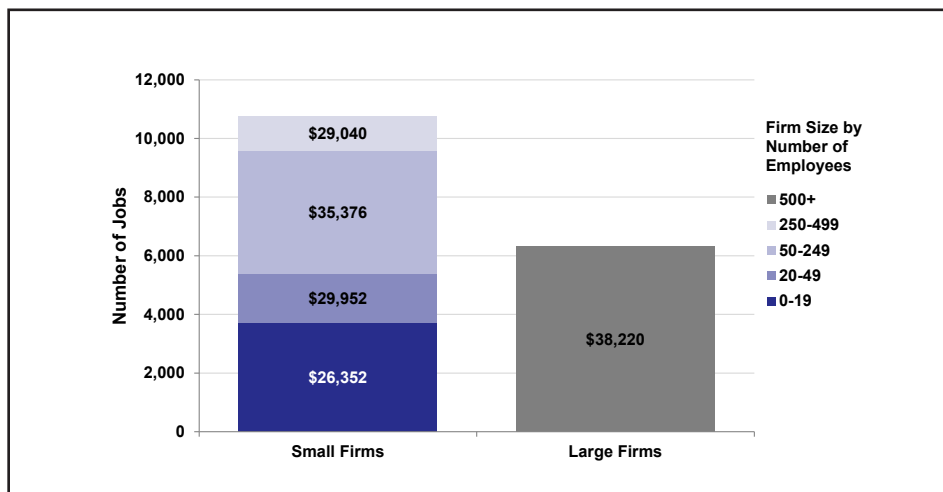
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Seneca County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$514	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$155	\$474
Taxes	\$232	\$527
Monthly Total	\$1,701	\$5,209
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,412	\$62,508
Hourly Wage	\$10.21	\$31.25

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Seneca County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	582	23%
Big Spring	654	35%
Bloom	616	42%
Clinton	1,865	33%
Eden	675	35%
Fostoria city	3,589	59%
Green Springs village	267	51%
Hopewell	986	36%
Jackson	524	31%
Liberty	856	40%
Loudon	904	35%
Pleasant	518	40%
Reed	309	38%
Scipio	725	28%
Seneca	570	38%
Thompson	419	19%
Tiffin city	6,603	50%
Venice	687	38%

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ALICE IN SHELBY COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 48949 • **Number of Households:** 18,428

Median Household Income: 56,169 (state average: \$52,334)

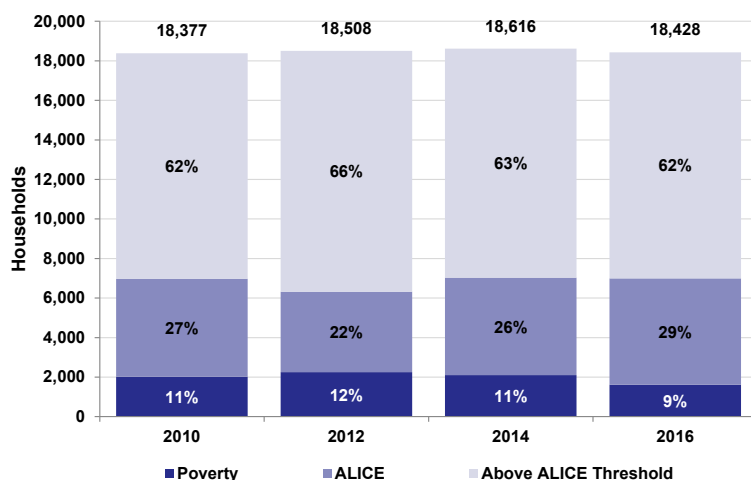
Unemployment Rate: 5.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 9% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

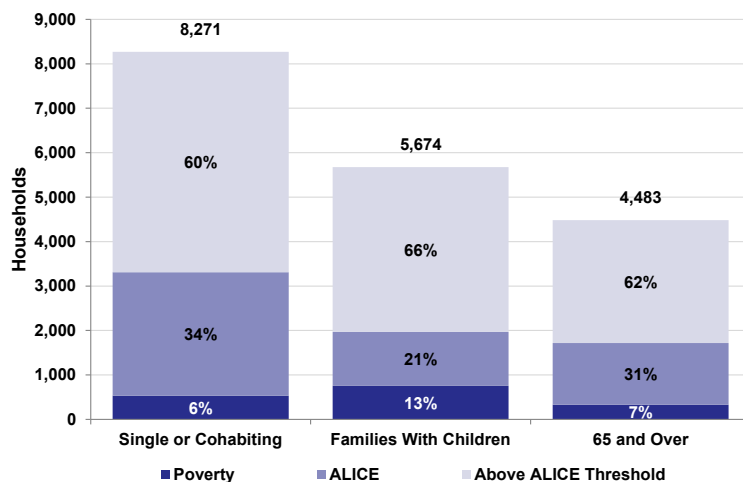
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Shelby County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$492	\$694
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$152	\$478
Taxes	\$227	\$539
Monthly Total	\$1,671	\$5,261
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,052	\$63,132
Hourly Wage	\$10.03	\$31.57

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey; ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Shelby County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Clinton	8,284	46%
Cynthian	634	32%
Dinsmore	1,238	26%
Franklin	1,268	31%
Green	368	39%
Jackson	965	39%
Loramie	910	32%
McLean	1,164	30%
Orange	389	29%
Perry	417	28%
Salem	852	29%
Turtle Creek	479	18%
Van Buren	744	27%
Washington	716	42%

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ALICE IN STARK COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 373,612 • **Number of Households:** 152,129

Median Household Income: 50,994 (state average: \$52,334)

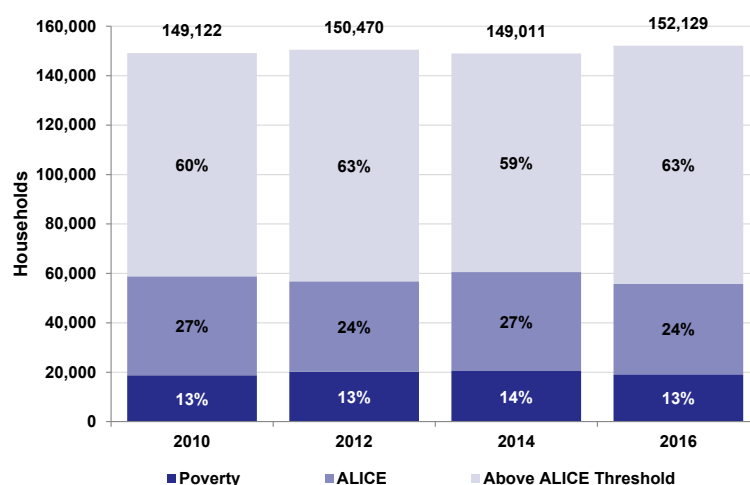
Unemployment Rate: 6.3% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 24% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

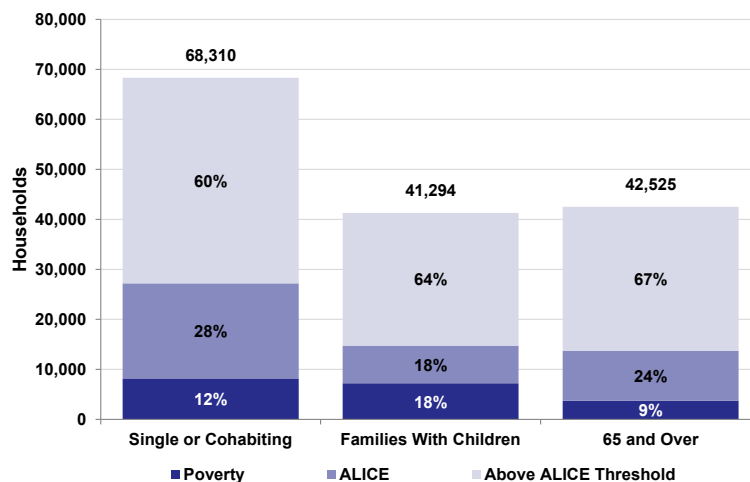
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Stark County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$422	\$684
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$143	\$477
Taxes	\$208	\$535
Monthly Total	\$1,573	\$5,246
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$18,876	\$62,952
Hourly Wage	\$9.44	\$31.48

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Stark County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Alliance city	8,538	58%
Bethlehem	2,197	42%
Canton	5,238	39%
Canton city	30,542	63%
Jackson	16,840	24%
Lake	10,833	22%
Lawrence	5,396	31%
Lexington	1,988	40%
Louisville city	3,842	34%
Marlboro	1,518	21%
Massillon city	13,025	46%
Nimishillen	3,614	23%
Osnaburg	2,197	29%
Paris	2,333	35%
Perry	11,576	34%
Pike	1,588	30%
Plain	21,964	33%
Sandy	1,418	43%
Sugar Creek	2,376	37%
Tuscarawas	2,328	26%
Washington	1,750	26%

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ALICE IN SUMMIT COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 540,300 • **Number of Households:** 222,202

Median Household Income: \$52,036 (state average: \$52,334)

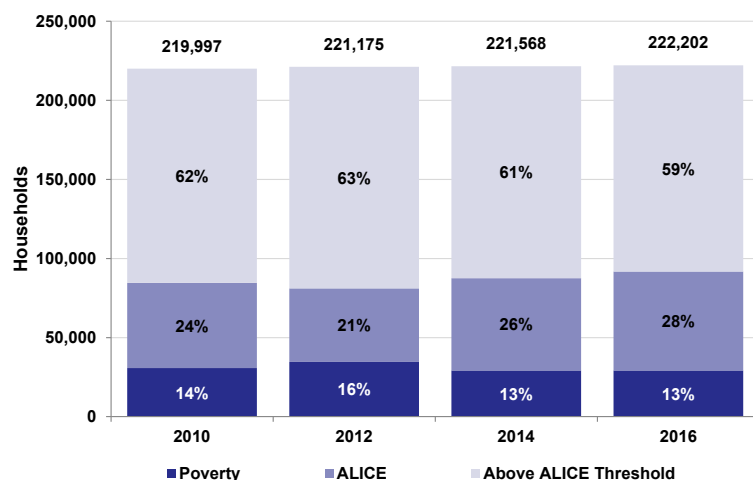
Unemployment Rate: 5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 28% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

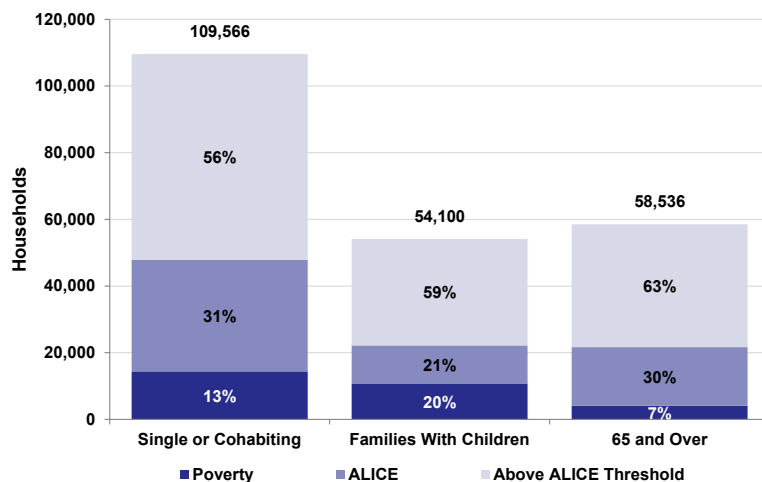
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

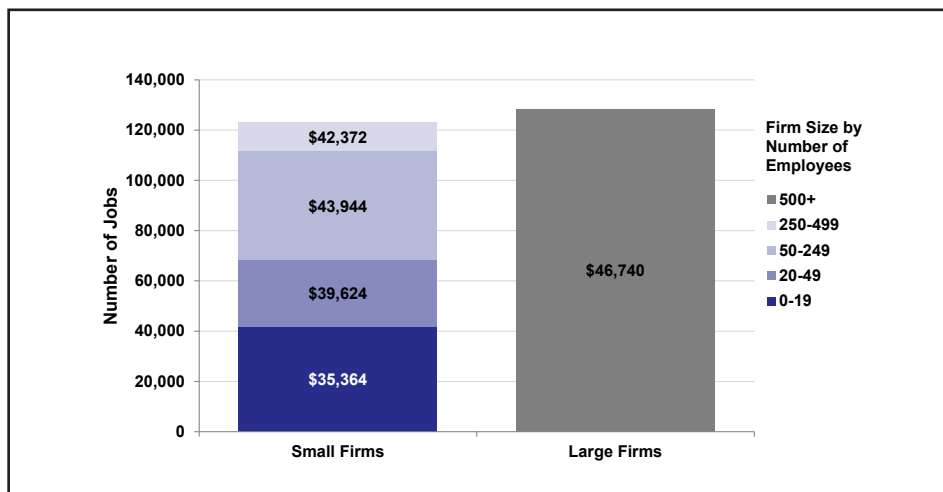
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Summit County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$505	\$786
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$546
Taxes	\$230	\$709
Monthly Total	\$1,689	\$6,003
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,268	\$72,036
Hourly Wage	\$10.13	\$36.02

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Summit County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Akron city	84,385	60%
Barberton city	10,618	54%
Bath	3,589	16%
Boston	576	26%
Boston Heights village	433	13%
Clinton village	489	38%
Copley	6,711	23%
Coventry	4,986	42%
Cuyahoga Falls city	21,517	42%
Fairlawn city	3,316	28%
Green city	10,090	30%
Hudson city	7,830	11%
Lakemore village	1,248	41%
Macedonia city	4,516	18%
Mogadore village	965	36%
Munroe Falls city	2,070	33%
New Franklin city	5,545	25%
Northfield Center	2,202	14%
Northfield village	1,549	41%
Norton city	4,645	31%
Reminderville village	1,473	22%
Richfield	2,362	20%
Sagamore Hills	4,474	26%
Silver Lake village	976	20%
Springfield	5,652	42%
Stow city	14,295	31%
Tallmadge city	6,701	33%
Twinsburg	1,048	29%
Twinsburg city	7,626	28%

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ALICE IN TRUMBULL COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 201,825 • **Number of Households:** 85,799

Median Household Income: 45,552 (state average: \$52,334)

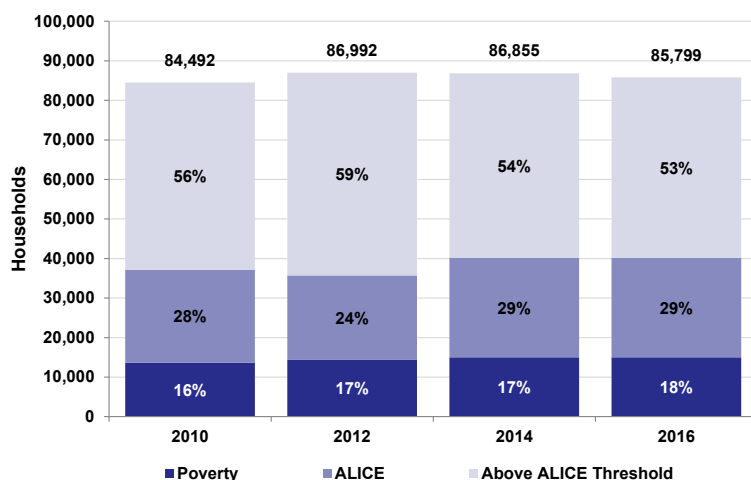
Unemployment Rate: 5.4% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 18% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

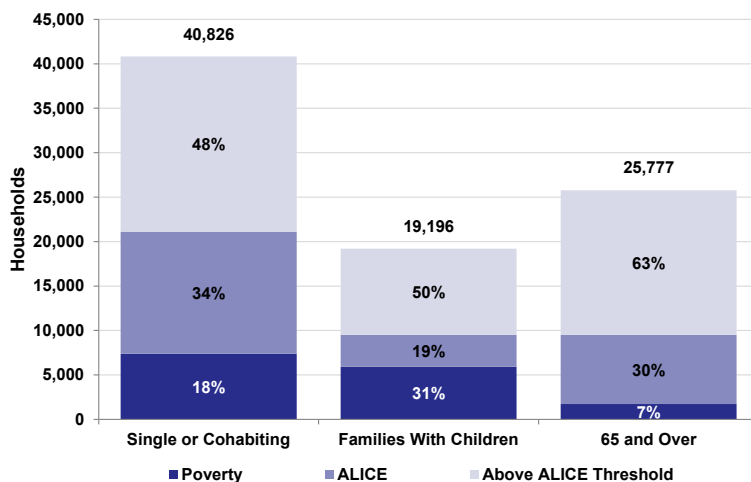
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

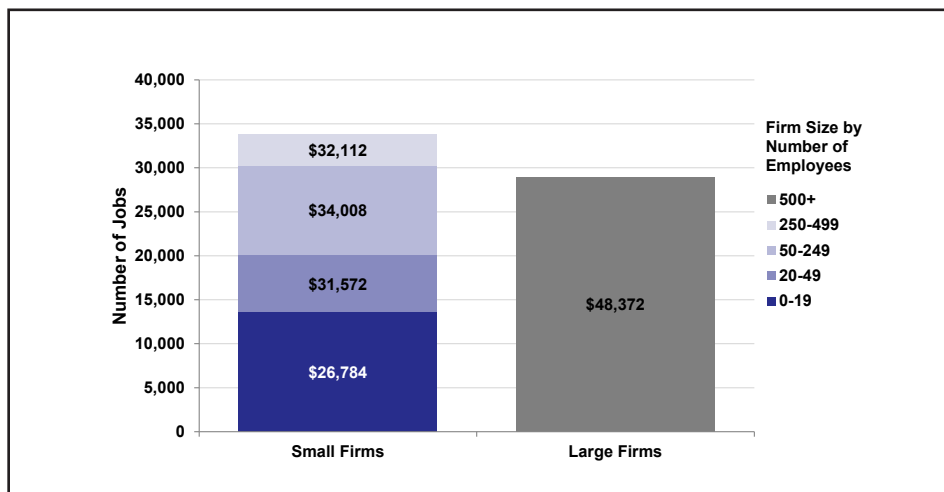
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Trumbull County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$454	\$660
Child Care	\$-	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$147	\$529
Taxes	\$217	\$666
Monthly Total	\$1,618	\$5,817
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,416	\$69,804
Hourly Wage	\$9.71	\$34.90

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Trumbull County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bazetta	2,746	41%
Bloomfield	417	43%
Braceville	1,098	36%
Bristol	1,069	29%
Brookfield	3,736	48%
Champion	3,904	35%
Cortland city	3,059	36%
Farmington	700	34%
Fowler	989	41%
Greene	337	31%
Gustavus	396	33%
Hartford	800	28%
Howland	7,940	36%
Hubbard	5,690	45%
Johnston	714	41%
Kinsman	792	51%
Liberty	9,621	49%
Lordstown village	1,439	35%
McDonald village	1,326	41%
Mecca	1,111	37%
Mesopotamia	677	40%
Newton	4,046	48%
Southington	1,419	34%
Vernon	538	42%
Vienna	1,562	40%
Warren	2,056	54%
Warren city	17,461	65%
Weathersfield	10,792	51%

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ALICE IN TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 92,420 • **Number of Households:** 34,968

Median Household Income: 50,440 (state average: \$52,334)

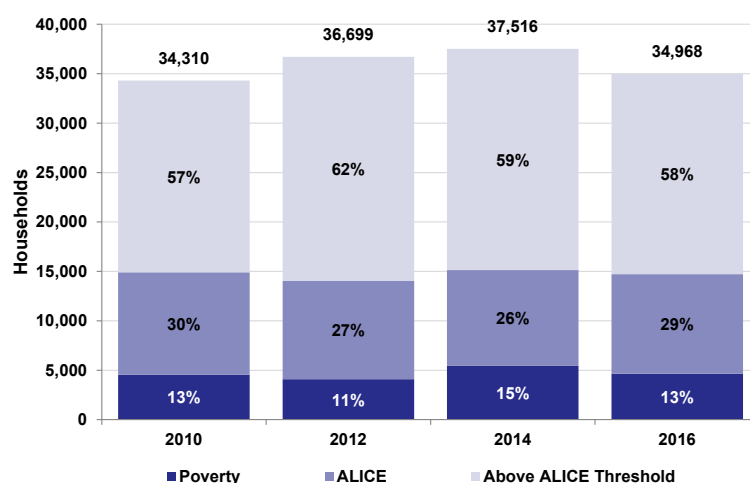
Unemployment Rate: 4.5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

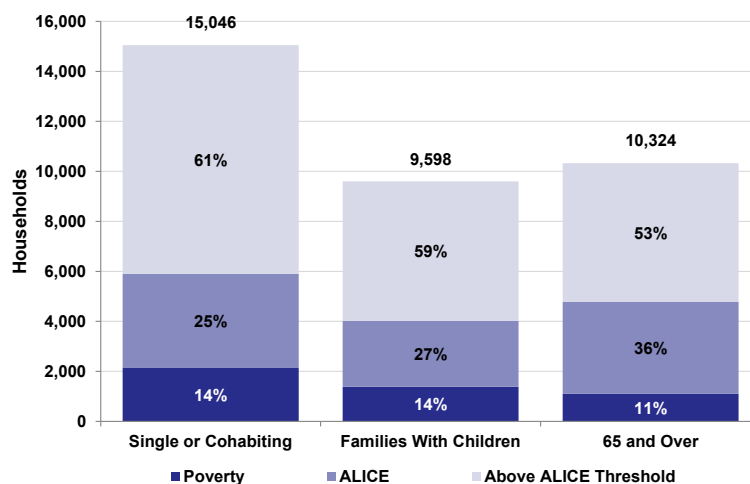
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

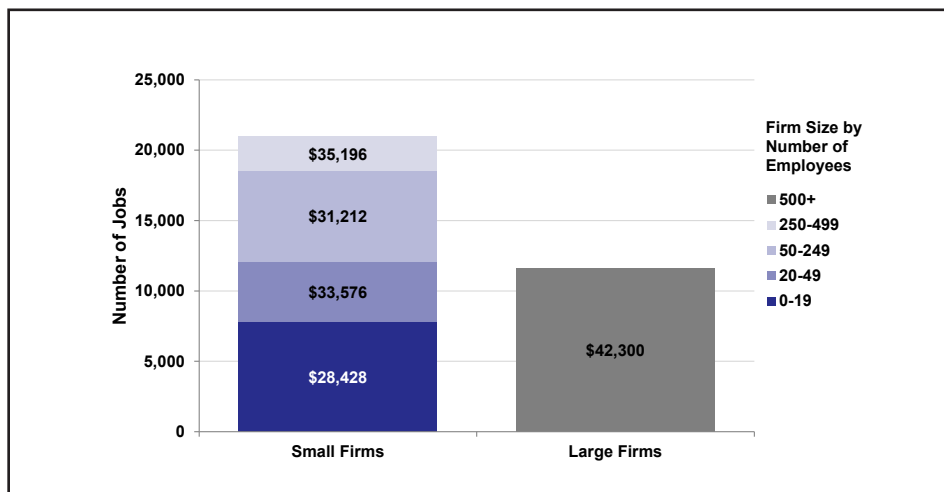
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Tuscarawas County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$461	\$734
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$148	\$458
Taxes	\$219	\$489
Monthly Total	\$1,628	\$5,043
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,536	\$60,516
Hourly Wage	\$9.77	\$30.26

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Tuscarawas County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Auburn	355	25%
Bucks	583	36%
Clay	725	33%
Dover	1,952	44%
Dover city	5,190	44%
Fairfield	440	17%
Franklin	2,007	38%
Goshen	2,037	41%
Jefferson	357	36%
Lawrence	2,224	28%
Mill	3,998	61%
New Philadelphia city	7,037	51%
Oxford	1,832	54%
Perry	131	28%
Rush	286	47%
Salem	671	35%
Sandy	1,235	47%
Sugar Creek	1,502	40%
Union	632	43%
Warren	560	47%
Warwick	1,167	43%
Washington	280	42%
Wayne	650	38%
York	474	41%

Note: Municipal-level data on this page is for County Subdivisions. Municipal-level data relies on 5-year averages and is not available for the smallest towns. Since there are missing geographies, totals will not match county-level numbers.

ALICE IN UNION COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 53,955 • **Number of Households:** 18,798

Median Household Income: 71,282 (state average: \$52,334)

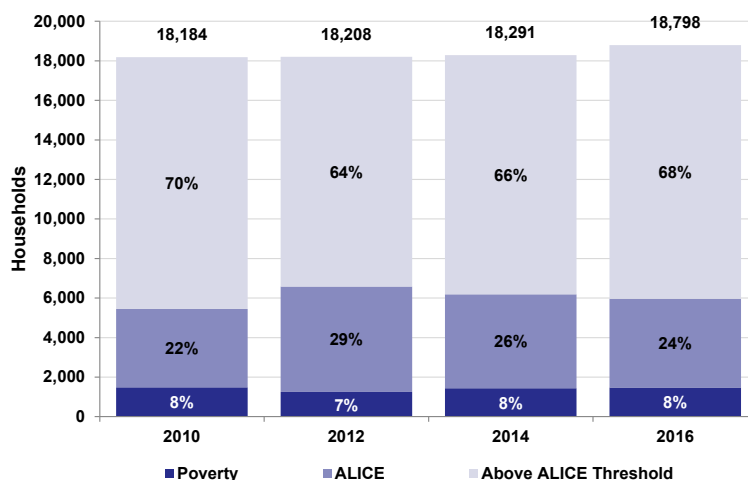
Unemployment Rate: 3.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 24% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 8% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

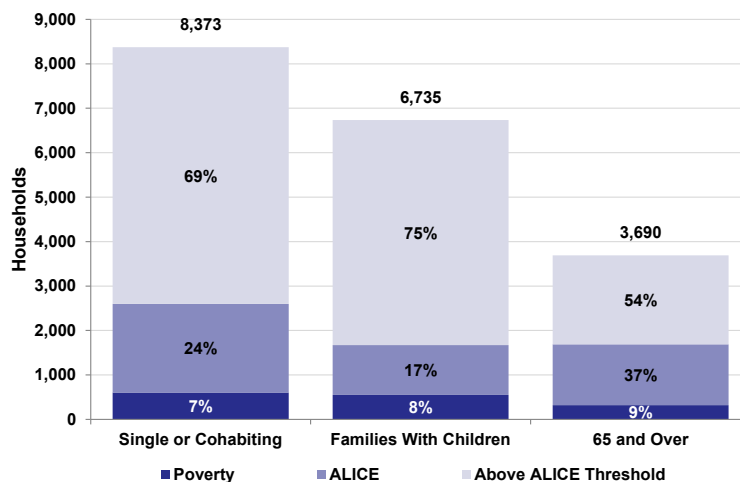
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

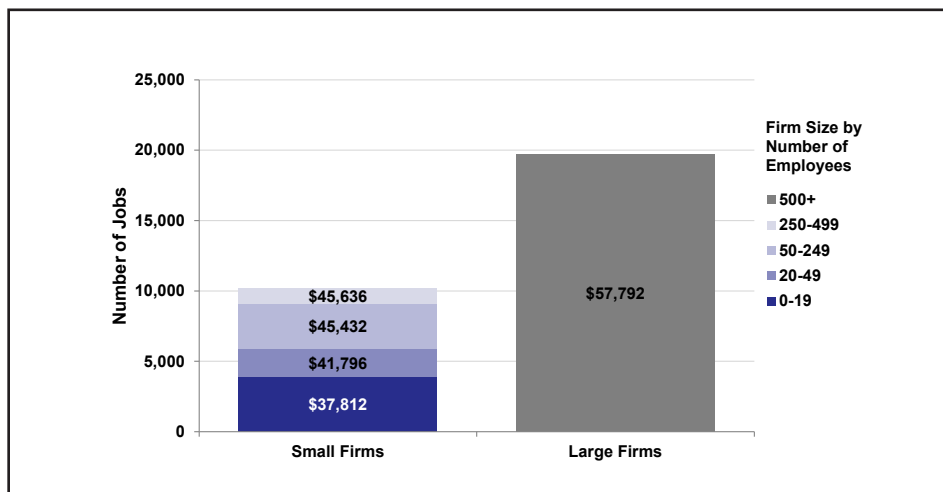
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Union County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$528	\$809
Child Care	\$—	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$157	\$494
Taxes	\$237	\$578
Monthly Total	\$1,722	\$5,431
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,664	\$65,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.33	\$32.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Union County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Allen	825	17%
Claibourne	1,391	50%
Darby	801	38%
Dover	1,027	26%
Jackson	322	25%
Jerome	2,556	15%
Leesburg	631	33%
Liberty	675	27%
Millcreek	414	8%
Paris	8,156	39%
Taylor	617	27%
Union	584	27%
Washington	321	35%
York	478	24%

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ALICE IN VAN WERT COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 28501 • **Number of Households:** 11,427

Median Household Income: 50,547 (state average: \$52,334)

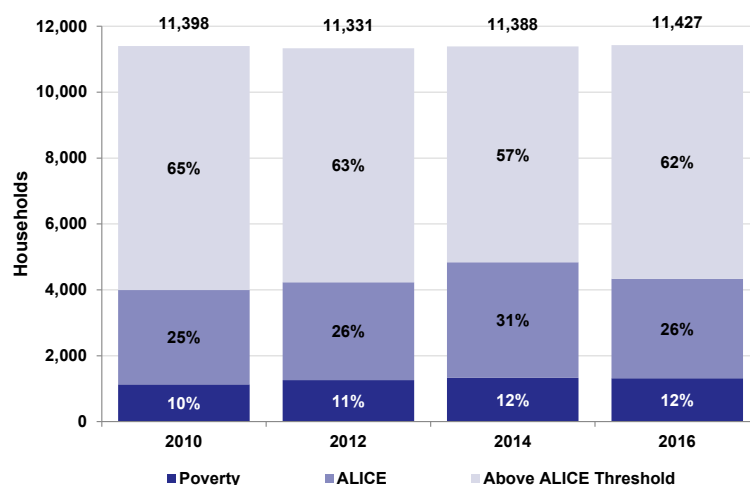
Unemployment Rate: 5.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 26% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

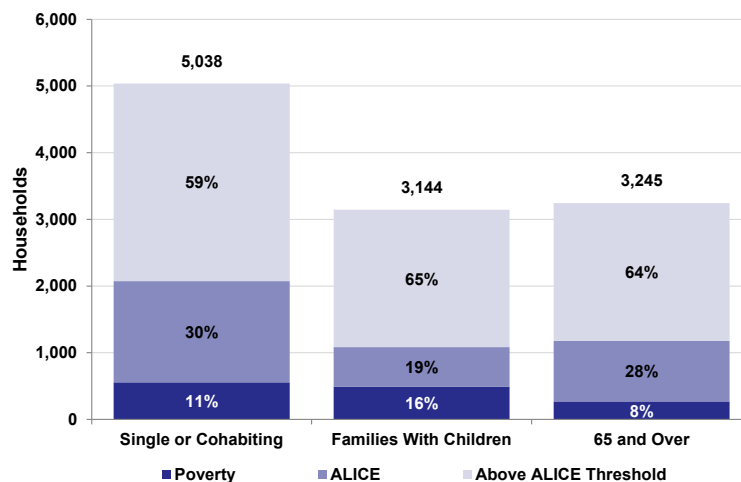
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

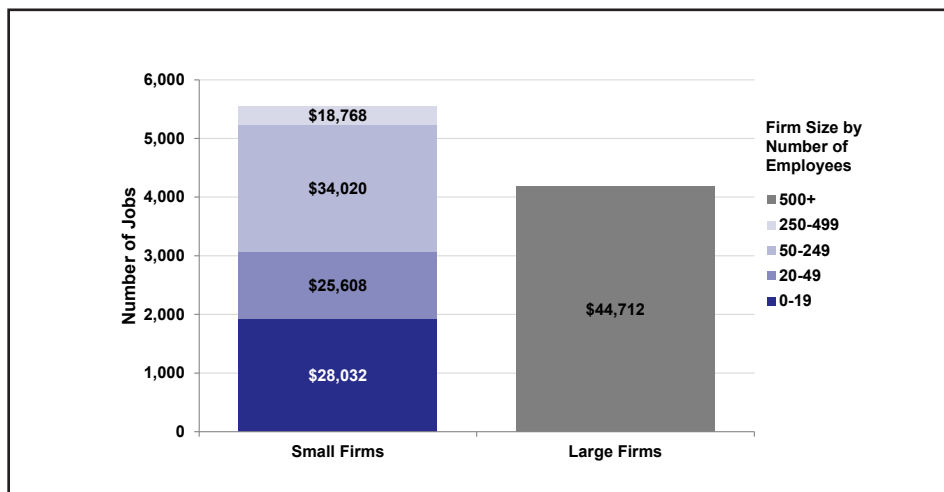
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Van Wert County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Van Wert County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Harrison	408	26%
Hoaglin	233	45%
Jackson	190	19%
Jennings	271	35%
Liberty	615	39%
Pleasant	4,277	47%
Ridge	1,361	29%
Tully	733	32%
Union	336	12%
Washington	2,005	36%
Willshire	617	31%
York	381	48%

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ALICE IN VINTON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 13128 • **Number of Households:** 4,942

Median Household Income: 41,080 (state average: \$52,334)

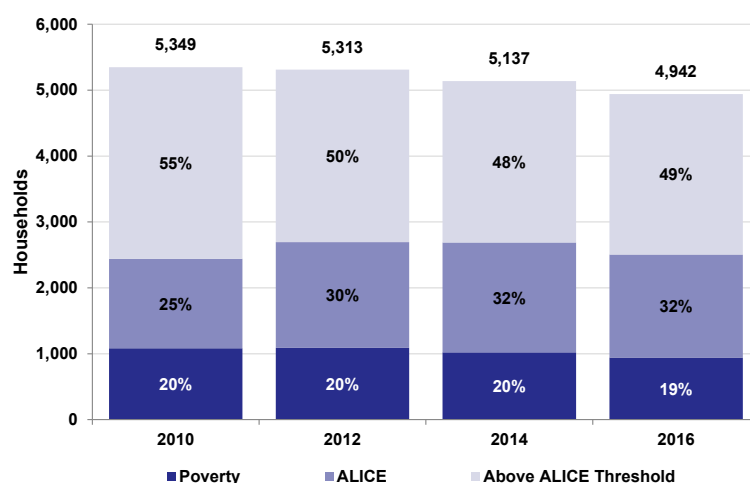
Unemployment Rate: 10.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 32% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 19% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

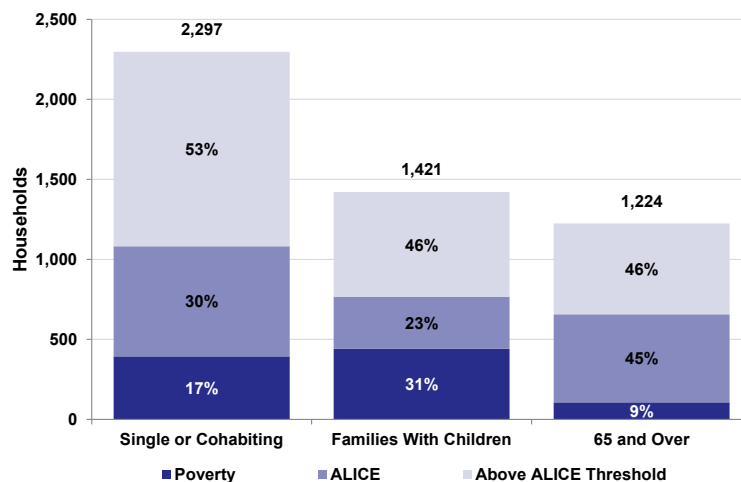
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

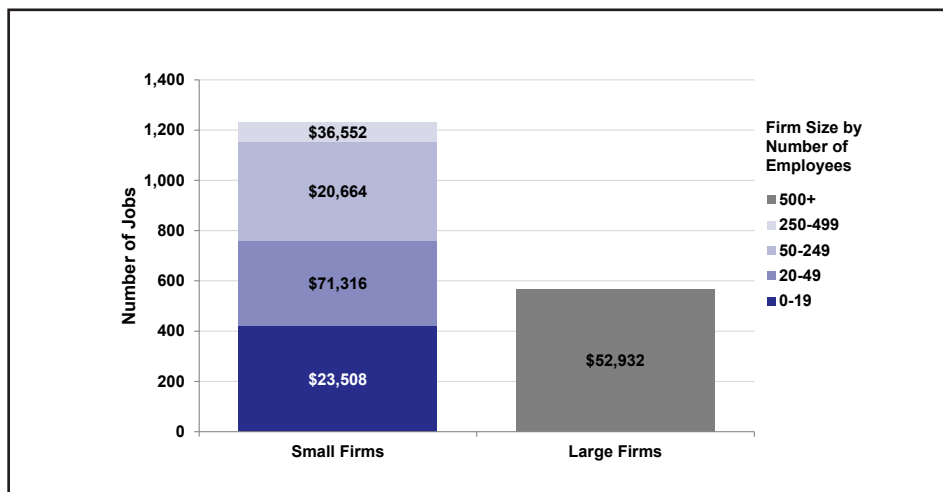
Household Survival Budget, Vinton County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

Vinton County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Clinton	708	64%
Eagle	192	63%
Elk	1,188	46%
Harrison	430	35%
Jackson	295	64%
Knox	223	54%
Madison	277	32%
Richland	617	53%
Swan	344	42%
Vinton	202	60%
Wilkesville	405	58%

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

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ALICE IN WARREN COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 227,063 • **Number of Households:** 82,404

Median Household Income: 80,207 (state average: \$52,334)

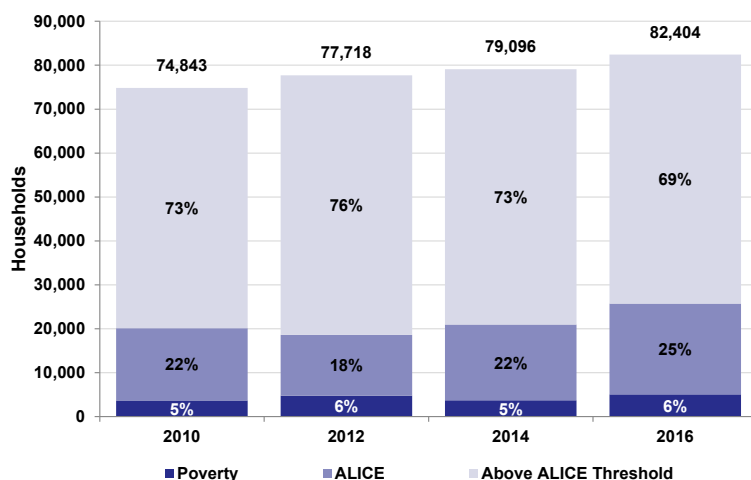
Unemployment Rate: 3.2% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 6% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

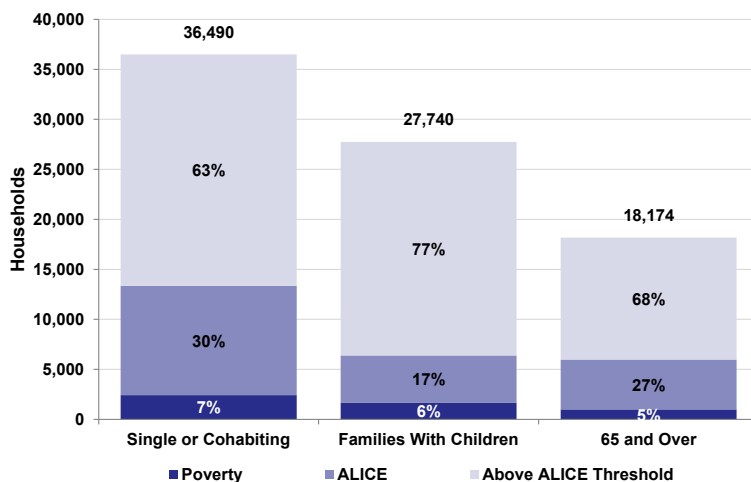
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

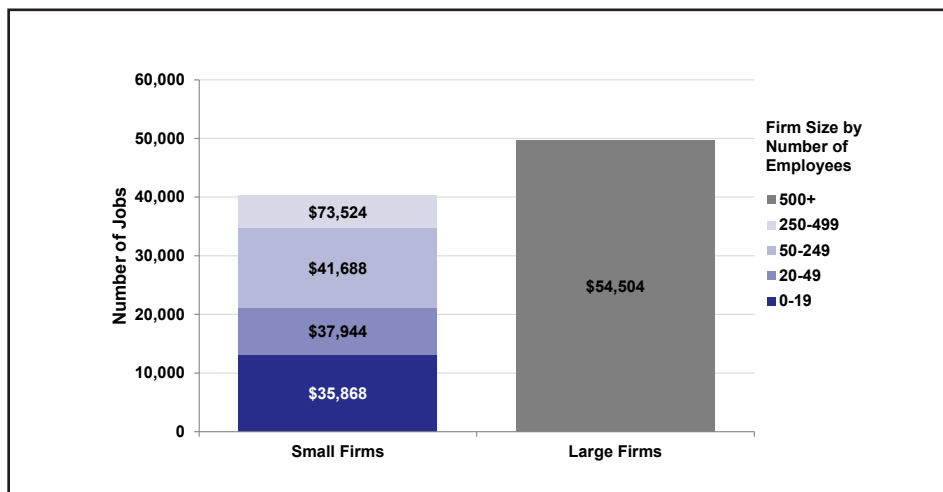
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Warren County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$509	\$787
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$154	\$546
Taxes	\$231	\$709
Monthly Total	\$1,694	\$6,004
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,328	\$72,048
Hourly Wage	\$10.16	\$36.02

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Warren County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Clear Creek	10,736	18%
Deerfield	14,216	27%
Franklin	12,177	47%
Hamilton	8,580	22%
Harlan	1,690	27%
Lebanon city	7,279	44%
Loveland city	294	8%
Mason city	12,009	25%
Massie	512	39%
Salem	1,754	43%
Turtlecreek	3,950	27%
Union	1,744	47%
Washington	1,110	39%
Wayne	3,415	37%

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ALICE IN WASHINGTON COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 61,154 • **Number of Households:** 25,306

Median Household Income: 44,763 (state average: \$52,334)

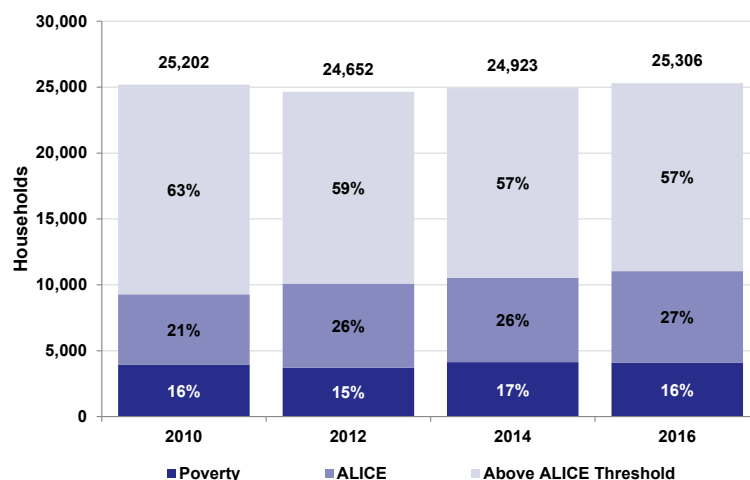
Unemployment Rate: 4.7% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 27% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 16% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

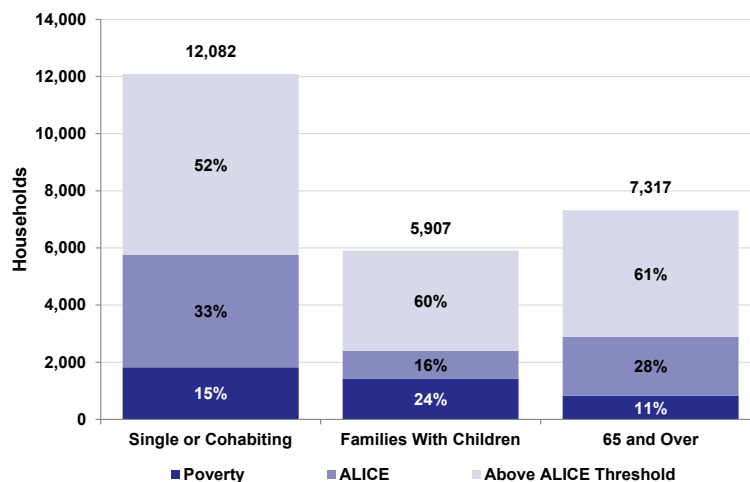
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Washington County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$470	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$221	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,640	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,680	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.84	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Washington County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Adams	682	46%
Aurelius	222	49%
Barlow	938	34%
Belpre	1,609	38%
Belpre city	3,068	50%
Decatur	536	28%
Dunham	838	38%
Fairfield	423	27%
Fearing	349	19%
Grandview	673	54%
Independence	135	39%
Lawrence	381	69%
Liberty	267	14%
Marietta	1,942	47%
Marietta city	5,876	57%
Muskingum	1,764	25%
Newport	936	38%
Palmer	216	29%
Salem	496	38%
Warren	1,507	36%
Waterford	1,447	38%
Watertown	534	22%
Wesley	379	62%

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ALICE IN WAYNE COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 116,470 • **Number of Households:** 43,277

Median Household Income: 53,434 (state average: \$52,334)

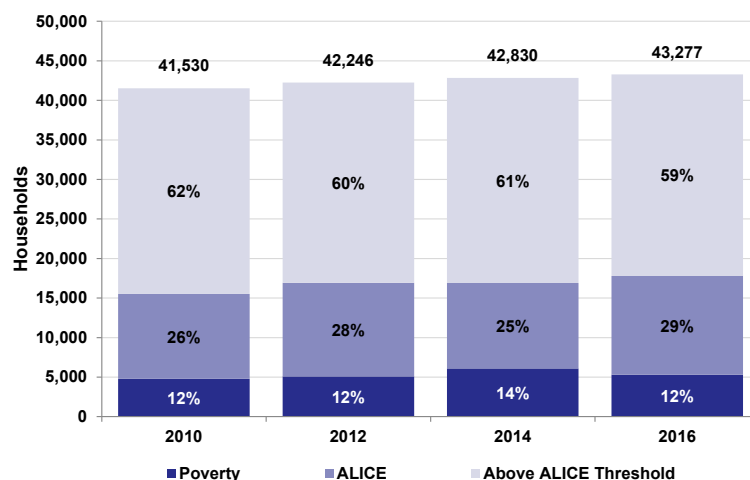
Unemployment Rate: 3.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

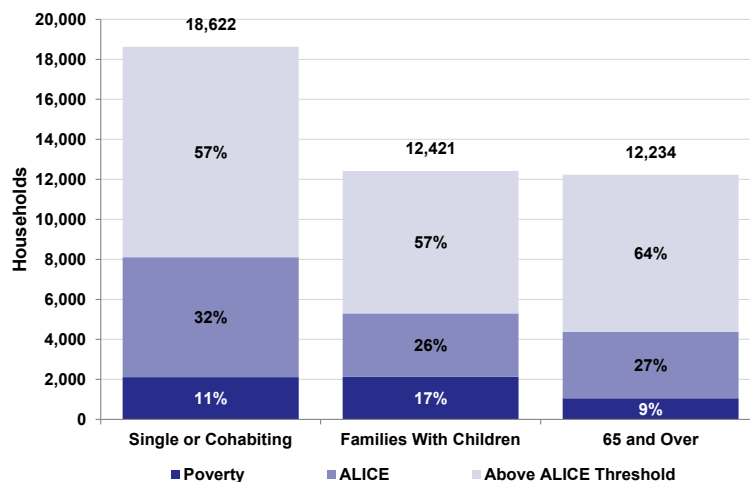
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

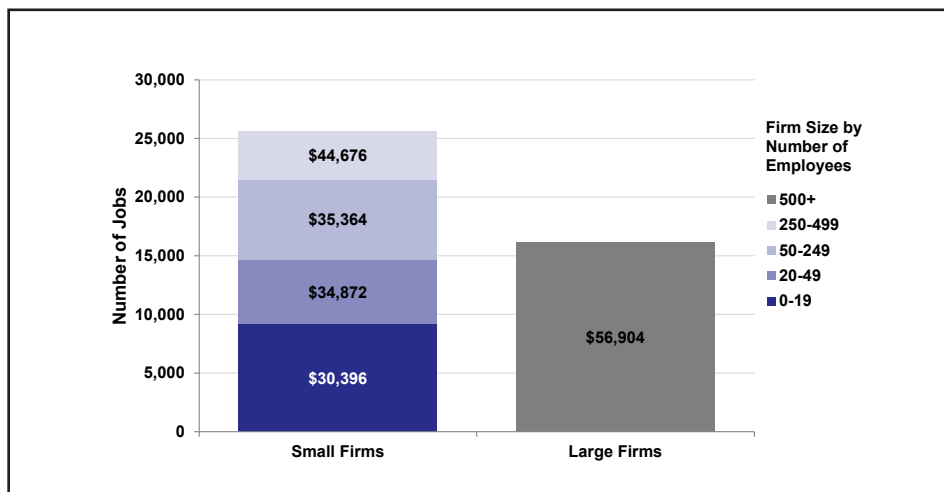
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Wayne County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$685
Child Care	\$-	\$1,375
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$477
Taxes	\$220	\$536
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$5,248
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$62,976
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$31.49

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Wayne County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Baughman	1,739	36%
Canaan	1,718	42%
Chester	1,086	25%
Chippewa	4,046	33%
Clinton	1,167	37%
Congress	1,699	48%
East Union	2,201	43%
Franklin	1,296	36%
Green	4,801	43%
Milton	1,094	38%
Paint	776	43%
Plain	1,196	30%
Rittman city	2,448	52%
Salt Creek	1,051	45%
Sugar Creek	2,182	31%
Wayne	1,593	32%
Wooster	2,101	39%
Wooster city	10,843	52%

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ALICE IN WILLIAMS COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 37,270 • **Number of Households:** 15,077

Median Household Income: 45,044 (state average: \$52,334)

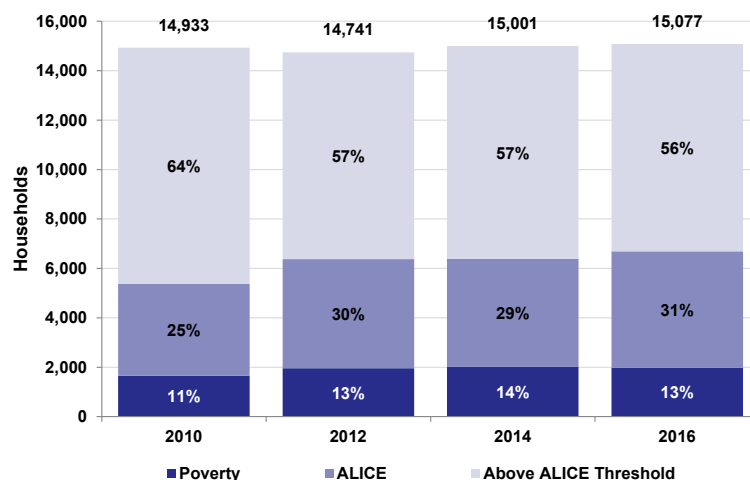
Unemployment Rate: 5.8% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 31% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 13% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

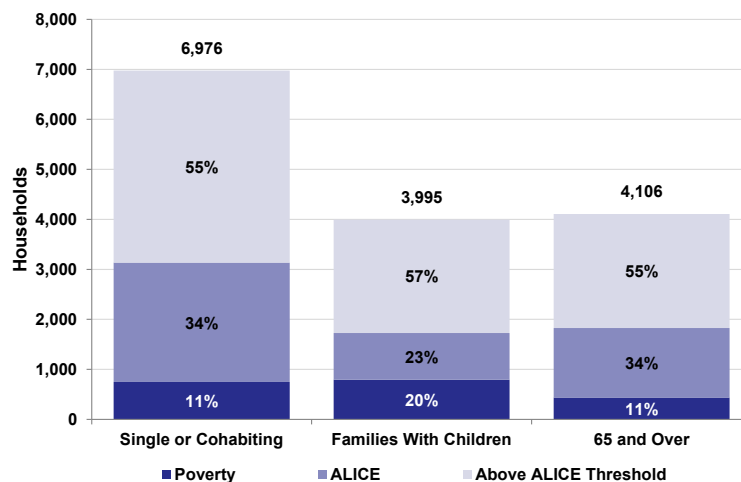
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

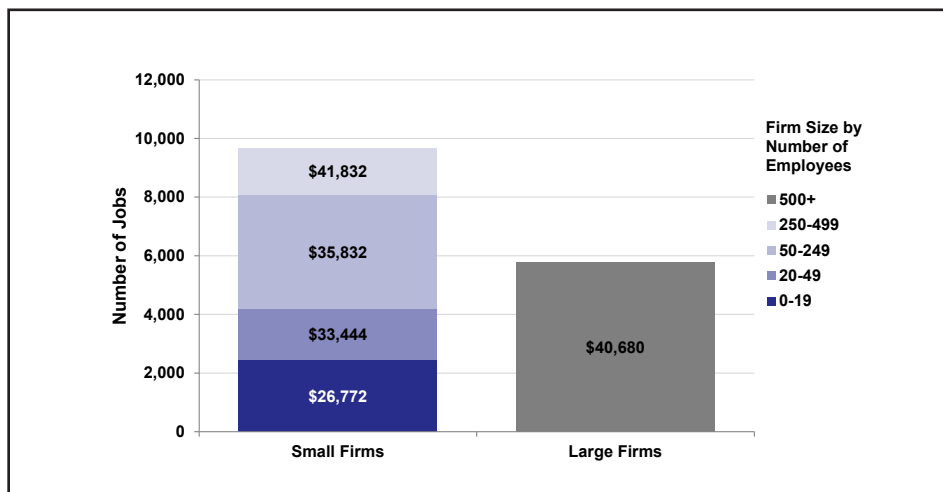
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Williams County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$467	\$658
Child Care	\$-	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$149	\$448
Taxes	\$220	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,636	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,632	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$9.82	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Williams County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Brady	1,054	50%
Bridgewater	608	22%
Bryan city	3,721	56%
Center	1,095	28%
Florence	823	43%
Jefferson	669	30%
Madison	335	39%
Mill Creek	330	48%
Montpelier village	1,649	50%
Northwest	549	60%
Pioneer village	742	49%
Pulaski	932	44%
Springfield	862	31%
St. Joseph	1,163	40%
Superior	545	21%

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ALICE IN WOOD COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 130,219 • **Number of Households:** 50,175

Median Household Income: 60,166 (state average: \$52,334)

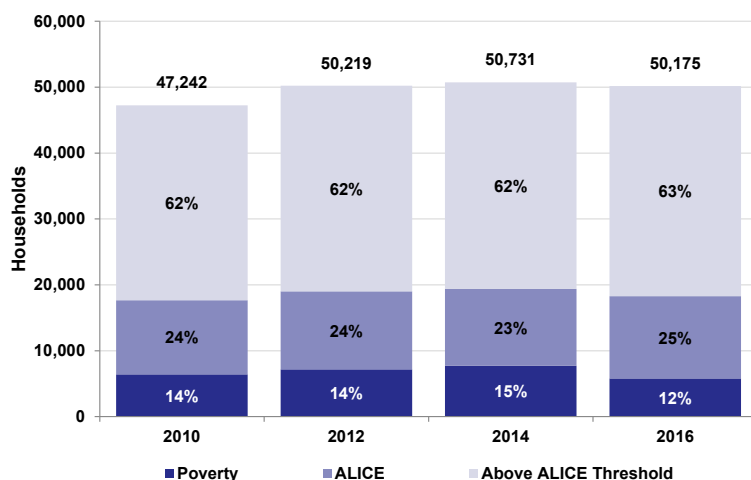
Unemployment Rate: 3.9% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 25% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

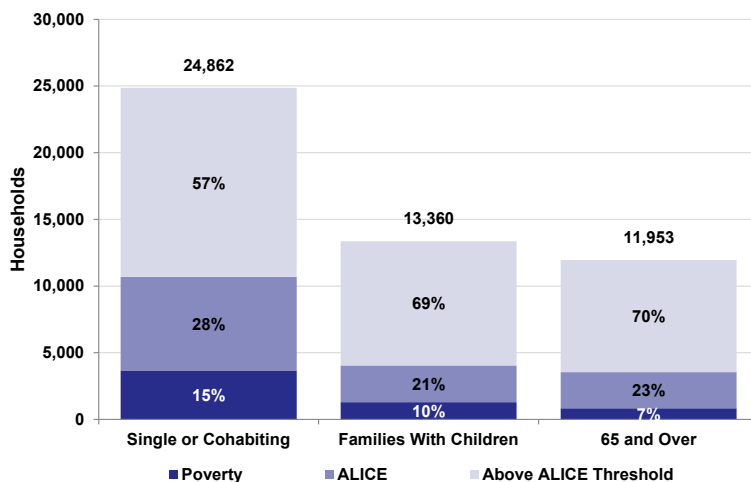
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

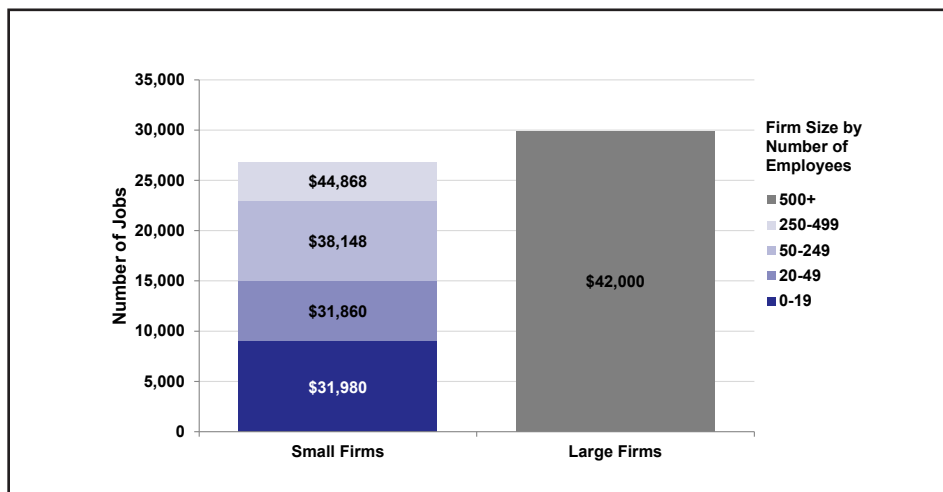
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Wood County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$435	\$695
Child Care	\$—	\$1,787
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$145	\$534
Taxes	\$212	\$678
Monthly Total	\$1,592	\$5,869
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$19,104	\$70,428
Hourly Wage	\$9.55	\$35.21

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Wood County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Bloom	974	31%
Bowling Green city	11,251	59%
Center	456	18%
Fostoria city	497	71%
Freedom	1,052	27%
Grand Rapids	603	30%
Henry	1,600	45%
Jackson	302	50%
Lake	4,814	38%
Liberty	711	45%
Middleton	1,610	20%
Milton	411	33%
Montgomery	1,728	47%
Northwood city	2,179	37%
Perry	640	34%
Perrysburg	5,415	39%
Perrysburg city	8,415	23%
Plain	481	13%
Portage	622	25%
Rossford city	2,706	33%
Troy	1,518	44%
Washington	746	15%
Webster	398	18%
Weston	896	43%

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ALICE IN WYANDOT COUNTY

2016 Point-in-Time Data

Population: 22359 • **Number of Households:** 9,144

Median Household Income: 50,723 (state average: \$52,334)

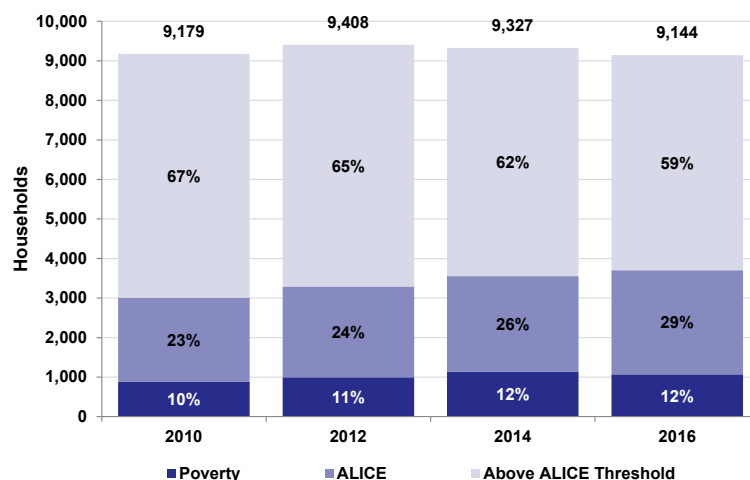
Unemployment Rate: 5.5% (state average: 5.7%)

ALICE Households: 29% (state average: 28%) • **Households in Poverty:** 12% (state average: 14%)

How has the number of ALICE households changed over time?

ALICE is an acronym for Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed – households that earn more than the Federal Poverty Level, but less than the basic cost of living for the county (the ALICE Threshold). Combined, the number of ALICE and poverty-level households equals the total population struggling to afford basic needs. The number of households below the ALICE Threshold changes over time; households move in and out of poverty and ALICE status as their circumstances improve or worsen. The recovery, which started in 2010, has been uneven across the state. Conditions have improved for some families, but with rising costs, many still find themselves struggling.

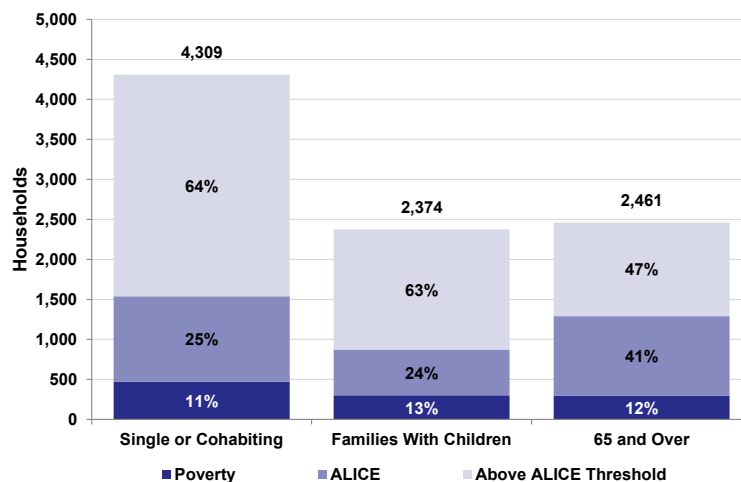
Households by Income, 2010 to 2016



What types of households are struggling?

The way Americans live is changing. There are more different family and living combinations than ever before, including more adults living alone, with roommates, or with their parents. Families with children are changing: There are more non-married cohabiting parents, same-sex parents, and blended families with remarried parents. The number of senior households is also increasing. Yet all types of households continue to struggle: ALICE and poverty-level households exist across all of these living arrangements.

Household Types by Income, 2016



Why do so many households struggle?

The cost of living continues to increase...

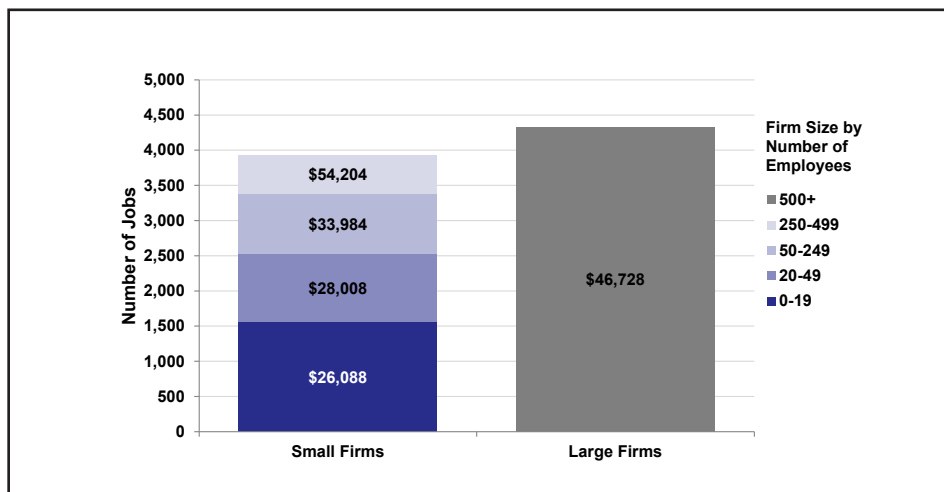
The Household Survival Budget reflects the bare minimum that a household needs to live and work today. It does not include savings for emergencies or future goals like college. In 2016, costs were well above the Federal Poverty Level of \$11,880 for a single adult and \$24,300 for a family of four. Family costs increased by 26 percent statewide from 2010 to 2016, compared to 9 percent inflation nationally.

Household Survival Budget, Wyandot County		
	SINGLE ADULT	2 ADULTS, 1 INFANT, 1 PRESCHOOLER
Monthly Costs		
Housing	\$542	\$658
Child Care	\$—	\$1,187
Food	\$182	\$603
Transportation	\$349	\$697
Health Care	\$214	\$800
Technology	\$55	\$75
Miscellaneous	\$158	\$448
Taxes	\$242	\$463
Monthly Total	\$1,742	\$4,931
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$20,904	\$59,172
Hourly Wage	\$10.45	\$29.59

...and wages lag behind

Employment and wages vary by location; firms generally pay higher wages in areas with a higher cost of living, although those wages still do not always cover basic needs. Employment and wages also vary by firm size: Large firms tend to offer higher wages and more job stability; smaller businesses can account for more jobs overall, especially in rural areas, but may pay less and offer less stability. Medium-size firms pay more but typically employ the fewest workers.

Private-Sector Employment by Firm Size With Average Annual Wages, 2016



Sources: 2016 Point-in-Time Data: American Community Survey. ALICE Demographics: American Community Survey; the ALICE Threshold. Budget: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Bureau of Labor Statistics; Internal Revenue Service; Tax Foundation; and Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, 2016.

Wyandot County, 2016		
Town	Total HH	% ALICE & Poverty
Antrim	532	45%
Crane	3,296	49%
Crawford	1,874	36%
Eden	385	37%
Jackson	216	33%
Marseilles	137	14%
Mifflin	279	32%
Pitt	368	31%
Richland	365	37%
Ridge	168	35%
Salem	429	32%
Sycamore	699	39%
Tymochtee	396	32%

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